

TRAINING FACTORY INDUSTRY 4.0

Activity booklet

Contents

Introduction	р. 4
Industry 4.0 New developments for Training Factory Industry 4.04.0	р. 6
Getting started	p. 8
The individual factory components	р. 9
Vacuum Suction Gripper 24V (VGR)	р. 9
Automated high-bay warehouse 24V (HBW)	p.10
Environmental sensor	p.10
Multi-processing station with kiln 24V (MPO)	p.11
Sorting line with colour recognition 24V (SLD)	p.12
Environmental station with surveillance camera 24V (SSC)	p.14
Surveillance camera in multi-processing station	p.15
Environmental sensor and photo resistance in high-bay warehouse	p.15
Input/output station with colour detection and NFC Reader 24V (SSC)	p.15
TXT controller with adapter board	p.16
Factory status display	p.16
Block diagram of the factory	p.17
Network structure of the factory	p.18
Commissioning and adapting the SIMATIC controller CPU1512SP	p.19
Commissioning and adapting the SIMATIC controller CPU1516F	
with ET200SP on PROFINET IRT	p.35
Connecting the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 to the Internet	p.55
Connecting the nano Router TP-Link (WR802N) in WISP mode	p.55
Training Factory Industry 4.0dashboard in the fischertechnik cloud	p.66
User log-in	p.66
Cloud connection	p.67
Factory dashboard	p.69
Dashboard camera	p.72
Environmental station dashboard	p.73
Operating the factory with the fischertechnik cloud	p.76
Task 1	p.77
Task 2	p.78
Task 3	p.81
Task 4	p.81
Task 5	p.82
Task 6	p.84
Task 7	p.85
Task 8	p.86



p.87
p.92
p.98
p.109
p.123
p.124
p.134
p.136
p.138
p.140
p.142
p.145

Introduction



Digitisation in industrial production calls for stronger networking and smarter information at all levels of production. With fischertechnik Training Factory Industry 4.04.0, these digitisation activities can be simulated, learned and applied on a small scale before they are implemented on a large scale.

A highly flexible, modular, inexpensive and robust training and simulation model which is extremely easy to use.

The fischertechnik learning environment can be used to learn about and comprehend Industry 4.0 applications in vocational school and training applications, and can also be used for research, teaching and development at universities in companies and in IT departments. The simulation depicts the ordering process, the production process and the delivery process in digitised and networked process steps.

It consists of factory modules like storage and retrieval stations, vacuum suction grippers, high-bay warehouse, multi-processing station with kiln, a sorting section with colour detection, an environmental sensor and a pivoting camera.

After workpieces are ordered via the dashboard in the fischertechnik cloud, they go through the individual factory modules. The current status is shown in the fischertechnik cloud. The integrated environmental sensor reports values for temperature, humidity, air pressure and air quality. The camera sees the entire system through the vertical and horizontal pan range and can thus be used for web-based remote surveillance.







Individual workpieces are tracked using NFC (Near Field Communication): A unique identification number (ID) is assigned to each workpiece. This enables traceability and visibility of the current status of the workpieces in the machining process.

The Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 can be controlled by a SIMATIC S7-1500 programmable logic controller (PLC) made by SIEMENS (not included in the scope of delivery for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0).

Note: Control systems from other manufacturers may also be used. Then, the source codes can be imported to create the programs, depending on the controller used. These are available at:

https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc_training_factory_24v/PLC_SCL_sources

A TXT controller serves as MQTT broker and interface to the fischertechnik cloud. MQTT (Message Queuing Telemetry Transport) is an open message protocol that enables the transmission of data in the form of messages between devices.

Communication between the PLC and TXT controller is carried out using an IoT gateway via OPC UA. OPC UA (OPC Unified Architecture) is a standard for exchanging data across different platforms.





Industry 4.0 New developments for Training Factory Industry 4.04.0



The popular, fully-automated fischertechnik factory simulation is the basis for developing Training Factory Industry 4.04.0. Here is a link to a video for anyone interested in the simulation, or anyone just getting started working with it. The video provides a good overview of how the system works:

https://youtu.be/BApxuYIsT_w

The vacuum suction gripper fits the stacker crane with workpieces. This stores the workpieces in the high bay, sorted by colour Next, the workpieces are brought to the multi-processing station where they are processed. Then the machined workpieces are sorted by colour in the sorting line and transported to storage locations. From there, the vacuum suction gripper transports the workpieces back to the high-bay warehouse. This is a **never-ending**, **repetitive cycle**.

New additions to Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 include:

- Additional input/output station with quality control
- Sensor station with integrated camera and environmental sensor _
- A SIEMENS-SPS SIMATIC S7-1500 as controller _ (not included in the scope of delivery for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0)
- Example programs written in standard language for SIMATIC S7-1500 _
- Connecting to the fischertechnik cloud
- A TXT controller as MQTT broker and interface to the fischertechnik cloud
- IoT gateway (Raspberry Pi) with Node-RED
- Using NFC/RFID to identify workpieces _
- Integrated WiFi router
- Presenting and using data on a dashboard in the fischertechnik cloud -
- Displaying data and calibrating the stations in a Node-RED dashboard -
- Displaying the current system status via a traffic light _

The individual innovations are explained in more detail in the following chapters.

Software for the SIEMENS PLC SIMATIC S7-1500

The SIMATIC S7-1500 is programmed using version 16 of the TIA portal and the programming language structured text (ST or SCL)

Software for TXT controller: C/C++ API programming interface

The software applications are written in C/C++ and are already loaded on the controller in the ready-to-

start status. The corresponding C/C++ library and the API are published on Github:

https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc_training_factory_24v.

This library can be used to write customised C/C++ programs for the learning factory.

Software for the IoT gateway

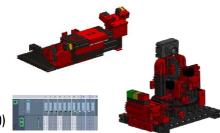
A finished Node-RED application is already loaded onto the IoT gateway.

Node-RED is available here as open-source software from the OpenJS Foundation:

https://nodered.org.









First steps

After carefully unpacking the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 and removing the transport lock, visually inspect for any transport components that have become loose or damaged. If necessary, put loose components back in the right place. Compare your model with the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 comparison images, which are stored on the eLearning website. Make sure that all cables and hoses are connected. You can use the assignment diagrams to connect cables that are not connected correctly.

Connect the Training Factory Industry 4.0adapter boards to the PLC. You can do so either using ribbon cables to the corresponding 34-pin ST1 connections, or via terminals.

Note: Further details on fitting the adapter boards are provided in th section **Factory module assignment plans**.

Complete the network connections between the PLC SIMATIC S7-1500, nano Router TP-link, IOT Gateway (Raspberry Pi) and, optionally, with the Browser PC. **Note:** See also the section **Factory system network structure**

Once any errors have been corrected, plug the PLC power supply into the mains power. It is best to use an outlet strip with mains power switch. This allows you to switch the system on and off.

Switch it on to test the PLC and TXT controller (ON/OFF). If everything works, the display should go on, the PLC and TXT controller should start up and the indicator lights should be illuminated.

Finally, load the high-bay warehouse with the 9 empty black containers included in the delivery.









The individual factory components

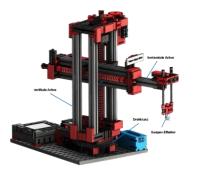
This chapter introduces the individual factory components and briefly explains their function.

What are robots?

The Association of German Engineers (VDI) defines industrial robots in VDI Guideline 2860 as follows:

"Industrial robots are universally applicable multi-axis motion machines whose movements with respect to movement sequence and paths or angles are freely programmable and, if necessary, sensor-guided (i.e., without mechanical or human intervention). They can be equipped with grippers, tools or other means of production and can perform handling and/or manufacturing tasks".

Vacuum Suction Gripper 24V (VGR)



The 3-axis robot with vacuum suction gripper positions workpieces quickly and precisely in three-dimensional space. Workspace: X-axis 270°, Y-axis (forward/backward) 140 mm, Z-axis (up/down) 120 mm. The 3D vacuum suction gripper, therefore, is an industrial robot that can be used for handling tasks. The vacuum gripper picks up workpieces and move them within a working space. This



Buttons



Encoder engine



Compressor



Cylinder



3/2-way solenoid valve



working space is based on the robot's kinematic structure and defines the area that the robot effector can work within.

In the case of the vacuum suction pad, the vacuum unit is the effector and the working space corresponds to a hollow cylinder whose vertical axis coincides with the robot's axis rotation.

The geometric shape of the working space is based on the kinematic structure, which is show in the illustration and which is composed of a rotary and two translational axes.

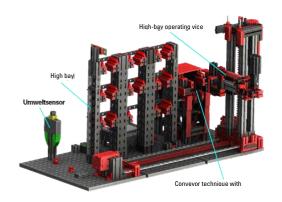
The typical work order for this kind of robot can be subdivided into the following work steps

- Positioning of the suction gripper on the workpiece
- Mounting the workpiece
- Transporting the workpiece within the work area
- Depositing the workpiece

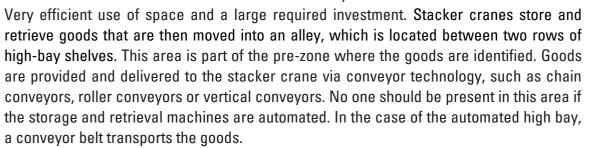
Positioning the suction gripper or transporting the workpiece can be defined as a point-to-p a continuous path. Controlling the individual axes takes place sequentially and/or in parallel influenced by workspace obstacles that exist in the workspace or by predefined interm suction gripper is controlled using a 3/2-way solenoid valve and two coupled pneumatic cr vacuum pressure.

Automated high-bay warehouse 24V (HBW)

What is a high-bay warehouse?



A high-bay warehouse is a storage area that saves space and allows computer-aided storage and retrieval of goods. In most cases, high-bay warehouses are designed as palletwarehouses. rack This standardisation ensures high а degree of automation and allows for connection to an ERP system (enterprise resource planning). Highbay warehouses include



Environment sensor

The environmental sensor was built on the base plate of the high-bay warehouse for space reasons. The electrical connections, however, are on the TXT controller.



Photo-transistor







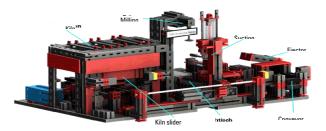
Mini motor



Encoder engine



Multi-processing station with kiln 24V (MPO)



The workpiece automatically passes through several stations that simulate different processes in the multi-processing station with kiln. Different conveyor technologies, such as a conveyor belt,

turntable and a vacuum suction gripper are used. The machining process starts with the kiln. To initiate processing, the workpiece is placed on the oven pusher. In doing so, the photoelectric barrier is interrupted, which causes the kiln door to open and then retract the kiln slider. At the same time, the vacuum suction gripper, which brings the workpiece to the turntable after the firing process, is requested. Following the firing process, the kiln gate is reopened and the oven slide re-extended. The positioned vacuum suction gripper that is already in place picks the workpiece up, transports it to the turntable and places it there. The turntable positions the workpiece under the miller, lingers there for the machining time and then moves the workpiece to the pneumatically-actuated ejector. The ejector pushes the workpiece onto the conveyor belt, which conveys the workpiece to a photoelectric barrier and then to the sorting system. Passing through the photoelectric barrier causes the turntable to return to its original position and for the conveyor belt to stop with a time delay.

The program runs in parallel. The system is divided into the three units: Kiln, vacuum suction gripper, and turntable. The individual processes communicate with one another, ensuring, for instance, that no collisions occur.

For example, the kiln triggers the movement of the vacuum suction gripper at two points in the program sequence, which ensures that the vacuum suction gripper is not only in the right spot at the right time, but also that it does not reach into the void. Likewise, the turntable is activated after the workpiece has been deposited by the vacuum suction gripper.



Mini motor

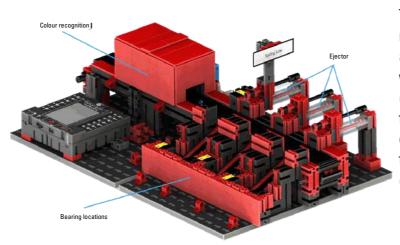


Cylinder



3/2-way solenoid valve

Sorting line with colour recognition 24V (SLD)



The sorting line with colour recognition is used to automatically separate workpieces of different colours. Components with the same geometry but of different colours are fed to the conveyor belt via a colour sensor





3/2-way solenoid valve







Photo-transistor



Colour sensor



Mini motor

and then separated by colour. A motor drives the conveyor belt and an impulse sensor measures the conveying path. Pneumatic cylinders, which are assigned to the corresponding storage locations and operated by solenoid valves, eject the workpieces. Several photoelectric barriers control the flow of the workpieces and whether there are workpieces in the storage locations.

Colour detection is carried out using an optical colour sensor that emits light, and determines the colour of a surface based on reflections from the surface. Thus, the colour sensor is strictly a reflection sensor that indicates how well a surface reflects light. The measured value of the sensor is therefore not proportional to the wavelength of the measured colour and assigning colour coordinates or colour spaces (for example RGB or CMYK) is not possible. In addition to an object's colour, ambient light, the object's surface and the distance of the object from the sensor affect the quality of the reflection. This is why it is critical that the colour sensor is protected from ambient light and the surfaces of the objects are comparable.

It is also important that the sensor is installed perpendicular to the surface of the object. Distinguishing among the coloured workpieces is done in thresholds that compare the measured values of the individual colours against each other. Since the value ranges of different colour sensors differ, these limit values must be adjusted.

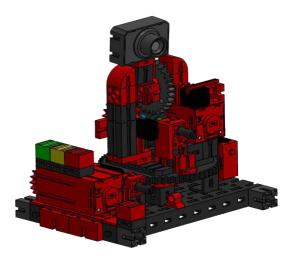
Both the process and the conveyor belt start if a workpiece is placed on the conveyor belt and the workpiece interrupts the photoelectric barrier. For a colour to be recognised, the workpiece passes through a darkened lock in which a colour sensor is installed. During this time interval, the minimum value of the measured colour values is determined and assigned to the workpiece. In the time required for the workpiece to pass the colour sensor, the previous minimum value is compared with the current measured value, which may then replace the earlier measured value.



a workpiece is ejected. Depending on the detected colour value, the corresponding pneumatic cylinder is time-delayed triggered after the workpiece interrupts photoelectric barrier. Next, the pulse button is activated. It registers the rotation of the gear that drives the conveyor. Unlike a time-based delay, this approach is robust in withstanding conveyor speed fluctuations. The ejected workpieces are fed through three slides to the respective depositories.

The storage locations are equipped with photocells that recognize whether the storage location is filled or not. However, the photocell cannot determine how many workpieces are in a storage location.

Environmental station with surveillance camera 24V (SSC)



The environmental station with surveillance camera is used to record measured values within the factory. The mobile camera station is located on the multi-processing station and visually monitors the system.

The new environmental sensor and a photo resistor allow the air temperature, humidity, air pressure, air quality and brightness to be measured. The values are displayed graphically.



Photo-resistor, environmental sensor



Encoder engine



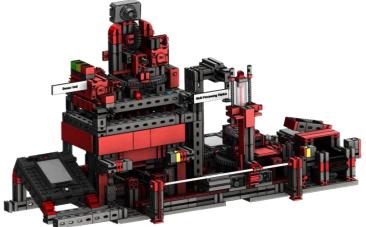


The camera can be rotated using a virtual joystick and it can be tilted to monitor the factory. The images are also displayed on the monitor screen.

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The different sensor data is controlled on an ongoing basis on a user interface, the "Dashboard". The movement axes of the camera can also be controlled here. A LED display indicates when the set limit values have been exceeded. The red LED always lights up when an image from the camera is being transferred to the cloud.

Surveillance camera in the multi-processing station



The two "multi-processing centre and surveillance camera" modules have been combined into one overall module at the factory. The advantage here is that the camera is at the highest point in the factory and can thus monitor the entire system. The

surveillance camera also has a visual indicator (red light). Blinking indicates images are being recorded.



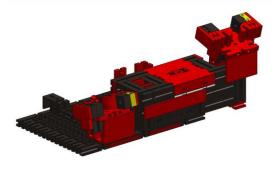
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Control lamp red

Environmental sensor and photo resistance in high-bay warehouse

The environmental sensor and photo-resistor are located on the high-bay module. Both of them are connected to the TXT controller,

Input/output station with colour detection and NFC Reader 24V (DPS)



The in- and output station consists of a total of 3 work areas:

- The input and output unit
- Colour recognition
- The NFC reader

The photoelectric barrier at the input station detects whether a workpiece to be stored in it is present. If this is the case, the information is sent to the

continuing program (vacuum suction gripper picks up the workpiece).

Before the workpiece is processed any further, the colour sensor determines of the workpiece colour.

After colour detection, different data are assigned to the workpiece. To detect a workpiece's colour, the vacuum suction gripper places the workpiece on the NFC reader.

First, all data in the memory is deleted and the workpiece marked as raw.

The reader then writes data relevant to the workpiece on the NFC tag NTAG213 in the workpiece.

Important note: An NFC tag has a unique ID. This cannot be changed.

If one or more workpieces are ordered, they will be sent to the output area after various tasks have been carried out. Previously, additional production data for each workpiece could be stored in the available memory on the NFC taq.

TXT controller with adapter board

The TXT controller and an adapter board to connect the environmental sensor and photo resistor are also located on the input / output station. The camera is also connected here via a USB interface.

Factory status display

Three LEDs indicate factory status.

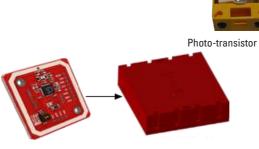
- Green means all stations are waiting.
- Yellow means that at least one station is active. Red means an error that must be acknowledged on the dashboard in the cloud for the Training Factory Industry 4.0to continue.

The NFC reader

TXT controller

Adapter board



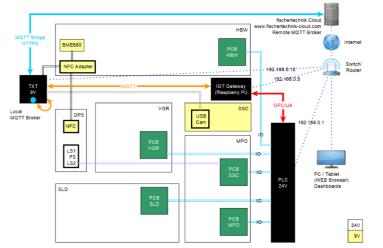




Colour sensor



Block diagram of the factory



The block diagram shows you how the individual factory components communicate with each other and how the system is integrated with the Internet and the fischertechnik cloud. The block diagram also shows which information the user can retrieve via his PC, tablet or smartphone.

In the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 24V, three different controllers communicate with one another, and are connected to one another via a Switch/Router.

- PLC (process control of the model, PLC program)
- IoT gateway (Node-RED environment as adapter between OPC/UA and MQTT, dashboard to control the model)
- TXT controller (fischertechnik sensors and connection to the fischertechnik cloud)

The PLC (not included in the scope of delivery) contains process control for the entire Learning Factory.

Since the MQTT interface in the PLC controller is not a standard interface, an additional IoT-Gateway (Raspberry Pi) with a Node-RED environment serves as an adapter to the MQTT interface. The PLC acts as a server, providing the data required to the IoT Gateway via the OPC/UA standard interface in the local network. The IoT Gateway then forwards the messages to the TXT controller.

The TXT controller serves as a gateway to the fischertechnik cloud <u>https://www.fischertechnik-cloud.com</u>.

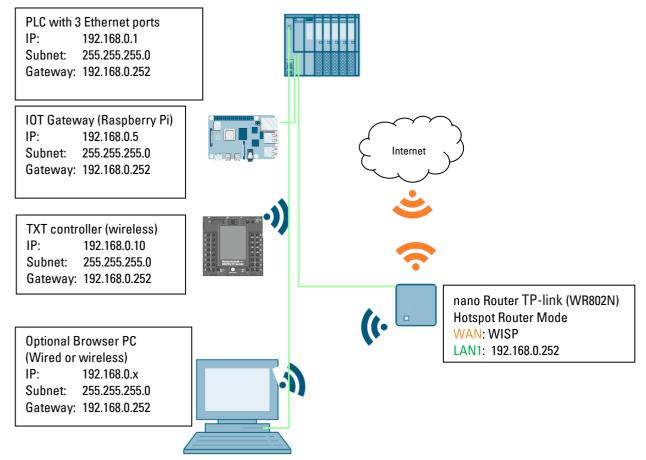
In addition, the components camera, RFID/NFC reader, environmental sensor, BME680 and a brightness sensor are connected here and deliver data to the cloud.

Users can access the dashboard for the Node-RED application in the IoT gateway via a web browser.



Network structure of the factory

The following image represents the network structure and the standard IP addresses used:



The Training Factory Industry 4.0can be connected to wireless WiFi via a nano router TP link (WR802N) in WISP mode (hotspot router mode) to a wireless WAN. The Ethernet interface of the nano router must have an IP address of: 192.168.0.252 and is connected to the PLC (IP: 192.168.0.1). The IOT gateway must have IP:192.168.0.5, and is also connected to the PLC.

DHCP is activated on the nano router, ensuring that the TXT controller is always supplied with the same IP address 192.168.0.10. Details on settings for the nano router are provided in the section Connecting Training Factory Industry 4.04.0

NTP time synchronisation can also be completed via the Internet NVP server. Remote maintenance is not possible.

Commissioning and adapting the SIMATIC controller CPU1512SP

The next few pages show how to connect the programmable logic controller (PLC) SIMATIC S7-1500 to the CPU 1512SP and how to load the program solution for complete factory operation.

This program solution is available as archive **LearningFactory_4_0_24V_V02.zap16** for the TIA Portal V16, and is the standard solution for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0. However, the solution can also be adapted very easily. for example, it can be adapted to different configurations with different CPUs in the SIMATIC ET200SP series, or with different ET200SP input/output modules.

CPU 1512SP-1 PN	· · · ·	
		38888
/	·	

The assemblies used in the standard configuration are shown here:

Modul	Steckplatz	E-Adresse	A-Adresse	Тур	Artikel-Nr.	
PLC	1			CPU 1512SP-1 PN	6ES7 512-1DK01-0AB0	
DO1+2	2		12	DQ 16x24VDC/0.5A ST	6ES7 132-6BH01-0BA0	
DO3+4	3		34	DQ 16x24VDC/0.5A ST	6ES7 132-6BH01-0BA0	
D05+6	4		56	DQ 16x24VDC/0.5A ST	6ES7 132-6BH01-0BA0	
D07-14	5		714	DQ 4x24VDC/2A HS	6ES7 132-6BD20-0DA0	
DO15-22	6		1522	DQ 4x24VDC/2A HS	6ES7 132-6BD20-0DA0	
DO23-30	7		2330	DQ 4x24VDC/2A HS	6ES7 132-6BD20-0DA0	
DI1+2	8	12		DI 16x24VDC ST	6ES7 131-68H01-08A0	
DI3+4	9	34		DI 16x24VDC ST	6ES7 131-6BH01-0BA0	
DI5	10	5		DI 8x24VDC HS	6ES7 131-6BF00-0DA0	
DI6	11	6	6		DI 8x24VDC HS	6ES7 131-68F00-0DA0
AI7-10	12	710		AI 2xU ST	6ES7 134-6FB00-0BA1	
End	13			Servermodul	6ES7 193-6PA00-0AA0	

The program solutions are available at:

https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc_training_factory_24v/PLC_S7_1500_exerci

<u>es</u> Note:

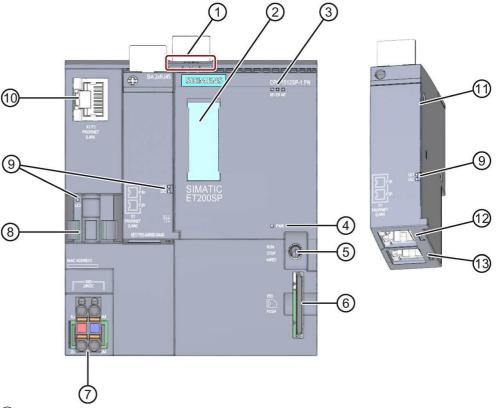
This section describes an example of commissioning for a SIEMENS SIMATIC S7-1500 controller with CPU1512SP. If a different controller is used, then other software tools must be used to create, and load the programs, and to operate the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0.

The source codes can be imported to create the programs, depending on the controller used. These are available at:

https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc training factory 24v/PLC SCL souces

Structure and operation of the CPU 1512SP-1 PN

Here is an overview of the elements of the CPU 1512SP-1 PN with bus adapter



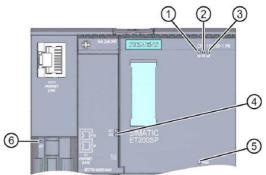
1 Profile rail unlocking mechanism

(2) Label strips

- ③ LEDs for status and error indicators
- ④ LED for displaying supply voltage
- 5 Operating mode switch
- 6 Slot for the SIMATIC Memory Card
- (7) Connection for supply voltage (included in the scope of delivery)
- (8) Cable mount and attachment for port P3 of the PROFINET interface
- (9) LEDs as status indicators on the PROFINET interface to ports P1, P2 and P3
- (10) Port P3 of the PROFINET interface: RJ45 port on the CPU
- (1) Individual view of the bus adapter
- 12 Port P1 R of the PROFINET interface: RJ45 port to bus adapter BA 2×RJ45
- $\bar{(3)}$ Port P2 R of the PROFINET interface: RJ45 port to bus adapter BA 2×RJ45

Status and error indicators

The CPU 1512SP-1 PN and Bus-Adapter BA 2xRJ45 are equipped with the following diagnostic LEDs:



- 1 RUN/STOP LED (yellow/green LED)
- 2 ERROR LED (red LED)
- ③ MAINT LED (yellow LED)
- $(\underline{4})$ LINK RX/TX-LED for the ports X1 P1 and X1 P2 (green LEDs on bus adapter)
- (5) POWER LED (green LED)
- 6 LINK RX/TX-LED for port X1 P3 (green LED on CPU)

SIMATIC Memory Card

A SIMATIC Micro Memory Card is used as the storage module for the CPUs. It is a specially pre-formatted memory card which is compatible with the Windows file system.

The MMC must be inserted to operate the CPU, since the CPUs do not have an integrated load memory for the programs. A common SD card reader is required to read/write the SIMATIC Memory Card with a laptop/PC. It can be used, for instance, to copy files directly to the SIMATIC Memory Card using Windows Explorer, or delete all program data.

Note: We recommend only inserting or removing the SIMATIC Memory Card into/from the CPU when it is powered down.

Operating mode switch

The operating mode switch can be used to set the current CPU operating mode. The operating mode switch is a toggle switch with 3 settings:

Setting	Meaning	Explanation
RUN	RUN operatin	The CPU processes the user program
STOP	STOP operatin	The CPU processes the user program
MRES	Memory reset	Setting to reset the CPU

STEP 7 Professional programming software in the TIA portal

The programming tool STEP 7 Professional is used to program and load the SPSen SIMATIC S7-1500. Program solutions for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 have been created with version V16 of STEP 7 Professional in the TIA Portal.

Further details are provided in the SIEMENS handbooks at: <u>http://support.automation.siemens.com</u>.

Resetting the controller and setting the IP address

Before you can load program solutions to the SIMATIC S7-1500, you should reset it to default settings and set the IP address of the CPU 1512SP.

The following steps can be used to reset the CPU 1512SP to default settings.

- → First, switch off the power supply to the controller and then remove the SIMATIC Micro Memory Card inserted in the CPU 1512SP.
- → To delete all program data from the SIMATIC Micro Memory Card in the CPU, you can simply insert the SIMATIC Memory Card into a common SD card reader and delete data on the card using Windows Explorer.

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→ Then, insert the SIMATIC Memory Card back into the CPU 1512SP and switch on the power supply to the controller.

Note: We recommend only inserting or removing the SIMATIC Memory Card into/from the CPU when it is powered down. Otherwise, it may be damaged.

Note: You should not format the SIMATIC Memory Card, just delete the data.

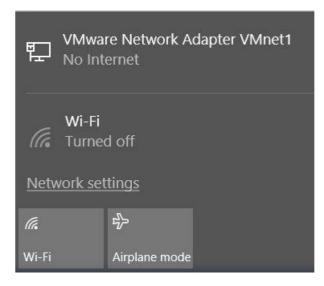


To be able to program a SIMATIC S7-1500 controller from a laptop/PC from the CPU, you will need a TCP/IP connection.

It is important for the IP addresses of the two devices to match, to ensure the computer and SIMATIC S7-1500 can communicate with one another via TCP/IP.

First, we will show you how to set the IP address of a computer using a Windows 10 operating system.

 \rightarrow Mark the network symbol below in the task bar and then click \rightarrow Network settings.



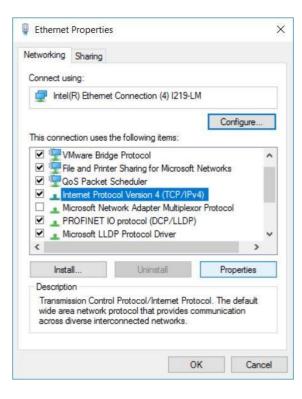
 \rightarrow In the network settings window that opens, click \rightarrow Ethernet and then click \rightarrow Change adapter options.



 \rightarrow Select the desired \rightarrow LAN connection you want use to connect the controller, then click \rightarrow **Properties**.

🔶 🛧 🛬 > Control Panel > Netwo	ork and Internet > Network Connections
Organize Disable this network device	Diagnose this connection Rename this connection
Bluetooth Network Connection Not connected Bluetooth Device (Personal Area Wi-Fi Not connected Intel(R) Dual Band Wireless-AC 82	Ethernet Uniden Intel(R Status Diagnose Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename Properties

 \rightarrow Now, select the \rightarrow **Properties** for \rightarrow **internet protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)**.





→ Now you can use the following IP address, for instance → IP address: 192.168.0.99 and enter the following → subnet mask 255.255.255.0. Then accept the settings by pressing → OK.

ernet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP	vi) rioperiles
eneral	
	utomatically if your network support d to ask your network administrator
Obtain an IP address automa	tically
• Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	192 . 168 . 0 . 99
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address at	
Preferred DNS server:	a
Alternate DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced

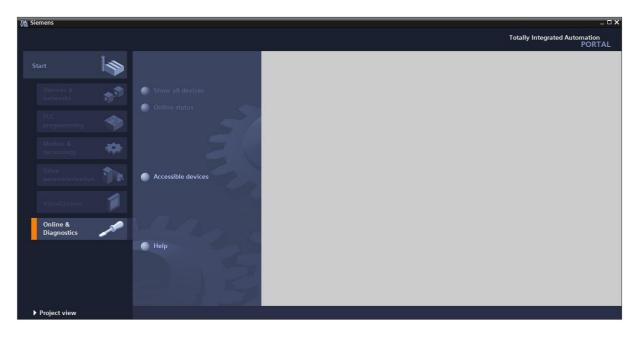
Now, you can assign the IP address to the CPU1512SP as shown in the following steps.

- → Connect your laptop/PC directly to one of the three Ethernet interfaces on the CPU1512SP and switch on the power supply to the controller.
- → Now, start the Totally Integrated Automation Portal by double clicking on it. (→ **TIA Portal V16**)





 \rightarrow Select \rightarrow Online&Diagnostics and then open the \rightarrow Project view.



→ In the project navigation, select the previously set network card under → Online access. When you click → Update available devices, you will see the IP address (if already set) or the MAC address (if the IP address has not yet been assigned) for the connected SIMATIC S7-1500. Here, select → Online&Diagnostics.





→ You will find → Assign IP address under → Functions. Here, enter the following IP address, for instance: → IP address: 192.168.0.1 → Subnet mask 255.255.255.0. Now, click → Assign IP address and your SIMATIC S7-1500 will be assigned this new address.

Project Edit View Insert Online Options 1	and mean			
			Totally Integrated Automa	ation
🚰 🎦 🖬 Save project 🛛 🔠 🐰 🗓 🛅 🗙 🌇	C# ± 🗄	🔃 🗳 🔛 🙀 🚿 Go online 🖉	Go offline 🔐 🖪 🔽 🛃 🔄 🔤 🖉 🗛	ORTAL
Project tree		e access 🔸 Intel(R) Etherne	t Connection (4) 219-LM + pic [192.168.0.25] + CPUcommon [192.168.0.25] [192.168.0.25]	
Devices		1		2
Contine access Contine access Contine access Contine access Contine access Contine accessible Contine accessible devices Contine (R) Ethernet Connection (4) 1219-LM Contine (R) Ethernet Contine (R		Diagnostics Functions Assign Paddress Set time Firmware update Assign PROINET device na Reset to factory settings Format memory card Save service data	Assign IP address	Contine tools
✓ ✓			NAC address: AC -64 -17 -9D -67 -A4 Accessible devices IP address: 192 . 168 . 0 . 0 0 Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0 0 Use router 0 0	D Libraries Add-Ins
Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter <2> Pc internal [Local] Pc Internal [Local] Direct Service (Automatic protocol detection] Direct Service (Automatic protocol detection] Direct Service (Automatic Protocol detection]		Cross-reference	Router address: 192 . 168 . 0 25 Assign IP address Assign a device address to the module Info Diagnostics s Compile	

 \rightarrow The \rightarrow Info \rightarrow General window provides messages on the status of address assignment.

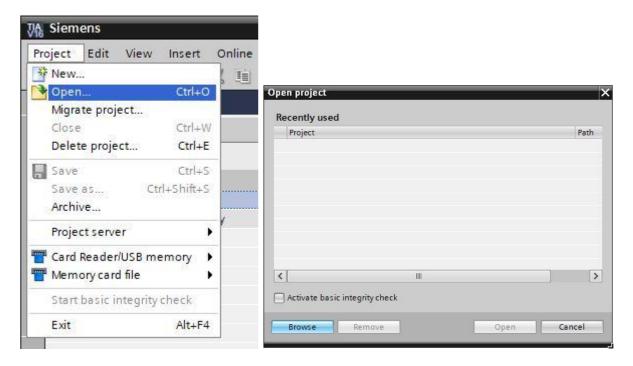
		Rrope	rties	1 Info	Diagnostics		•
Gener	al Cross-references Compile						
€ 4	Show all messages						
! Mess	ace	Go to	7	Date	Time		-
	canning for devices completed for interface Intel(R) Ethernet Connection (4) I219-LM. Foun.	1.	142	6/13/2020	8:03:43 AM		^
1 s	he parameters were transferred successfully.			6/13/2020	8:05:01 AM		~
<	m					>	



Open the program solutions for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0

Open the program solutions for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 using the following steps.

 \rightarrow In the menu of the TIA portal, select \rightarrow **Project** \rightarrow **Open** and then \rightarrow **Search**.



→ Then, click the compressed V16 project → LearningFactory_4_0_24V and select a target path on your computer to unpack the project there.

LearningFactory_4_0_24V_V02 13.06.2020 08:45 Siemens TIA Portal V16 compressed project 2.966 KB

Note: The program solutions are available at: <u>https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc_training_factory_24v/PLC_S7_1500_exe</u>rcises

Adapting the hardware configuration

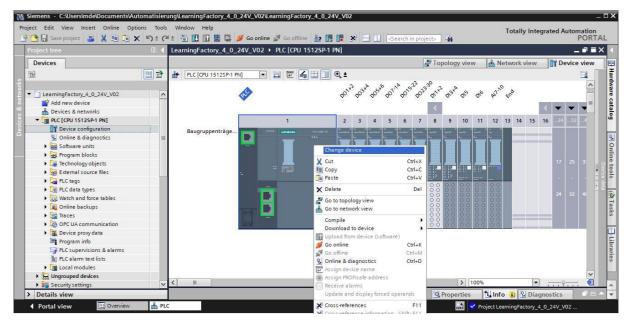
The project is now open and will be displayed in the project navigation at left.

If your hardware components differ from those in the program solutions, these components must be adjusted in the TIA portal.

 \rightarrow To do so, first open the \rightarrow **Device configuration**.

VA	Siemens - C:\Users\mde\Documents\Autor	matisieru	ing\LearningFactory	_4_0_24V_V02	LearningFactory_4	_0_24V_V02				_ ¤ ×
Pr	oject Edit View Insert Online Option	s Tools	Window Help							Tracily, Justice and Automotive
F	🖥 🔂 Save project 🔳 🐰 🗉 🗎 🗙	19 ± C	主动间间的	Go onlir	ne 🔊 Go offline 🔒	2 1月 1月 2	e HI	Search in proje	ets de	Totally Integrated Automation PORTAL
-	Project tree									71
		uu N								<u> </u>
	Devices									
	副									Tasks
	1									S. S
	LearningFactory_4_0_24V_V02	^								
	Add new device	1								3 Libraries
	📥 Devices & networks									Lib Charles and the second
	PLC [CPU 1512SP-1 PN]									en ander en
	Device configuration									S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
	🔽 Online & diagnostics	=								
	Software units	-								
	🕨 🛃 Program blocks									d d
	Technology objects									Add-ins
	External source files									
	PLC tags									
	C data types									
	Watch and force tables									A DESCRIPTION OF A DESC
	Online backups									
	• 🔄 Traces								Q Properties	🚺 Info 🔃 💟 Diagnostics 📰 🖃 🥆
	OPC UA communication					1				
	 Device proxy data Program info 			ross-reference	compile					
	PLC supervisions & alarms		🕄 🔔 🚯 Show a	all messages	•					
	PLC alarm text lists									
	Local modules		I Path		Description				Go to ?	Errors Warnings Time
	Ungrouped devices	1								
	Security settings	~								
	> Details view									
	Portal view Dverview									Project LearningFactory 4 0 24V V02

 \rightarrow Mark one of the different components and then click \rightarrow **Exchange device**.



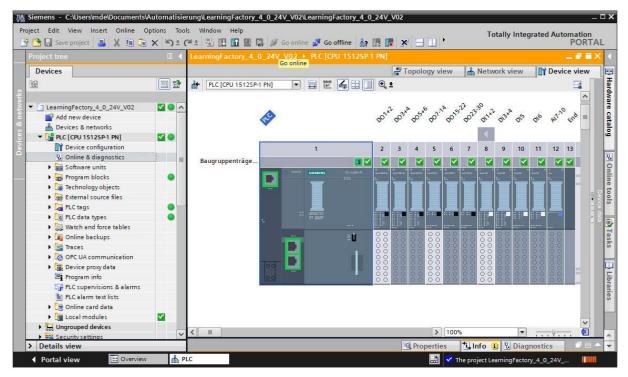


 \rightarrow You will then see a dialogue where you can select from compatible devices.

Current device:		New device:				
			-		Controllers	
					 ■ SIMUATIC E 12 ■ ET 200SF 	
					 E1 2003F CPU 1 	
					CPU 1	
						510SP F-1 PN
			Ref. Control of the second sec			S7 510-15J00-0AB0
CPU 1512SP-1 PN			CPU 1510SP F-1 PN			57 510-15J01-0AB0
					- Annotes	512SP F-1 PN
Article no.: 6ES7 512-1DK01-0/	ABC	Article no.:	6ES7 510-15J01-0A	80 ≡		
Version: V2.6	7	Version:	V2.8	-		
	<u> </u>	version:	V2.0	- I		
Description:		Description:				
CPU with work memory 200 KB code		Fail-safe CPU	with work memory 150	0		
and 1 MB data; 48 ns bit operation			750 KB data; can be			
time; 4-stage protection concept, technology functions: motion contr	1		y applications; suppor fety upload; supports	rts		
closed-loop control, counting &	01,		72 ns bit operation			
measuring; tracing; PROFINET IO			protection concept,			
controller, supports RT/IRT,	23		nctions: motion contro	ol,		
performance upgrade PROFINET V2. 3 ports, I-device, MRP, MRPD, transp			ontrol, counting and acing; Runtime option			
protocol TCP/IP, secure Open User			ocol TCP/IP, secure Op			
Communication, S7 communication	٦,	User Commun				
Web server, DNS client, OPC UA:	~		on, IP forwarding, Web			
	>	<		>		
Compatibility information						
Information						

You must select the correct BaseUnit for the signal modules:

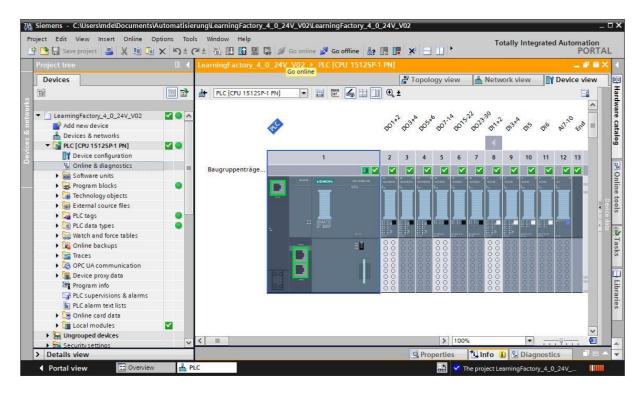
- Use potential group for the left module (dark BaseUnit)
- Facilitate new potential group (light BaseUnit)
 - \rightarrow You can change these settings under \rightarrow **Properties** \rightarrow **General** \rightarrow **Potential group**.



Load the control program to the CPU1512SP

The following steps can be used to load the CPU 1512SP.

- \rightarrow Before you continue, you should click the $\rightarrow \blacksquare$ Save project button to save your project.
- → To load your entire CPU, including hardware configuration and program solutions, to the device, mark the → PLC [CPU1512SP-1 PN] folder and click the → \blacksquare Load to device symbol.



- → The Manager will open for configuring connection properties (expanded loading). First, select the correct interface. This involves three steps.
 - Type of PG/PC interface \rightarrow PN/IE
 - **PG/PC interface** \rightarrow here, for instance.: Intel(R) Ethernet Connection ...
 - Connection with interface/subnet \rightarrow Directly to port ,1 X1'

Then, activate the field \rightarrow **Display all compatible devices**, and start the search for devices on the network by clicking the \rightarrow **Start search** button.

If your CPU is displayed in the list, select it and start loading.

(Load \rightarrow CPU 1512SP-1 PN \rightarrow)

	Device	Device type	Slot	Interface type	Address	Subnet	t
	PLC	CPU 1512SP-1 PN	1 X1	PN/IE	192.168.0.1		
		Type of the PG/PC inte		PN/IE			•
		PG/PC inte		-0	et Connection (4) I	219-LM	- (
	C	onnection to interface/su	bnet:	Direct at slot '1	<1'		- (
		1st gat	eway:				- (
	Select target devic		Interf		Show all compatib	10	
	Device	Device type		ace type Add	dress	Target dev	/ice
.				ace type Add		10	/ice
8 1	Device	Device type	PN/IE	ace type Add	dress 2. <mark>1</mark> 68.0.1	Target dev CPUcomm	/ice
lash LED	Device	Device type	PN/IE	ace type Add	dress 2. <mark>1</mark> 68.0.1	Target dev CPUcomm	/ice
lash LED	Device	Device type	PN/IE	ace type Add	dress 2. <mark>1</mark> 68.0.1	Target dev CPUcomm	vice
	Device CPUcommon 	Device type	PN/IE	ace type Add	dress 2. <mark>1</mark> 68.0.1	Target dev CPUcomm —	vice
e status informati onnection establ	Device CPUcommon on: ished to the device wit	Device type CPU 1512SP-1 PN 	PN/IE PN/IE	ace type Add	dress 2.168.0.1 ress address	Target dev CPUcomm —	vice
an completed. 1	Device CPUcommon on: ished to the device wit	Device type CPU 1512SP-1 PN h address 192.168.0.1. f 2 accessible devices for	PN/IE PN/IE	ace type Add	dress 2.168.0.1 ress address	Target dev CPUcomm —	vice



→ First, you will see a preview with information on the loading process, data security, etc... Continue with → loading.

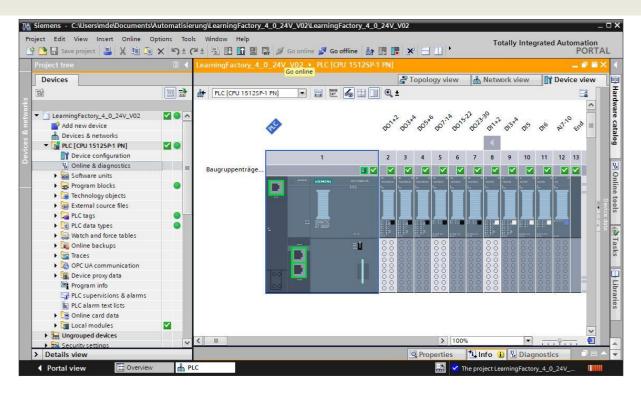
Load pre	eview	<i>l</i>		×
3	heck	before loading		
Status	1	Target	Message	Action
ŧ[\$	▼ PLC	Ready for loading.	Load 'PLC'
	A	 Protection 	Protection from unauthorized access	
	A		Devices connected to an enterprise network or directly to the internet must be appropriately protected against unauthorized access, e.g. by use of firewalls and network segmentation. For more information about industrial security, please visit http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity	
		Different modules	Differences between configured and target modules (online)	
	0	Software	Download software to device	Consistent download
	0	Text libraries	Download all alarm texts and text list texts to device	Consistent download
				Refresh
			Finish	Load Cancel

 \rightarrow Now, select the option \rightarrow Start assembly before completing the loading process with \rightarrow Complete.

atus	NEEDEL LECENS		Message	Action
1	V V PLC		Downloading to device completed without error.	Load 'PLC'
	0	 Start modules 	Start modules after downloading to device.	Start module 📃 💌
	0		The module "PLC" can be started.	

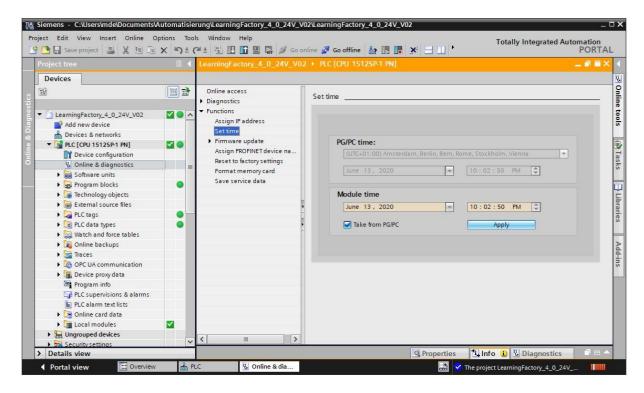
Finally, you can check online to ensure the configuration was loaded correctly. Then, set the time in the CPU if the set NTP server is not available for automatic time synchronisation.

 \rightarrow Mark the CPU \rightarrow PLC[CPU 1512SP-1 PN] and select \rightarrow Connect online.



Note: The symbol should be green here if there are no errors.

- \rightarrow To set the time, open \rightarrow **Online & Diagnostics**, then select \rightarrow **Set time** under \rightarrow **Functions** and then
 - → Accept, to adopt the time from your laptop/PC.



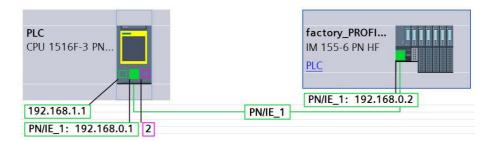
Commissioning and adjusting the SIMATIC controller CPU1516F with ET200SP on PROFINET IRT

The next few pages show how to connect the programmable logic controller (PLC) SIMATIC S7-1500 to the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP and how to load the program solution for complete factory operation.

This solution includes a decentralised connection of system signals to an ET200SP, which communicates with the CPU via PROFINET IRT (Isochrones Realtime). This section also describes commissioning of this ET200SP.

This program solution is available as archive **LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02.zap16** for the TIA Portal V16, and is an alternative solution for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0.

However, the solution can also be adapted very easily. for example, it can be adapted to different configurations with different CPUs in the SIMATIC S7-1500 series, or with different ET200SP input/output modules.



The assemblies used in the alternative solution are shown here:

Module	Slot	I address		Q addres	s T	ype		Artic	cle no.	
	100				1			1		
	0									
PLC	1				(PU 1	516F-3 PN/DP	6ES	7 516-3FN01-0AB0	
Module		S	lot	I address	Qa	ddress	Туре		Article number	
		3	00							
▶ factory		т о))				IM 155-6 PN/2 HF		6ES7 155-6AU01-0CN0	
DO1+2		1			1	2	DQ 16x24VDC/0.	5A ST	6ES7 132-6BH01-0BA0	
DO3+4		2			34	1	DQ 16x24VDC/0.	5A ST	6ES7 132-6BH01-0BA0	
DO5+6		З			56	5	DQ 16x24VDC/0.	5A ST	6ES7 132-6BH01-0BA0	
D07-14	Ļ	4	82 - E		71	14	DQ 4x24VDC/2A	HS	6ES7 132-6BD20-0DA0	
DO15-2	22	5			15.	.22	DQ 4x24VDC/2A	HS	6ES7 132-6BD20-0DA0	
DO23-3	0	6	80		23.	.30	DQ 4x24VDC/2A	HS	6ES7 132-6BD20-0DA0	
DI1+2		7		12			DI 16x24VDC ST		6ES7 131-6BH01-0BA0	
DI3+4		8	5	34			DI 16x24VDC ST		6ES7 131-6BH01-0BA0	
DI5		9	8	5			DI 8x24VDC HS		6ES7 131-6BF00-0DA0	
DI6		1	0	6			DI 8x24VDC HS		6ES7 131-6BF00-0DA0	
AI7-10		1	1	7 <mark>1</mark> 0			AI 2xU ST		6ES7 134-6FB00-0BA1	
Servermodul_1			2				Server module		6ES7 193-6PA00-0AA0	

The program solutions are available at: <u>https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc_training_factory_24v/PLC_S7_1500_exercises</u>

Note:

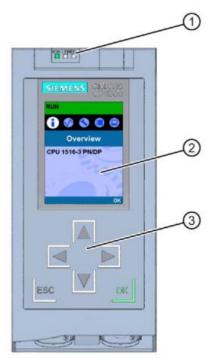
This section describes an example of commissioning for a SIEMENS SIMATIC S7-1500 controller with CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP. If a different controller is used, then other software tools must be used to create, and load the programs, and to operate the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0.

The source codes can be imported to create the programs, depending on the controller used. These are available at:

https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc_training_factory_24v/PLC_SCL_sources

Structure and operation of the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP.

Here is an overview of the elements of the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP with bus adapter



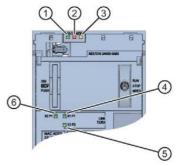
1 LED indicators for the current operating status and diagnostic status of the CPU

(2) Display

3 Operating buttons

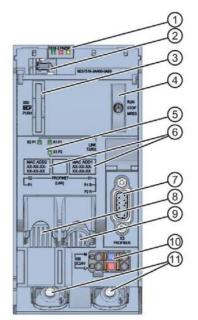
Status and error indicators

The CPU is equipped with the following LED indicators:



- 1 RUN/STOP LED (yellow/green LED)
- (2) ERROR-LED (red LED)
- (3) MAINT-LED (yellow LED)
- (4) LINK RX/TX-LED for Port X1 P1 (yellow/green LED)
- (5) LINK RX/TX-LED for port X1 P2 (yellow/green LED)
- (6) LINK RX/TX-LED for port X2 P1 (yellow/green LED)

Operating and connection elements of the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP behind the front flap



- 1 LED indicators for the current operating status and diagnostic status of the CPU
- 2 Display connection
- (3) Slot for the SIMATIC Memory Card
- (4) Operating mode switch
- (5) LED indicators for the 3 ports on the PROFINET interfaces X1 and X2 $\,$
- 6 MAC addresses of the interfaces
- (7) PROFIBUS interface (X3)
- (8) PROFINET interface (X2) with 1 port
- (9) PROFINET interface (X1) with 2 ports
- (10) Connection for supply voltage
- (11) Attachment screws

Note: The front flap with display can be removed and inserted while operations are ongoing.

The S7-1500 CPU has a front flap with a display and operating buttons. Controlling and status information can be shown on different menus on the display, and a wide variety of settings can be changed. Use the operating buttons to navigate through the menus.

The CPU display offers the following functions:

- You can select from 6 different display languages.
- Diagnostic messages are shown in clear text.
- Interface settings can be changed on site.
- A password can be assigned to operate the display via the TIA portal.

View of the display of an S7-1500:



- 1 CPU status information
- (2) Designation of the sub-menu
- 3 Display field for information
- (4) Navigation tool, e.g. OK/ESC or the page number

SIMATIC Memory Card

A SIMATIC Micro Memory Card is used as the storage module for the CPUs. It is a specially pre-formatted memory card which is compatible with the Windows file system.

The MMC must be inserted to operate the CPU, since the CPUs do not have an integrated load memory for the programs. A common SD card reader is required to read/write the SIMATIC Memory Card with a laptop/PC. It can be used, for instance, to copy files directly to the SIMATIC Memory Card using Windows Explorer, or delete all program data.

Note: We recommend only inserting or removing the SIMATIC Memory Card into/from the CPU when it is powered down.

Operating mode switch

The operating mode switch can be used to set the current CPU operating mode. The operating mode switch is a toggle switch with 3 settings:

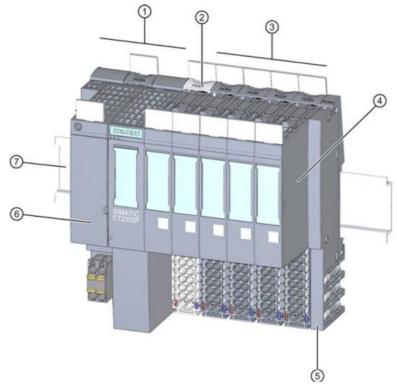
Setting	Meaning	Explanation
RUN	RUN operating	The CPU processes the user program
STOP	STOP operating	The CPU processes the user program
MRES	Memory reset	Setting to reset the CPU

Structure and operation of the SIMATIC ET 200SP

The decentralised peripheral device SIMATIC ET 200SP is a modular, decentralised peripheral system for connecting the process signals to a central automation system like SIMATIC S7-1500.

Decentralised peripheral devices are often used when signals need to be transmitted across a large distance, and when this requires a large amount of wiring work. This allows signals to be collected in a decentral manner on site and connected to the central controller via a bus system. The ET 200SP is connected via PROFINET IRT (Isochrones Realtime) for the solution program for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0.

The decentralised peripheral device ET 200SP is mounted on a standard profile rail (7) and is composed of an interface module (1) with bus adapter (6), up to 32/64 peripheral modules inserted on BaseUnits (2), (3) (4) and a final server module (5).



The decentralised peripheral devices provide inputs and outputs for on-site process connection that can be read and written by the central assembly via PROFINET. The I/O assemblies are queried normally in the S7 program via the input addresses (%I) and output addresses (%Q) are addressed.

STEP 7 Professional programming software in the TIA portal

The programming tool STEP 7 Professional is used to program and load the SPSen SIMATIC S7-1500 and commission the ET200SP.

Program solutions for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 have been created with version V16 of STEP 7 Professional in the TIA Portal.

Further details on the programming software and PROFINET are provided in the SIEMENS handbooks at: <u>http://support.automation.siemens.com</u>.

Resetting the controller and setting the IP address

Before you can load program solutions to the SIMATIC S7-1500, you should reset it to default settings and set the IP address of the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP.

The following steps can be used to reset the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP to default settings.

- → First, switch off the power supply to the controller and then remove the SIMATIC Micro Memory Card inserted in the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP.
- → To delete all program data from the SIMATIC Micro Memory Card in the CPU, you can simply insert the SIMATIC Memory Card into a common SD card reader and delete data on the card using Windows Explorer.

	MC (D:)		5 V	Search SIMATIC	MC (D:)
	Name	~	Date modified	Туре	Size
A Quick access	SIMATIC.S7S		12/31/2011 11:00	File folder	
lene one Drive	S7_JOB.S7S	ré.	12/31/2011 11:00	S7S File	1
This PC		Scan with	Windows Defender		
SIMATIC MC (D:)		Send to		>	
SIMATIC.S7S					
💣 Network		Cut Copy			
		Create sho	rtcut		
		Delete			
		Rename			
		Properties			

→ Then, insert the SIMATIC Memory Card back into the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP and switch on the power supply to the controller.

Note: We recommend only inserting or removing the SIMATIC Memory Card into/from the CPU when it is powered down. Otherwise, it may be damaged.

Note: You should not format the SIMATIC Memory Card, just delete the data



To be able to program a SIMATIC S7-1500 controller from a laptop/PC from the CPU, you will need a TCP/IP connection.

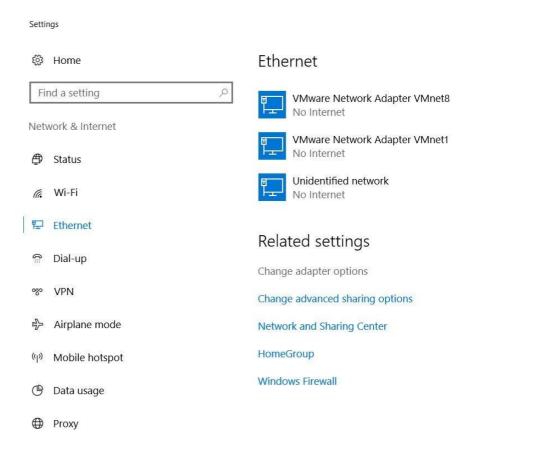
It is important for the IP addresses of the two devices to match, to ensure the computer and SIMATIC S7-1500 can communicate with one another via TCP/IP.

First, we will show you how to set the IP address of a computer using a Windows 10 operating system.

 \rightarrow Mark the network symbol below in the task bar $^{\frown}$ and then click \rightarrow Network settings.



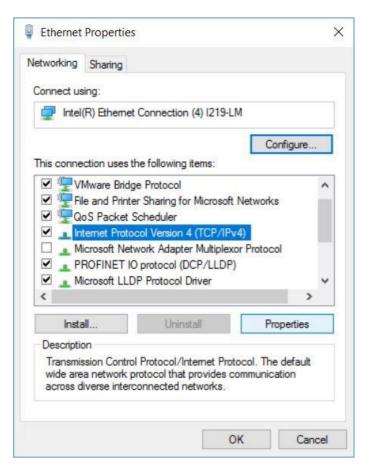
 \rightarrow In the network settings window that opens, click \rightarrow Ethernet and then click \rightarrow Change adapter options.



 \rightarrow Select the desired \rightarrow LAN connection you want use to connect the controller, then click \rightarrow **Properties**.

Drganize Disable this network device	Diagnose this connection Rename this connectio
Bluetooth Network Connection Not connected Bluetooth Device (Personal Area Wi-Fi Not connected Intel(R) Dual Band Wireless-AC 82	Ethernet Uniden Intel(R) Disable Status Diagnose Properties Diagnose

 \rightarrow Now, select the \rightarrow Properties for \rightarrow internet protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).





→ Now you can use the following IP address, for instance → IP address: 192.168.0.99 and enter the following → subnet mask 255.255.255.0. Then accept the settings by pressing → OK.

nternet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/	IPv4) Properties
General	
	automatically if your network supports eed to ask your network administrator
Obtain an IP address autom	atically
• Use the following IP address	
IP address:	192 . 168 . 0 . 99
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address	automatically
Use the following DNS serve	r addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
	OK Cancel

Now, you can assign the IP address to the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP as shown in the following steps.

→ Connect Port 1 of the Ethernet interface [X1] on the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP with Port 1 of the Ethernet interface on the ET200SP. Connect your laptop directly to Port 2 of the Ethernet interface [X1] on the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP. Switch on the power supply to the controller. The other components of the Training Factory Industry 4.0can be connected to Port 2 of the Ethernet interface on the ET200SP.

Note: A correct network topology is required here, since this topology was determined for PROFINET IRT communication in the project.

→ Now, start the Totally Integrated Automation Portal by double clicking on it. (→ TIA Portal V16)





 \rightarrow Select \rightarrow Online&Diagnostics and then open the \rightarrow Project view.



→ In the project navigation, select the previously set network card under → Online access. When you click → Update available devices, you will see the IP address (if already set) or the MAC address (if the IP address has not yet been assigned) for the connected SIMATIC S7-1500. Here, select → Online&Diagnostics.





→ You will find → Assign IP address under → Functions. Here, enter the following IP address, for instance: → IP address: 192.168.0.1 → Subnet mask 255.255.255.0. Now, click → Assign IP address and your SIMATIC S7-1500 will be assigned this new address.

VA Siemens		-	□ X
Project Edit View Insert Online Options Tools Wind		Totally Integrated Automation	
📑 📴 🖬 Save project 🔳 🔏 🏥 🏛 🗙 🍤 ± (**± 着	🛛 🚺 🔛 🖬 🚿 Go online 🖋	Go offline 🔐 🖪 🚼 🗶 🖃 🛄 (Search in project) 🖓 PORTAL	L
Project tree 🔲 🖣	e access 🕨 intel(R) Etherne	et Connection (4) 219-LM + plc [192.168.0.25] + CPU common [192.168.0.25] [192.168.0.25] 👘 🕳 🕷 🧰 🗙	
Devices			8
Standing of the secess of the second of the	Diagnostics Functions Assign IP address Set time Firmware update Assign PROFINET device na Reset to factory settings Format memory card Save service data	Assign IP address Assign IP address to the device Services connected to an enterprise network or directly to the internet must be appropriately protected against unauthorized access, eq. by use of firewalls and network segmentation. For more information about industrial security, please visit http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity	Online tools Tasks
	< u)	MAC address: AC -64 -17 -9D -67 -A4 Accessible devices IP address: 192 . 168 . 0 . Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0 Use router Router address: 192 . 168 . 0 25 Assign IP address	Hibraries Add-ins
Country (Michaeler) Country (Michael	General Cross-reference		
> Details view	Show all messages		
Portal view 🔛 Overview 🗓 Online & d	la	i Scanning for devices completed for int	

 \rightarrow The \rightarrow Info \rightarrow General window provides messages on the status of address assignment.

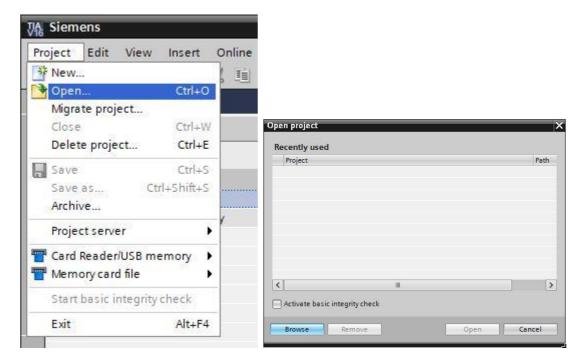
		Rrope	rties	1 Info	Diagnostics		•
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€ 4	Show all messages						
! Mess	ace	Go to	7	Date	Time		-
	canning for devices completed for interface Intel(R) Ethernet Connection (4) I219-LM. Foun.	1.	142	6/13/2020	8:03:43 AM		^
1 s	he parameters were transferred successfully.			6/13/2020	8:05:01 AM		~
<	m					>	



Open the program solutions for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0

Open the program solutions for the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 using the following steps.

 \rightarrow In the menu of the TIA portal, select \rightarrow **Project** \rightarrow **Open** and then \rightarrow **Search**.



→ Then, click the compressed V16 project → LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET and select a target path on your computer to unpack the project there.

Note:	The	program	solutions	are	available	at:
	LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PF	ROFINET_V02	13.06.2020 21:39	Siemens TIA Portal V1	6 compressed project	2,913 KB

https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc training factory 24v/PLC S7 1500 exercises

Adapting the hardware configuration

The project is now open and will be displayed in the project navigation at left.

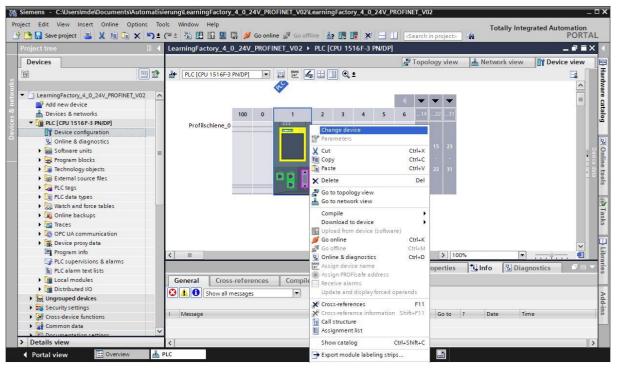
If your hardware components differ from those in the program solutions, these components must be adjusted in the TIA portal.

 \rightarrow To do so, first open the \rightarrow **Device configuration**.

VA	Siemens - C:\Users\mde\Documents\Autom	atisierung\LearningFac	ory_4_0_24V_PR	OFINET_V02\Lea	rningFactory_	4_0_24V_PRO	INET_V02			_ 🗆 ×
Pr	roject Edit View Insert Online Options	Tools Window Help						τ.	tally Integrated Auto	
-	🗄 🎦 🔚 Save project 🛛 📕 🔏 💷 🗂 🗙 🛤)± (4± ≣ ⊞ Ш	Go onl	ne 🔊 Go offline	87 IB IB	XHII	<search in="" project=""></search>		any integrated Auto	PORTAL
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	Devices									
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	LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02	<u>^</u>								
	Add new device									- Libraries
	Bevices & networks									bra
	▼ 🔲 PLC [CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP]									rie
	Device configuration									S
	🗓 Online & diagnostics									
	Software units	=								Þ
	Program blocks									Add-ins
	Technology objects									Ins
	External source files									
	🕨 🔁 PLC tags									
	Compared and types									
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	OPC UA communication									
	Device proxy data									1.00
	Program info									1. The second
	PLC supervisions & alarms	<u> </u>		_			1000 -		1.00	
	PLC alarm text lists						Properties	1 Info	Diagnostics	
	Local modules	General	oss-references	Compile						
	Distributed I/O	Show	all messages	•						
	Ungrouped devices	Show	all messages							
	Security settings									
	Cross-device functions	I Message					Go to	? Date	e Time	
	Common data									
	Documentation cettings	~								
	> Details view	<				Ш				>
	Portal view Overview									



 \rightarrow Mark one of the different components and then click \rightarrow **Exchange device**.



 \rightarrow You will then see a dialogue where you can select from compatible devices.

Current devi	ice:		New device:			-	CPU			1
		^			^	2 A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	CPU 1511	-1 PN		Ì
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							- CPU 1512	C-1 PN		l
	an H						6ES7 5	12-1CK00-	0	l
							6ES7 5	12-1CK01-	0	1
							CPU 1513	-1 PN		l
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		=					CPU 1516	-3 PN/DP		
Article no.:	6ES7 516-3	FN01-0ABC	Article no.:	6ES7 512-1CK01-0AE	30		CPU 1517	-3 PN/DP		
Version:	V2.8	-	Version:	V2.8			📔 CPU 1518	-4 PN/DP		l
version.	142.0		Version.	142.0	2		CPU 1518	4 PN/DP OI	DK	l
Description:			Description:				CPU 1518	4 PN/DP MP	FP	l
	with display; v			lay; work memory 250 I	KB		CPU 1511	F-1 PN		l
	MB code and 5 for safety appli			B data; 48 ns bit e; 4-stage protection			CPU 1513	F-1 PN		l
							CPU 1515	F-2 PN		42
supports con	isistent safety i	upload;	concept, tech	nology functions : motio	on					ų,
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supports PRC operation tim concept, tecl control, close and measuri options; isoc for all PROFIN protocol TCP/ Compatibiliti Informatio Object 'DI Object 'DI	Flsafe V2; 10 [°] n he; 5-stage pro ronology functic deloop control ng; tracing; Ru hronous mode ET interfaces: [P; secure Ope ion_S2; comm W ty informatic n ° interface' is n ' will be create	ns bit tection ns: motion , counting ntime (central); transport n User unicasion on ot supported in dl ated!	control, close and measuri options; for al transport proj User Commu communicati forwarding, W OPC UA: Serv C	d-loop control, counting rig; tracting; Runtime I ROFINET interfaces: tocol TCP/IP, secure Openication, S7 on, S7 routing, IP eb server, DNS client, er DA, Client DA, assainer specification (9 :n 		CPU 1517	F-3 PN/DP F-3 PN/DP F-4 PN/DP F-4 PN/DP C F-4 PN/DP N	MFP	

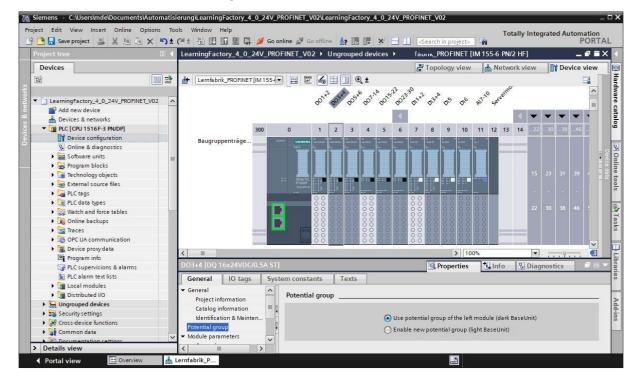


→ To see an overview of associated IP addresses in a project, click the → Display addresses symbol in the [■] Network view.

Siemens - C:\Users\mde\Documents\Automatisi	erung\LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02\LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02	_ 🗆 X
Project Edit View Insert Online Options Too	ols Window Help Totally Integrated Autom	
🕸 🍞 🔜 Save project 🚢 🗶 🗐 🗂 🗙 🔊 🛨		PORTAL
Project tree		. # = X (
Devices	🖉 Topology view 🎄 Network view 👔 Device	Hardware catalog
	💦 Network 🔡 Connections 🕢 🐑 🐨 🐨 🐨 🐨 🐨 🐨	a lar
i ka		< dwa
LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02		= Fe
🖁 💕 Add new device		
😤 🛔 Devices & networks	PLC factory_PROFI	talo
🗧 🔻 🛅 PLC [CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP]	CPU 1516F-3 PN	ŭ
Device configuration	PLC PLC	
Conline & diagnostics		<u>v.</u>
Software units =	192.168.1.1 PN/E_1: 192.168.0.2	Ne O
🕨 🖌 Program blocks	PN/IE_1: 192.168.0.1 2	- uin
Technology objects	PN/E_1: 192.106.0.1 Z	
External source files		Online tools
PLC tags		5
Eg PLC data types		-
Watch and force tables		<u>s</u>
Online backups		(iii) Tasks
🕨 🚰 Traces		Ś
OPC UA communication		
Device proxy data		~ -
Program info	K III > 100% V	e libr
🖙 PLC supervisions & alarms		2
PLC alarm text lists	🖸 Properties 🚺 Info 🔃 Diagnostics	ies
Local modules	General Cross-references Compile	
Distributed I/O	Show all messages	P
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Cross-device functions	I Message Go to ? Date Time	0
🕨 🥁 Common data		
Details view		
🖣 Portal view 🔛 Overview 🚠 🛙	Devices & ne	

You must select the correct BaseUnit for the signal modules of the ET200SP:

- Use potential group for the left module (dark BaseUnit)
- Facilitate new potential group (light BaseUnit)
 - \rightarrow You can change this setting in the \rightarrow **Device view** of the ET200SP under \rightarrow **Properties**

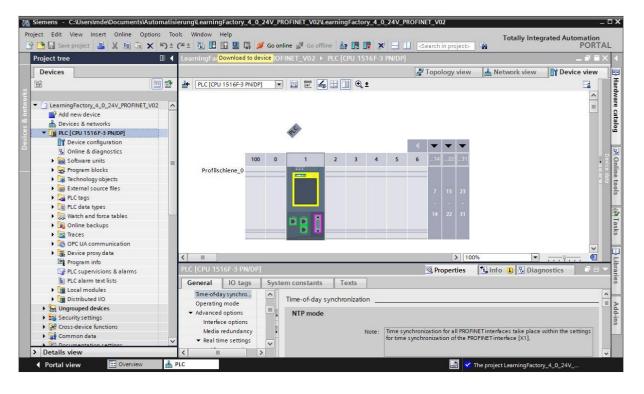


 \rightarrow General \rightarrow Potential group.

Load the control program to the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP

The following steps can be used to load the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP.

- \rightarrow Before you continue, you should click the $\rightarrow \blacksquare$ Save project button to save your project.
- → To load your entire CPU, including hardware configuration and program solutions, to the device, mark the → PLC [CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP] folder and click the → \blacksquare Load to device symbol.



- → The Manager will open for configuring connection properties (**expanded loading**). First, select the correct interface. This involves three steps.
 - Type of PG/PC interface \rightarrow PN/IE
 - **PG/PC interface** \rightarrow here, for instance.: Intel(R) Ethernet Connection ...
 - Connection with interface/subnet \rightarrow Directly to port ,1 X1'

Then, activate the field \rightarrow **Display all compatible devices**, and start the search for devices on the network by clicking the \rightarrow **Start search** button.

If your CPU is displayed in the list, select it and start loading.

 $(Load \rightarrow CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP \rightarrow)$

	Device	Device type	Slot	Interface type	Address		Subnet	
	PLC	CPU 1516F-3 PN/	. 1 X1	PN/IE	192,168.0.1		PN/IE 1	
		CPU 1516F-3 PN/		PN/IE	192,168,1,1			
		CPU 1516F-3 PN/		PROFIBUS	2			
		Type of the PG/PC in	terface:	PN/IE			•]
		PG/PC ir	terface:	💹 Intel(R) Ethern	et Connec <mark>t</mark> ion (4	4) I219-LM	-] 🕐
		Connection to interface	subnet:	Direct at slot '1)	x1'] 🕐
		1st c	ateway:	1			-	
		get device:	-		Show all compa			
					. <u>(</u> 2)			
	Select targ Device PLC	get device: Device type CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP	Interface PN/IE			atible device Target c PLC		
	Device	Device type		type Address	3.0.1	Target o		
	Device	Device type	PN/IE	type Address 192.168	3.0.1	Target o		
Flash LED	Device	Device type	PN/IE	type Address 192.168	3.0.1	Target o		
Flash LED	Device	Device type	PN/IE	type Address 192.168	3.0.1	Target o	levice	searc
	Device <u>FLC</u> 	Device type	PN/IE	type Address 192.168	3.0.1	Target c PLC 	device	searc
Flash LED	Device FLC 	Device type	PN/IE PN/IE	type Address 192.168	3.0.1 address	Target c PLC 	device	searc
ine status informat Connection establ Scan completed. 1	ion:	Device type CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP evice with address 192.168.0.1 evices of 2 accessible devices	PN/IE PN/IE	type Address 192.168	3.0.1 address	Target c PLC 	device	searc
ine status informati Connection establ	ion: Ished to the de 1 compatible du tion retrieval co	Device type CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP evice with address 192.168.0.1 evices of 2 accessible devices	PN/IE PN/IE	type Address 192.168	3.0.1 address	Target c PLC 	device	searc

→ First, you will see a preview with information on the loading process, data security, etc... Continue with → loading.

tatus	1	Target	Message	Action
1]	%	▼ PLC	Ready for loading.	Load 'PLC'
	A	 Protection 	Protection from unauthorized access	
	4		Devices connected to an enterprise network or directly to the internet must be appropriately protected against unauthorized access, e.g. by use of firewalls and network segmentation. For more information about industrial security, please visit http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity	
	Å	Different modules	Differences between configured and target modules (online)	
	0	Software	Download software to device	Consistent download
	0	Text libraries	Download all alarm texts and text list texts to device	Consistent download
				Refresh



 \rightarrow Now, select the option \rightarrow Start assembly before completing the loading process with \rightarrow Complete.

status	1	Target	Message	Action
4	0	▼ PLC	Downloading to device completed without error.	Load 'PLC'
	0	 Start modules 	Start modules after downloading to device.	Start module
	0		The module "PLC" can be started.	

Assign the device name for the PROFINET- IO- Device ET200SP

The device name is used by the IO-Controller CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP to detect the IO-Device ET200SP and establish communication. Because of this, it must be assigned separately. Use the following steps to do so.

use the following steps to do so.

 \rightarrow E Assign device name.

 \rightarrow In the \rightarrow Network view, mark the ET200SP with the device name \rightarrow factory_PROFINET and select

💁 🗔 Save project 🛽 🝶 💥 🧃 🛅 🗶 🏷 ± 🎮 🗶 🎧 🖳 🚰 🔛 🚮 🖉 Go online 🖉 Go offline 🛔 🌆 🖪	🗙 📃 🛄 Search in project	d Automation PORTA
oject tree II LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02 Devices & netwo	orks	_ # =>
Devices	P Topology view & Network view	Device view
		^
LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02		=
Add new device		
CPU 15165.2 PN	Device configuration	
▼ L PLC [CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP]	Change device	
Device conliguration	Start device tool	
Online & diagnostics PN/IE_1: 192.	168.0.2 X Cut Ctrl+X	
192.168.1.1 PN/F 1	Copy Ctrl+C	1
Program blocks PN/IE_1: 192.168.0.1 2	Ta Paste Ctrl+V	
General Stress	X Delete Del	P
General source files	Rename F2	
Cags	(1979) (197	
Call PLC data types	Assign to new DP master / IO controller	
Watch and force tables	Disconnect from DP master system / IO system	
In the sector of the sector	Highlight DP master system / IO system	
🕨 🚰 Traces	😴 Go to topology view	
OPC UA communication	Compile	~
E Device proxy data	Download to device	
Program info	Go online Ctrl+K	· Y 🖬
PLC supervisions & alarms	Go offine Ctrl+M	cs IIII
PLC alarm text lists General Cross-references Compile	Q Online & diagnostics Ctrl+D	
In Local modules	Assign device name	-
In Distributed I/O	Assign PROFIsafe address	
Generation State Generation	Receive alarms	
E Security settings I Message	Update and display forced operands	
Kernel Cross-device functions General Antipart A	Show catalog Ctrl+Shift+C	AM 🖉
Gommon data Scanning for devices completed for interface Intel(R) Ethernet Con	nection (4) I	AM
Details view	Export module labeling strips	AM N

Note: The IP address set in the project is assigned later by the CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP controller when establishing the communication connection.

→ Online access must be set correctly in the dialogue used to assign PROFINET device names. Then, you can select the device and filter by devices of the same type. If a new device is connected, the list must be updated. (→ PROFINET device name: factory_profinet → Type of PG/PC interface: PN/IE → PG/PC interface: here: Intel(R) Ethernet Connection ... → Only display devices of the same kind → Update list). Determine the right device using the MAC address printed on the device before marking it, then click → Assign name to assign the device name.

	evice name.						
		Configured PR	OFINET de	vice			
		PROFINET de	vice name:	factory_profinet			•
		D	evice type:	IM 155-6 PN/2 HF			
		Online access		A second second second second second second			
		Type of the PG/P	Cinterface:	PN/IE	_		
			C interface:	Intel(R) Ethernet Co	nneo	ction (4) I219-LM	
				L			
		Device filter					
		🛃 Only sho	w devices of	f the same type			
		Only sho	w devices w	ith bad parameter settin	gs		
		—		ithout names			
			w devices w	laiouchannes			
	Accessible de	evices in the network:					
	IP address	MAC address	Device	PROFINET device name		Status	
	0.0.0.0	AC-64-17-53-6A-74	ET200SP	-	. 64	No device name	e assigned
🗖 Flash LED							
Flash LED							
Flash LED					Up	date list	Assign name
Flash LED					Up	date list	Assign name
Flash LED					Up	date list	Assign name Assign device nam
					Up	date list	
Online status inform		were found			Up	date list	
Online status inform	nation: pleted. 1 of 2 devices	were found.			Up	date list	
Online status inform		were found.			Up	date list	
Online status inform		were found.			Up	date list	
Online status inform () Search comp		were found.			Up	date list	Assign device nam
Online status inform 1 Search comp		were found.	10		Up	date list	Assign device nam

Finally, check online to ensure the configuration was loaded correctly and the PROFINET device was successfully connected by the controller. Then, set the time in the CPU if the set NTP server is not available for automatic time synchronisation.



 \rightarrow Mark the CPU \rightarrow PLC[CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP] and select \rightarrow Connect online.

🖁 🖬 Save project 📑 🐰 🗎 🗎	X S±	(* ± 🖥 🗓 🗓 😫 🐺 🖋 Go online 🧬 Go offline 🏭 🖪 🖪 🗰 🛠 🖃 🛄 *	rated Automation PORTA
		LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02 Devices & networks Go online	>
Devices		🖉 Topology view 🛔 Network view	Device view
		💦 Network 🔡 Connections 🛛 HMI connection 🔹 🕎 🛒 📲 🔛 🛄 🔍 🛨	
			~
LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINE	т. 🔽 🔵 🔼		
Add new device			=
A Devices & networks		PLC factory_PROFI 111111	
PLC [CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP]		CPU 1516F-3 PN	
Device configuration		PLC T	
😧 Online & diagnostics	=		
Ge Software units		PN/IE 1	
🕨 🙀 Program blocks		PROFELI	
Technology objects			
External source files			
🕨 🌄 PLC tags			
PLC data types	•		-
Watch and force tables			-
🕨 🙀 Online backups			
🕨 🚰 Traces			
OPC UA communication			
Device proxy data			
🕮 Program info			
PLC supervisions & alarms			
PLC alarm text lists			
🕨 📴 Online card data			
🕨 🧊 Local modules	×		
Distributed I/O	V		~
Unarouned devices	>	 ✓ III > 100% 	· · · · · · · · ·
Details view		Properties 1 Info Diagn	lostics

Note: The symbol should be green here if there are no errors.

- → To set the time, open → Online & Diagnostics, then select → Set time under → Functions and then
 - → Accept, to adopt the time from your laptop/PC.

			PROFINET_V02\LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PROFINET_V02 _ D
Project Edit View Insert Online Op			online 🖉 Go offline 🎄 🖪 🖪 😿 🖃 🛄 ' Totally Integrated Automation PORTAL
Project tree	□ ◀	LearningFactory_4_0_24V_PR	DFINET_V02 → PLC [CPU 1516F-3 PN/DP] 🖬 🖬 🗙 🔇
Devices			2
Devices Devices de anongenerative Add new device Add new device Devices & networks Device configuration Vontile & diagnostics Software units Software units Device configuration Vontile & diagnostics Vontile & diagnost Vontile & diagnost Vontile & diagnost Vontile & dia		Online access Diagnostics Functions Assign IP address Settime Firmware update Assign PROFINET device na Reset to factory settings Format memory card Save service data	Set time
	>	< III >	
> Details view			Properties Linfo Diagnostics
Portal view Dverview	di (Devices & ne 😟 Online & dia	🔜 🍼 The PROFINET device name "lemfabrik 🛚 🛙 💷

Connecting Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 to the Internet

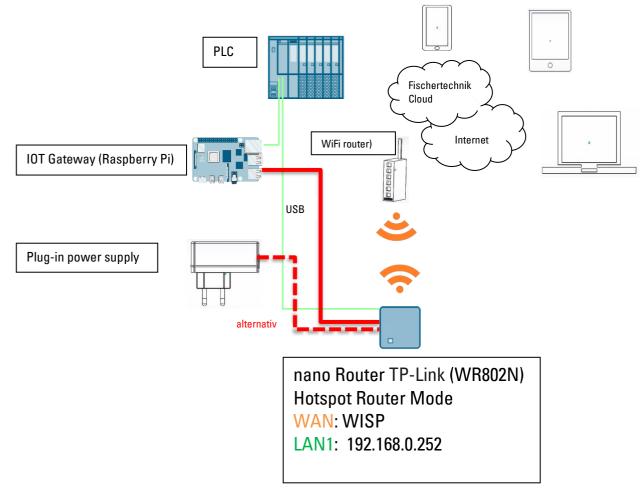
To connect Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 to the internet and thereby to the fischertechnik cloud, connect the nano Router TP-Link in WISP mode (Hotspot Router Mode) to a wireless WAN.

Then, you can access the Dashboard of the fischertechnik cloud via mobile devices like a tablet, smartphone, laptop, or PC.

Connecting the nano Router TP-Link (WR802N) in WISP mode

The nano router TP-Link is connected to the IOT Gateway (Raspberry Pi) for power supply via USB. Alternatively, however, it can also be connected to the included plug-in power supply.

The Ethernet cable of the nano Router TP-Link is connected directly to a free port on the PLC.





The TP-Link must be configured to connect the nano Router TP-Link in WISP mode (Hotspot Router Mode) to a wireless WAN. Use your PC or a tablet to do so.

Important: Unplug your computer's (WiFi capable) existing internet connection with the router. To do so, unplug the Ethernet LAN cable from the computer, and terminate any existing WiFi connection.

The nano Router TP-Link is permanently installed in your system. You must first perform a reset before you integrate (configure) it into your working environment. Unplug the plug for the power supply on the TP-Link, then plug it back in so that it restarts. The green light will flash on the TP-link. Use a pointed object (small screwdriver) to press the reset button for 5 seconds. The lamp will go off. The TP-Link will restart. The lamp will flash again.



Press the \rightarrow **Internet access** button to open the Internet access context menu on your computer. A screen will appear showing the networks in your area. The TP-Link should appear in the list. Click on \rightarrow WiFi once and then \rightarrow WiFi once again if it doesn't. This will restart the WiFi, and another search will be completed for all WiFi networks.





In the next step, activate the displayed TP-link. An additional context menu will appear. Select the **Connect** button.

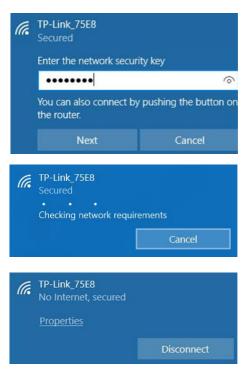
After a short while, a pop-up window will appear asking you to enter the network security key for your TP-link.

This can be found on the bottom of the TP-link.

After entering the key, confirm by pressing the \rightarrow **Next** button.

The next step is to check the security key and the TP-link is now connected to your computer via WiFi.

The last pop-up window will show you that the connection is successful.





Next, you need to configure the TP-link for your network. To do this, open a WEB browser (Firefox or Chrome).

Access the page **http://tplinkwifi.net Important note:** Do not enter www. before the address and go to this page. The following page will appear:

Ptp-link	TP-Link Wireless N Nano Router WR802N Model No. TL-WR802H		. .
		P Password	Username Password Log In
	Scan the QR code to download TP- Conveniently manage your network time a Compute control term the pains styrour has	y mobile device.	Ø

Enter "admin" as the user name and "admin" as the password, and confirm by pressing "Log In".

tatus	
uick Setup	
peration Mode	Quick Setup - Start
etwork	
ireless	
uest Network	Run the Quick Setup to manually configure your internet connection and wireless settings. To continue, please click the Next button.
HCP	To exit, please click the Exit button.
orwarding	
ecurity	
arental Controls	Exit Next
ccess Control	
dvanced Routing	
andwidth Control	
& MAC Binding	
namic DNS	
v6	
ystem Tools	

Confirm this page with setup information by pressing \rightarrow **Next**.



The password should not be changed, otherwise it has to be changed on the TXT Controller. Confirm by pressing $\rightarrow Next$

	Change Login Password
Ptp-link	TP-Link Wireless N Nano Router WR802N Model No. TL-WR802N
Status	
Quick Setup	
Operation Mode	Quick Setup - Password
Network	
Wireless	Change Login Password
Guest Network	A CARDA RECORDER ANY ANY
DHCP	
Forwarding	Back Next
Security	
Parental Controls	
Access Control	
Advanced Routing	
Bandwidth Control	
IP & MAC Binding	
Dynamic DNS	
IPv6	
System Tools	
Logout	

Then, select \rightarrow **Operation Mode** \rightarrow **WISP** and confirm the selection with \rightarrow **Next**.

Status			
an a			
Quick Setup	Quick Setup - Operation Mode		
Operation Mode			
Network			
Wireless	Choose Operation Mode:		
Guest Network	○ Wireless Router		
DHCP	● WISP		
System Tools	Share Internet connection anywhere public Wi-Fi exists. For example: hotel room, trade show,		
ogout	○ Access Point		
	Range Extender		
	◯ Client		
	Back Next		
	Dack INext		

For the \rightarrow WAN Connection Type, select \rightarrow Dynamic IP and confirm the selection with \rightarrow Next.

Status	
Quick Setup	Outleb Cadera MIAN Compacting Train
Operation Mode	Quick Setup - WAN Connection Type
Network	
Wireless	The Quick Setup is preparing to set up your internet connection, please choose one type below according to your ISP. The detailed description will be
Guest Network	displayed after you choose the corresponding type.
DHCP	Dynamic IP (Most common option)
System Tools	○ Static IP
Logout	O PPPoE/Russian PPPoE
	O L2TP/Russian L2TP
	O PPTP/Russian PPTP
	Note: For users in some areas(such as Russia, Ukraine etc.), please contact your ISP to choose connection type manually.
	Back Next

Next, the \rightarrow **AP List** will appear with nearby available WiFi Access Points (APs). Select your WiFi access point by clicking \rightarrow **Connect**

		Link Wireless N Nano el No. TL-WR802N	Router WR802N				
Status							
Quick Setup							
Operation Mode	AP L	ist					
Network							
Wireless		The scanned APs are as follows					
Guest Network		AP numbers: 45 Refre	sh)				
DHCP	ID	BSSID	SSID	Signal strength	Channel	Encryption	Connect
System Tools	1	DC:39:6F: :30	FRITZIBox	94	1	WPA2-PSK/AES	Connect
Logout	2						Connect
Aller Aller Aller	3	E					Connect
	4						Connect
	5						Connect
	6						Connect
	7						Connect
	8						Connect
	9						Connect



Adopt the \rightarrow Client Settings and \rightarrow AP Settings with \rightarrow Next.

Note: The **AP Settings** should not be changed; otherwise the settings of the TXT controller will have to be adjusted. You can take the **Client Settings** and **Wireless Password** from the configuration pages for your WiFi access point, or request them from your network administrator.

Ptp-link	TP-Link Wireless N Nano Router WR802N Model No. TL-WR802N	
Status		
Quick Setup		
Operation Mode	Quick Setup - Wireless	
Network		
Wireless	Client Setting	
Guest Network		
DHCP	SSID(to be bridged): FRITZIBox	
System Tools	MAC Address(to be bridged): DC:39; 30 e.g. 00:1D:0F:11:22:33	Wireless password for
Logout	Scan	Wireless password for
	Key Type: WPA2-PSK V	the WiFi access point
	Encryption: AES	•
	Wireless Password:	
	AP Setting	
	Local Network SSID: TP-Link_59A8	
	Security:	
	WPA2-PSK (Recommended)	
	Wireless Password 33387901 (Enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)	
	O Disable Wireless Security	
	Back Next	

Then you will see an overview of settings. Adopt them by clicking \rightarrow **Finish**.

	TP-Link Wireless N Nano Router WR802N Model No. TL-WR802N
Status	
Quick Setup	
Operation Mode	Quick Setup - Review Setting
Network	
Wireless	Congratulations! The settings is finish, please click finish button to make it work. For detailed settings, please click other
Guest Network	menus if necessary. Changing work mode should be reboot!
DHCP	
System Tools	
_ogout	Confirm the configuration you have set. If anything wrong please go Back to reset. It's recommented to take a note of these settings that you'll need later for reference.
	Wireless Settings
	Operation Mode: WISP
	Wireless Channel: 1
	Wireless Network Name(SSID): TP-Link_59A8
	Wireless Security Mode: WPA2-PSK
	Wireless Password: 33387901
	LAN Settings
	Default Access: http://tplinkwfi.net
	LAN Type: Static IP
	IP Address: 192.168.0.1
	Back Finish



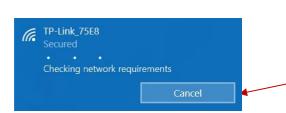
Confirm the following message by clicking \rightarrow **OK**.

The change of operation mode will not take effect until the device reb	nots Would you like to change the operation mode?
	toolo, moulo you nike to shariye the operation mode?
	OK Abbrechen

The settings will be saved, and the system will restart (rebooting).

Quick Setup Operation Mode Network Wireless Guest Network DHCP	Rebooting The system is rebooting. Please wa	ait
Network Wireless Guest Network DHCP	The system is rebooting. Please wa	ait
Wireless Guest Network DHCP		rait
Guest Network DHCP		ait
DHCP	25%	
Contraction		
The Contraction Report Contraction Info		
Forwarding		
Security		
Parental Controls		
Access Control		
Advanced Routing		
Bandwidth Control		
IP & MAC Binding		
Dynamic DNS		
IPv6		
System Tools		
Logout		

The status display shows the progress of the reboot.



Important note: It is possible that the connection from the computer to the TP-link will be interrupted during the reboot. Connect them by clicking \rightarrow **Connect**.

The status screen will open once the reboot is done. You can read different values for the status of the LAN and WiFi connection here.

	TP-Link Wireless N Nano Router WR802N Model No. TL-WR802N	
Status		
Quick Setup	Status	
Operation Mode		
Network	Firmware Version:	0.9.1 3.16 v0001.0 Build 170421 Rel.74156n
Wireless	Hardware Version:	TL-WR802N v4 00000004
Guest Network		
DHCP	LAN	
Forwarding	LAN	
Security	MAC Address:	D8:0D:17:15:75:E8
Parental Controls	IP Address:	
Access Control	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Advanced Routing		
Bandwidth Control	Wireless 2.4GHz	
IP & MAC Binding	Operation Mode:	Hatavat
Dynamic DNS	Wireless Radio:	Hotspot Enabled
IPv6		TP-Link_75E8
System Tools	Mode:	11bgn mixed
Logout	Channel:	Auto(Channel 3)
	Channel Width:	Auto
	MAC Address:	D8:0D:17:15:75:E8
	WAN	
	MAC Address:	D8:0D:17:15:75:E9
	IP Address:	0.0.0(Dynamic IP)
	Subnet Mask:	0.0.0
	Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
	DNS Server:	0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
	System Up Time:	0 day(s) 00:01:41 Refresh



Then, set the IP address of the nano Router on LAN and for DHCP. To do so, select \rightarrow Network in the menu at left and then \rightarrow LAN. Assign the TP-Link the \rightarrow IP address 192.168.0.252 with the \rightarrow Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0.

TL-WR802N	× +	
(←) → 健 ŵ	0 💋 192.168.0.252	
	TP-Link Wireless N Nano Router WR802N Model No. TL-WR802N	
Status		
Quick Setup		LAN Help
Operation Mode	LAN Settings	You can configure the IP parameters of LAN
Network		on this page.
- WAN	MAC Address: D8:0D:17:15:73:76	MAC Address - The physical address
- LAN - MAC Clone	IP Address: 192.168.0.252	of the LAN ports, as seen from the LAN. The value cannot be changed.
Wireless	Subnet Mask: 255.255.2	 IP Address - Enter the IP address of your Device in dotted-decimal notation
Guest Network	233,233,233,0	(factory default - 192.168.0.1). • Subnet Mask - An address code that
DHCP		determines the size of the network. Usually it is 255.255.255.0.
Forwarding	Save	Note:
Security		1. If you change the IP address, you
Parental Controls		must use the new IP address to login
Access Control		to the Device. 2. If the new LAN IP address you set is
Advanced Routing		not in the same subnet with the previous one, the IP Address pool in
Bandwidth Control		the DHCP server will be configured automatically, but the Virtual Server
IP & MAC Binding		and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured
Dynamic DNS		Click the Save button to save your settings.
IPv6		Click the save button to save your settings.
System Tools		
Logout		
		Арр

Then, activate \rightarrow **DHCP** by clicking \rightarrow **Enable** and change the settings displayed here for the IP addresses. Accept these settings with \rightarrow **Save**.

TL-WR802N	× +			
(←) → ♂ ŵ	0 🔏 192.168.0.252		(⊽☆ II\ 🖸 📽 =
	TP-Link Wireless N Nano Route Model No. TL-WR802N	r WR802N		1.1
Status				
Quick Setup				DHCP Settings Help
Operation Mode	DHCP Settings			The device is set up by default as a DHCP
Network				(Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which provides the TCP/IP
Wireless	DHCP Server:	Disable Enable		configuration for all the PCs that are
Guest Network	Start IP Address:	192.168.0.10		connected to the device in the LAN.
DHCP	End IP Address:	192.168.0.20		 DHCP Server - Enable or Disable the server. If you disable the Server,
- DHCP Settings - DHCP Clients List	Lease Time:	120 minutes (1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)		you must have another DHCP server within your network or else
- Address Reservation	Default Gateway:	192.168.0.252 (optional)		you must configure the IP address of the computer manually.
Forwarding	Default Domain:	(optional)		 Start IP Address - This field
Security	DNS Server:	0.0.0.0 (optional)		specifies the first address in the IP Address pool. 192.168.0.100 is the
Parental Controls	Secondary DNS Server:			default start IP address. • End IP Address - This field
Access Control		0.0.0.0 (optional)		specifies the last address in the IP Address pool. 192.168.0.199 is the
Advanced Routing				default end IP address. • Lease Time - The Address Lease
Bandwidth Control		Save		Time is the length of time a
IP & MAC Binding				keep connecting to the device with
Dynamic DNS				the current DHCP Address. Enter the amount of time, in minutes, that
IPv6				the DHCP address will be "leased". The time range is
System Tools				1~2880 minutes. The default value is 120 minutes.
Logout				Default Gateway - (Optional)
				Suggest to input the IP Address of the LAN port of the device, default
			<u>App</u>	value is 192.168.0.1. • Default Domain - (Optional) Input the domain name of your network

Once the TXT controller is switched on, it will be displayed in the \rightarrow DHCP Clients List with its MAC and IP address. If it is not, turn on the TXT controller, wait until it has started up, and then update the view by clicking \rightarrow Refresh.

TL-WR802N	× +									, •	×
(←) → ♂ ₪	0 🔏 1	92.168.0.2	252				(≥ ☆	III\ 🗉	۲	≡
		I k Wirel Io. TL-WR	ess N Nano Rou ^{1802N}	ter WR802N				_	1.1		ļ
Status											
Quick Setup									ients List Help		
Operation Mode	DHCP C	Clients Lis	st								
Network								Address, As	shows Client Na ssigned IP and Lea	se Time	e of
Wireless	This page d	lisplays info	rmation of all DHCP clien	ts on the network.					Client connected to th		
Guest Network		ID	Client Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP	Lease Time		 Client 	it Name - The name o t.	of the D⊦	ICP
DHCP		1	ft-txt_3939	74:DA:EA:98:4D:6D	192.168.0.10	Permanent			Address - The MAC HCP client.	addres	s of
- DHCP Settings			1 U.L_0000	11.0/12/100.10.00	102.100.0.10	- officiation		 Assignment 	gned IP - The IP addr		
- DHCP Clients List								client			
- Address Reservation									e Time - The time o t leased.	f the DH	ICP
Forwarding				Refresh)				change any of the val		thic
Security								page. To up	date this page and t	to show	the
Parental Controls								Refresh butt	nnected devices, cli ton.	ck on	the
Access Control											
Advanced Routing											
Bandwidth Control											
IP & MAC Binding											
Dynamic DNS											
IPv6											
System Tools											
Logout											
							App				

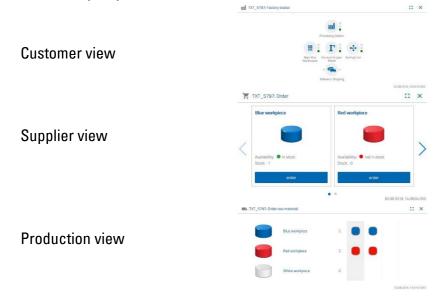
The TXT controller should have a fixed IP address of 192.168.0.10. In the \rightarrow Address Reservation menu, this address can be re-assigned under \rightarrow Edit and then adopted by clicking \rightarrow Save.

TL-WR802N	x +	
(←) → C' û	0 🔏 192.168.0.252	
	TP-Link Wireless N Nano Router WR802N Model No. TL-WR802N	1.2.3.
Status		A
Quick Setup		Address Deconvetion Halp
Operation Mode	DHCP Address Reservation	Address Reservation Help
Network		When you specify a reserved IP address for a PC in the LAN, that PC will always
Wireless	This page displays the static IP address assigned by the DHCP Server and allows you to adjust these configurations by	receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server.
Guest Network	clicking the corresponding fields.	Reserved IP addresses could be assigned to servers that require
DHCP	MAC Address IP Address Status Edit	permanent IP settings.
- DHCP Settings	T4:DA:EA:98:4D:6D 192.168.0.10 Enabled Edit	MAC Address - The MAC Address
- DHCP Clients List		of the PC that you want to reserve an IP address for.
- Address Reservation	Add New Enable Selected Disable Selected Delete Selected	 IP Address - The IP address that the device reserved.
Forwarding		 Status - It shows whether the entry
Security	Refresh	is enabled or not • Edit - To edit or delete an existing
Parental Controls		entry.
Access Control	DHCP Address Reservation	To Reserve IP Addresses, you can follow these steps:
Advanced Routing		1. Enter the MAC Address (The format
Bandwidth Control	The static IP address of the DHCP Server can be configured on this page.	for the MAC Address is
IP & MAC Binding	Group: Default MAC Address: 10.0F. 29.78.81-87	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
Dynamic DNS	MAC Address: 10:CE:A9:28:81:B7	of the computer you wish to add. 2. Click the Save button.
IPv6	Status: Enabled V	To edit a IP Address, you can follow
System Tools		these steps:
Logout	Save Back	 Select the reserved address entry as you desired, edit it. If you wish to delete the entry, select the entry and click the Delete Selected
		App button.

Now, you can unplug the WiFi connection to the nano Router TP link.

Training Factory Industry 4.0dashboard in the fischertechnik cloud

The dashboard can be accessed and operated via mobile devices such as tablets and smartphones as well as laptops and PCs. It enables factory scenarios to be displayed from three different perspectives:



User login

You have to log in before you can use the dashboard. To log in, call up

www.fischertechnik-cloud.com

. The two best Internet browsers to use are "Firefox" or "Google Chrome". Enter the address (URL). It will now appear on the following screen.

Log in at f	ischertechnik	
technik-hw		
	Log in	
New at fischer	technik? Register now	
Forgot passwo	-42	

Important: If this page doesn't load, press "CTRL + F5" at the same time to reload the page. This is a general browser problem.

Click "here" to log in for the first time:

Are you new to fischertechnik? Sign up now...

Fill out all fields and accept the data privacy policies. Check the box, **"I am not a robot"** and answer the questions.

Confirm log-in by clicking:

Register

After signing up, you will be able to log in using your user name and password. As soon as you have done this, the dashboard will start up. After carrying out the next item, the dashboard will populate with data.

Cloud connection

Only one TXT controller will link from the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 to the cloud, which also controls the movable camera. The WiFi connection to the nano Router TP-link is a default setting.

The following settings are required for this TXT to connect to the fischertechnik cloud:

On the TXT, activate the "Settings - Properties

- Cloud Client". Now click on the "Home" button to return to the "Home" screen.

奈 ∄≝ ⊡ TXT-7084	01:12
< ♠	
Role	
Master	
Cloud Client	0
MQTT Broker	
Extension	

Now connect the TXT controller to the fischertechnik cloud using "Settings – Network – Cloud Settings – Pairing New".

Join fischertechnik

Password		
Repeat password		
Birthday		
E-mail		
By registering I agree to	the privacy policy.	
I'm not a robot	reCAPTCHA Privacy-Terms	

Already have an account? Log in ...









If the TXT controller is able to connect to the cloud, then a QR-code and pairing code will display. You now have 30 minutes to add your TXT controller to your account in the cloud. If this period of time elapses before you have done this, you will have to start all over with the pairing process.

You can scan the QR code, e.g., by using the "Quick Scan" app, whereupon you will be automatically directed to the fischertechnik cloud.



Alternatively, you can go to the fischertechnik cloud page to "Settings - Add controller" and manually enter the pairing code there.

Register controller	
Name of the controller *	8
Pairing Code *	
Abort	Store

At this point enter any name you wish for the TXT controller, e.g., its ID, "TXT-7133".

iame of the controller *	
IXT-7133	
airing Code *	
hAle	



Now the TXT controller is connected to the cloud. Under **"File - Cloud"**, load the application **TxtGatewayPLC to the TXT Controller**.



As soon as you have connected to the cloud, start the applications on the TXT controller.

Factory dashboard

This will display with the following screen:

=				te	chnik-hw 🙁 – EN
F	TXT_5797: Order		13 ×	TXT_5797: Factory status	13 ×
<	Blue workpiece	Red workpiece Availability: • not in stock Stock: 0 arder	Whit Avails Stock	Processing Station High-Bay Warehouse Processing Station Sorting Line Sorting Line Delivery / Shipping	
	TXT_5797: Order raw material		ti ×	TXT_5797: Stock	0 ×
	Blue workpiece	з 🖲 🖲 🖨		A. B	С
	Red workpiece	з 🖲 🖲 🖲		2	
	White workpiece	³ O O O		3	

You can change the sequence of the individual screens to adjust your requirements.

Click this button to close or expand the main menu for the cloud.

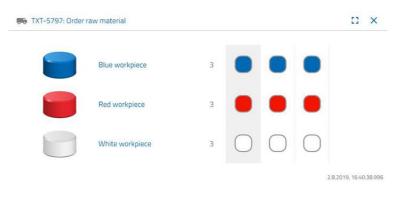
Smart Home	TXT_5797: Order			23	×	TXT		53	×			
Training Factory Industry 4.0 4 Settings	Blue workpiece Availability: Availability: Tordier Availability: Tordier Availability: Tordier Tordier				>	Processing Station High-Bay Warehouse Delivery / Shypping						
	TXT_5797: Or	der raw material				×	🔛 ТХТ	_5797: Stock			53	×
		Blue workpiece	3				1	A	В	C		
eLearning-Portal		Red workpiece	3	•			2					
fischertechnik												

Ξ

The individual windows and their functions at a glance:

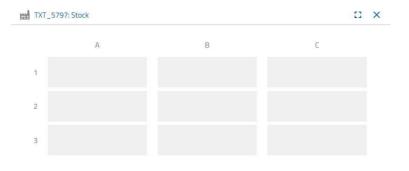
Order raw material

The **"Order raw material" view**: The view indicates which raw material is missing and needs to be reordered.



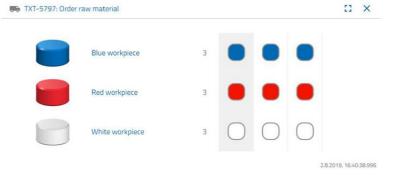
Inventory

You can see how many raw materials were stored in the high-bay warehouse in the **"Inventory"** window. The stock is changed according to the number and colour if goods are removed.



Order

This window shows how much raw material (blue, red, white) is in the warehouse. If, for example, a red workpiece is placed on the shelf, the colour display and stock value changes.



Factory status

The current working status of the overall factory is displayed in the **"Factory status"** window. "Icon is highlighted in blue" will be displayed if, for example, the vacuum suction gripper is currently being used.

Production status

In this window, you see the blueprint of the production process right after you have ordered a workpiece. This allows you to keep track of where the workpiece currently is in the factory.

The NFC reader

This window always displays the NFC reader's current status.

But you can also hang a workpiece and read out the data of the NFC tag.

Click "Delete" to delete the contents on the NFC tag.







Dashboard camera

Camera

The **"Camera"** screen displays the camera section of your factory.

This corresponds to a live recording of the factory.

Camera control

This screen gives you the power to control your camera live. You can thus get an overview of the entire factory.



TXT_5797: Camera control

TXT_5797: Camera

Step size 10° Contro with th

Control the camera

with the virtual joystick. The red dot indicates where the centre of the camera is. Use the **"Step size"** button to set the degree by which the camera rotates when the arrow is clicked. The two red buttons can be used to centre or stop the camera.

Take a snapshot

The **"Snapshot for the Current Image"** button lets you place the current image in the Gallery screen.

Gallery

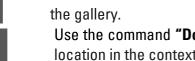
All the images you have created are saved in the "Gallery" window. Use the arrow keys to scroll through the gallery. The current picture is displayed zoomed. Click "Delete" to remove an image from the gallery.



: :: ×

: C ×

Step size 10° 👻



Use the command **"Download"** to store the image for further use. Specify a storage location in the context menu that opens.

Dashboard Environmental Station

In addition to the camera function, you can view and process the information from the environmental sensor.

Current air quality

TXT_5797: Current air quality		1	[] >
	IAQ: 0 Accurac; 1 12:56:48:303		
	Calibration required		

The "**Current air quality**" window lets you see a value of the air quality, which is indicated by the three rectangles. The displays will be switched on depending on the quality of the air when it is measured. Green means that the air quality is very good; green and yellow indicate that it is good; yellow means satisfactory; yellow and red signify that the air quality is adequate and red means that the air quality is bad.

The **"More"** button (this applies to all environmental sensor windows) let's you choose between **"Graph"**, **"Single value"** and **"Download"**.



You will get a graphical representation of the measured values if you select **"Graph"**. Use the scroll bar to scroll through all recorded data.

	Link - an an off-	2歳 米市市で10・0・1日	1110 100	I II O O NI I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	en (1)
AT V	A E = anes	nejikéco)	0	100	
data:tim	a indoor a	r quality;iaq	accuracy	6	
uate,um	e,indoor ja		accuracy		
4. ·	1	5 2019;17:07:30;63;0			
8	7	5 2019;17:08:30;81;0			_
4	7	52019;17:12:26;63;0			
5	7	5 2019:17:13:40:63:0			
6	7	52019;17:14:40,80;0			1
2	7	5 2019;17:17:05;63;0			
6	7	52019;17:18:05;76;0			
	7	5 2019;17:19:05;110;	0		
10	7	5 2019;17:20:38;195;	D		
11	7	5 2019;17:21:38;267;			
12	7	5 2019; 17:22:38; 288;	2		

If you select **"Download"**, the data will be downloaded as a .csv file and can be downloaded and displayed in OpenOffice Calc or Excel. The data can then be further processed.

Current brightness

The **"Current brightness"** window displays a brightness value in %, as well as the time at which the measured value was taken. Also visible are the brightness variations.



2.8.2019, 22:16:37.381

Current air pressure



The **"Current air pressure"** window displays the air pressure in hPa (Hecto-Pascal) and the time at which the measured value was generated.

Current humidity

The **"Current humidity"** window displays a value for relative humidity as a %.



TXT_5797

Customer view

Supplier view

Production view

 Monitoring

Add

TXT_5797: Current temperature	:	0	×
*C 60 50 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80			

Current temperature

The **"Current temperature"** window displays the current temperature (ambient temperature) of the measuring sensor in ° C.

Other buttons



Use the "**Add window**" button to add a hidden window. If you activate the button, a context menu appears from which you can show a dashboard window.



Use this button to shoot the current window.



Use this button to zoom the current window to full screen mode.

This button shows and hides the left status bar.

The button shows which profile you are logged in under. Clicking on the arrow will bring up a context menu. Here, you can select **"Profiles"** or **"Logout"**. Selecting **"Profiles"** will open another context menu in which you can set settings for your profile. Click **"Logout"** to log out of the fischertechnik cloud.

A context menu for selecting the language will display if you activate the arrow that comes after **"DE"**.

The status bar shows three selections that you can activate by clicking on them. The first two buttons let you choose whether you want to work with the factory simulation dashboard or just the environmental station dashboard.

Activating the **"Settings"** button will display a context menu where you can view and change various parameters relating to your TXT controller.

Settings						
Controller	Linences.	Genages				
Controller				۹	Φ	+
T httFactoryMain 0.5.0			٩	Q 10	1	





Operating the factory with the fischertechnik cloud



To start factory operation, first load the PLC program and then set CPU1512SP to RUN.

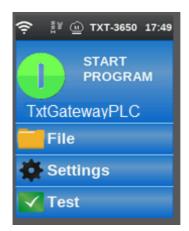
This is described in the section **Commissioning and adapting the SIMATIC controller CPU1512SP**.

Then start the application on the TXT controller as described here:



When the TXT controller is switched on, the program is loaded automatically by "Auto Load," and just needs to be started by pressing **"Start Program"** on the touch display.

The following application will run on the TXT Controller:



"TxtGatewayPLC"



This application is on the TXT Controller under: **File - Cloud**



Control at end: The program on the TXT Controller must run. This is recognizable by the red symbol on the controller display.

Then the IOT gateway should be restarted. Do so using the "fischertechnik Node RED Dashboard". In the "HMI – Main" view, click **RESTART** in the "Factory Control via OPCUA" window to easily switch the power supply on and off.

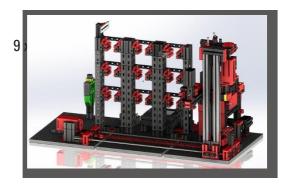
Once the programs on the PLC, the IOT gateway and the TXT Controller are started, the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 will be ready for operation.



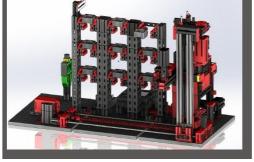
You will learn to operate the factory and the dashboard by carrying out the following tasks.

Task 1

Before raw material can be stored in the high-bay warehouse, the compartments must be equipped with the supplied empty containers. This is the first task you need to perform as a warehouseman.







Your dashboard looks like this:

Blue workpiece	Red workpiece	White workpiece
Availability: • not in stock Stock: 0	Availability: • not in stock Stock: 0	Ausilability: • net in stock Stock: 0
		ander



₩ TXT_57	97: Stock		c ×
	A	В	c
1			
2			
3			

Purchase order Blue, red, white not available, stock 0

Raw materials order No order placed

Inventory Inventory empty, since no raw materials were stored



Important note: If this is not the case, you can use the included key fob (with integrated NFC tag) to reset the dashboard windows to their default settings. Alternatively, you can also use the Node-RED dashboard



Task 2

Order raw material that should be stored in the high-bay warehouse as stock. To do this, manually store the raw material in the input station.

First, only store a white stone as a workpiece.



Enter a white stone in the material input. The workpiece (raw material) interrupts the photoelectric barrier. This process is identified as "Inbound Delivery" and highlighted in green in the "Production Process" dashboard window with the "Delivery" icon.





Then the vacuum suction gripper moves to the storage position, picks up the raw material and moves it to the NFC reader.

The dashboard window displays the process as follows:

Delivery and vacuum suction grippers are active and are displayed in green.





At this point, all data is deleted that is located on the NFC tag for the raw material (already described).





The raw material colour is determined in the next step. To do this, the vacuum suction gripper moves the raw material over the colour sensor. The data is then available to the NFC reader for further processing. Before the raw material is stored, the determined colour data and further



information such as delivery data and quality controlling data are written on the NFC tag using the NFC reader. Since both factory modules (delivery and vacuum pads) are still active, this will continue to be displayed in green on the production process dashboard.



This data is displayed in the "NFC Reader" dashboard window.

What happens next?



The high-bay warehouse provides an empty container to hold the raw materials. For the raw material to be placed in the empty container, the gripper arm moves into the position for an empty container, picks it up with its slider and deposits it on the input/output device.



The container is transported via container to the input position.



The vacuum suction arm rotates to the discharge position, moves down and places the raw material into the waiting container.



The input/output device then transports the container with the raw material to the high-bay warehouse gripper arm's receiving position. At this point, the container is picked up, transported to the storage location in the high bay and stored there.





The "Production process" dashboard window shows the next steps in the storage process. The icons for all active factory modules light up in green when the factory modules are in action.

Look at the following dashboard window - TXT: Order raw material, TXT: Inventory and TXT: Order.

TXT: Order raw material

There are 3 workpieces available for ordering raw materials.

The maximum number of white stones will be reduced by one in the "TXT: order raw materials" dashboard

window. After you have done this, you will still have two workpieces available for storing.

TXT: Inventory

You will now see a white stone displayed in the storage system in the "TXT: Inventory status" dashboard window This means that you can order this workpiece as a customer and have it processed.

TXT: Purchase order

The dashboard window "TXT: Order" will now be displayed, showing that there is a white stone in the warehouse and it can be ordered.

TXT_5797: Order
C1 ×

Blue workpiece

Availability: • not in stock

Stock: 0

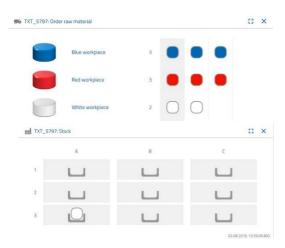
order

Order

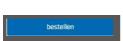
Order

Order

02.08.2019, 13:39:37.374







Task 3

Order raw material that is to be stored in the high-bay warehouse as stock. To do this, manually store the raw material in the input station.

Now store a blue stone as a workpiece.

As described in Task 2, insert a blue stone in the high-bay warehouse. The dashboard will display the results once the foot-away work has been accomplished.

						TXT_5797: Order	ci ×
TXT_5797: Order raw material		c ×	TXT_5797: Stock		0 ×	Blue workpiece	Red workpiece
Blue workpiece	2		А	В	c		
Red workpiece	3 🔴 🔴	•	2			Availability: in stock Stock 1	Availability: not in stock Stock: 0
White workpiece	2 () ()		3			order	order
		02.08.2019, 13:41:59:149			02.08.2019, 13.42.19.429		 02.08.2019, 14:28.04.550

Task 4

Store additional raw materials for storage in the high-bay warehouse. You still need two white and one red workpieces.



Task 5

Put yourself in the position of a customer, who, for example, would like to order a white workpiece. Order a white workpiece.



To do this, click on the blue "Purchase order" button in the "TXT: PO" dashboard window.





This happens at the factory: The transport arm of the highbay warehouse moves into the "white workpiece" insert position.

The transport arm picks this up and put it in the high-bay warehouse's in-/output station. From there, it is transported to the receiving position on the vacuum suction gripper.

The vacuum suction gripper picks up the workpiece at the picking position and places it on the slider in the kiln.





The workpiece is inserted, fired and moved out of the oven again.

The available small transport carriage with vacuum suction takes over the transport to the processing machine referred to as the "milling machine".

The transport carriage with vacuum suction places the part on the turntable, which then turns it to the milling machine. After the milling process has been carried out, the workpiece is rotated another 90 degrees and pneumatically pushed onto a conveyor belt.















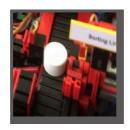
On the way to the sorting device, the workpiece undergoes colour detection.



Depending on the detected colour, the workpiece is pushed pneumatically from the conveyor belt on a material chute. The workpiece is located in a receiving area and can be transported from here using the vacuum suction gripper.



The gripper places the workpiece on the NFC reader for the final inscription. There it is loaded with workpiecerelated data such as the order date, manufacturing or delivery data.









Finally, the workpiece is placed in the output tray at the input-output station.

You can also follow the steps on the dashboard:

Raw material is taken from the high-bay warehouse and fed to the processing process.

Raw material is processed in the multi-processing station (kiln, milling machine).

A machined workpiece is sorted by colour and the NFC reader provides it with workpiece-relevant data.

The workpiece is ready for delivery and can be removed from the system.



TYT 5707.0

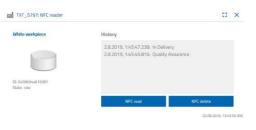
Task 6

A white stone has accidentally fallen off the high bay and you want to know what data was written on the NFC tag.

The system must be at rest to do this. Place the workpiece on the NFC reader and activate the "Read NFC" button in the "TXT: NFC Reader" dashboard window.

The NFC reader reads the data and displays it in the dashboard window.

If necessary, you can delete the data using the "Delete NFC" button.



Task 7

Evaluate data from your environmental station. To do this, first show the data in the graph area of the dashboard view. Save the data as a .csv file and use it in a spreadsheet program.

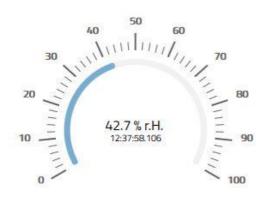
Determine data on brightness of the environment in your factory.

+

Determine current temperature data for your factory and edit in a spreadsheet program.

Determine the humidity values over a longer period of time and have them displayed graphically on the dashboard.







Single value

Download

Curve

Task 8

Use the built-in camera to monitor your factory. Move the camera around your factory and take 2 pictures of the factory. Save an image for documentation. Delete unnecessary pictures from the gallery.

To move the camera, use the "TXT:

Camera control" dashboard window.

The buttons used for this task have already been explained previously in the description of the dashboard.

Move the camera around your factory. Move the vertical and horizontal axes of your camera using the "blue arrow buttons".

The factory section that the camera is currently recording is also displayed in the "TXT: Camera" dashboard window.

Select three pictures and save them in the "TXT: Gallery" dashboard window. Use the "Take snapshot for the current image" button.

Select 1 picture from the gallery, one that you would like to further process in an image editing program. To do this, click on the "Download" button

. A context menu appears in which you specify the storage location and the file name.

Click the "Delete" button to delete unwanted pictures.



TXT_5797: Camera control

0





Step size 10° -

: :: ×

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5



Training Factory Industry 4.0fischertechnik Node-RED dashboard

The fischertechnik Node-RED dashboard is designed to be a local HMI operating interface (Human Machine Interface) in a local network (LAN). It can be started easily in a web browser (recommended: Firefox or Chrome) by entering:

192.168.0.5:1880/ui

(IP address of the IoT gateway: Port 1880 / ui as the name of the application)

The following views are available here:

HMI – Main

Click

The camera image and the workpieces stored in the high-bay warehouse are displayed in this menu.

In the **"Factory Control via OPCUA"** window, you can click **CLEAR** to reset assignment of the high-bay warehouse.

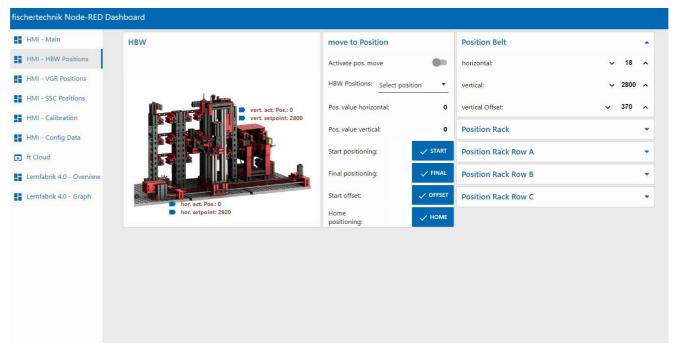
ACK to acknowledge errors in the Training Factory Industry 4.04.0.

Click **Click** to restart the IOT gateway. This is required when the PLC program has been restarted.



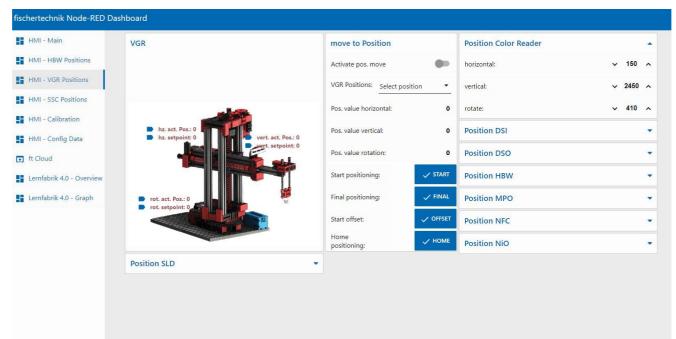
HMI – HBW Positions

The positions of the stacker crane in the automated high-bay warehouse station (HBW) can be calibrated and monitored in this menu.



HMI – VGR Positions

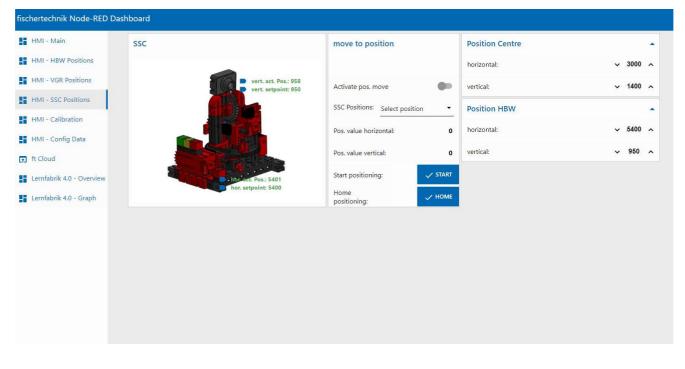
The positions of the 3-axis robot in the vacuum suction gripper (VGR) station can be calibrated and monitored in this menu.





HMI – SSC Positions

The positions of the camera in the sensor station with camera (SSC) can be calibrated and monitored in this menu.



HMI - Calibration

The colour sensors in the sensor station with camera (SSC) and the colour sensor and positions on the sorting line with colour detection (SLD) can be calibrated in this menu.

HMI - Main	Color sensor calibration	 SLD push out counter 	·
HMI - HBW Positions	Calibrate color sensor	Calibrate push out	
HMI - VGR Positions	Sensor selection: Select sensor	 pushout val. white: 	v 5 ^
HMI - SSC Positions		pushout val. red:	v 16 A
HMI - Calibration	Color sensor actual value:	0 pushout val. blue:	v 26 A
HMI - Config Data	Color value white:	0 Set calibration value:	✓ SET
n ft Cloud	Color value red:		
Lernfabrik 4.0 - Overview		0	
Lernfabrik 4.0 - Graph	Color value blue:	0	
	Set calibration value:	RED V BLUE	
	Threshold white-red	0	
	Threshold red-blue	0	
	Calculate threshold:		



HMI – Config Data

After calibrating the colour sensors and positions, the data in the **"Save Data"** window from the PLC can be stored in a *.csv file in this menu.

The calibration data from a *.csv file can be loaded to the PLC in the **"Load Data"** window.

fischertechnik Node-RED	Dashboard				
HMI - Main		Save Data		Load Data	
HMI - HBW Positions		save Config Data to file	B	load Config Data to PLC	*
HMI - VGR Positions		Download Co	onfigData.csv		
HMI - SSC Positions					
HMI - Calibration					
HMI - Config Data					
ft Cloud					
Lernfabrik 4.0 - Overview					
Lernfabrik 4.0 - Graph					

ft Cloud

The fischertechnik cloud can be accessed in this menu. There must be an internet connection to do so.

Smart Home	📜 TXT_5797: Order					13 ×	TXT_57	97: Factory status		13	3 ×
Training Factory Industry 4.0	Blue workpiece	Red workpiece		White workp	piece						
Settings				1					Processing Station		
				1							
	Availability: not in stock Stock: 0	Availability: not in stock Stock: 0		Availability:	not in stock				igh-Bay Vacuum Gripper Sorting Line Robot		
									• 🚒 •		
									Delivery / Shipping		
					4.8.201	0, 21:40:24.494				4.8.2019, 21	
	TXT_5797: Order raw material	(0 ×	₩ TXT_57	97: Stock		1	: ×
					-			A	В	с	
	Blue wor	kpiece 3	•	•	•		1				
	Red work	kpiece 3									
			-		-		2				
	White wo	orkpiece 3	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		3				
					4.8.201	0, 21:40:24:494				4.8.2019, 21.	1:40:24.45
eLearning-Portal											
eLearning-Portal fischertechnik	TXT_5797: Production process	ĩ				c ×	TXT_57	97: Camera		: ::	: ×

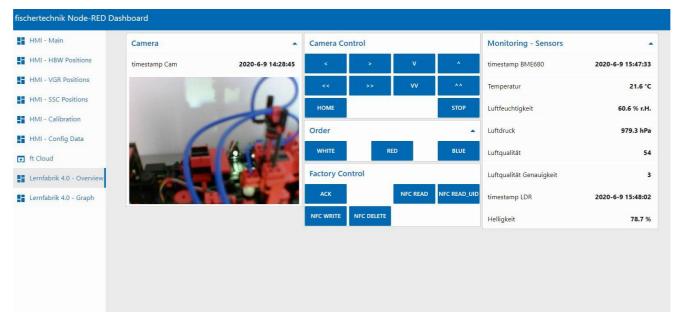
Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 – Overview

The camera image and the sensor data are displayed in this menu.

In addition, a camera controller is available in the "Camera Control" window.

An order for a white, red, or blue workpiece can be executed in the "Order" window.

Errors can be acknowledged and commands to delete, read and write NFC tags can be executed in the **"Factory Control"** window.



Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 – Graph

Graphs for environmental data can be accessed in different windows in this menu.

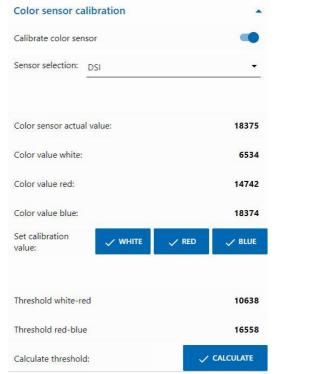
fischertechnik Node-RED Dashboard						
HMI - Main	Monitoring - Helligkeit	•				
HMI - HBW Positions	Monitoring - Temperatur	Monitoring - Temperatur				
HMI - VGR Positions	Monitoring - Luftfeuchtigkeit	-				
HMI - SSC Positions	Monitoring - Luftdruck	•				
HMI - Calibration	Monitoring - Luftqualität					
HMI - Config Data	Luftqualität Graph					
 Lernfabrik 4.0 - Overview Lernfabrik 4.0 - Graph 	150					
	100					
	50					
	0 14.48.00 14.53.00 14.58.00 15.03.00 15.08.00 15.13.00 15.18.00 15.23.00 15.28.00 15.33.00 15.38.00 15.43.00 15.	49:00				

Calibrating the system in the Training Factory Industry 4.0fischertechnik Node-RED Dashboard

If positions in the individual factory modules are no longer correct, or if the colour sensors need to be recalibrated, this can be completed in the fischertechnik Node-RED dashboard of the Learning Factory.

Calibrating the colour sensors:

The colour sensors are calibrated in the "Colour sensor calibration" window in the dashboard under "HMI - Calibration".



The process is started by activating "Calibrate colour
sensor" and selecting the relevant colour sensor. Here, for example, this is "DSI" .
- DSI stands for the colour sensor on the input / output station
- SLD stands for the colour sensor on the sorting station
First, place the white workpiece in the centre of the
sensor and confirm the value by clicking vehice, then place the red workpiece and confirm by clicking
and finally place the blue workpiece and
confirm by clicking
Finally, click CALCULATE to calculate threshold values.
Note: At the end, do not forget to deactivate "Calibrate

Calibration of colour sensors in the sorting station (SLD) is completed in the same way, although in this case each workpiece is placed on the start of the belt for measurement. The conveyor belt then transports the workpiece past the colour sensor to the light barrier behind the colour sensor.

colour sensor"

Calibrating positions on the sorting line with colour detection (SLD):

The positions to push out the workpieces in the sorting line with colour detection (SLD) are calibrated in the **"SLD push out counter"** window in the dashboard under **"HMI - calibration"**.

SLD push out counter			
,			
Calibrate push out			
pushout val. white:	~	5	^
pushout val. red:	~	16	^
pushout val. blue:	~	26	^
Set calibration value:		🗸 s	ET

The process is started by activating "Calibrate push out" .

Then, first test whether the current positions are correct for all 3 colours (white/red/blue).

Do so by placing the workpieces on the start of the conveyor belt. The conveyor belt will then transport the workpiece past the colour sensor to the set positions on the relevant ejection point. The part is ejected there.

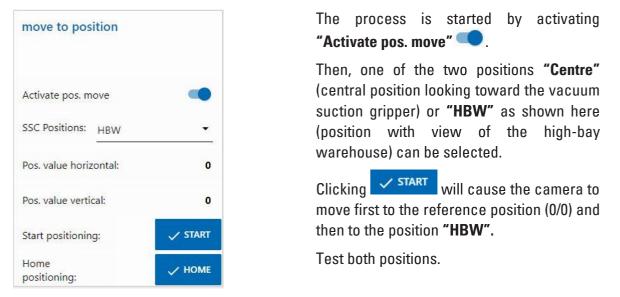
If the position is not correct, it can be corrected and adopted by clicking . Then the test should be completed again. Repeat this process as long as necessary for all 3 colours (white/red/blue) until the positions are correct.

Note: At the end, do not forget to deactivate "Calibrate push out"



Calibrating a position on the sensor station with camera (SSC):

The camera positions in the sensor station with camera (SSC) are calibrated in the windows **"move to position"**, **"Position Centre"** and **"Position HBW"** in the dashboard under **"HMI - SSC Positions"**.



If one of the positions is not correct, it can be corrected in the **"Position Centre"** or **"Position HBW"** windows. Then the test should be completed again.

Repeat this process until all positions are correct.

Position Centre				Position HBW			
horizontal:	~	3000	^	horizontal:	~	5400	^
vertical:	~	1400	^	vertical:	~	950	^

Click V HOME

to move to the reference position (0/0).

Note: At the end, do not forget to deactivate "Activate pos. move"



Calibrating a position for the vacuum suction gripper (VGR):

The positions of the 3-axis robot in the vacuum suction gripper station (VGR) are calibrated in the dashboard under **"HMI - VGR Positions"**. Here, there are the window **"move to position"** and 13 windows for the positions

Position Color Reader

"Position Colour Reader", "Position DSI collect", "Position DSI discard", "Position DSO collect", "Position DSO discard", "Position HBW collect", "Position HBW discard", "Position MPO", "Position NFC", "Position NOK", "Position SLD white", "Position SLD red" and "Position SLD blue".

move to Pos	ition	
Activate pos. m	-	
VGR Positions:	•	
Pos. value horiz	ontal:	2070
Pos. value verti	1480	
Pos. value rotat	950	
Start positionin	🗸 START	
Final positionin	g:	🗸 FINAL
Start offset:		
Home positioning:		

Position DSI•Position DSO•Position HBW•Position MPO•Position NFC•Position NiO•Position SLD•

-

The process is started by activating **"Activate pos. move"**

Then one of the positions, for example position **"DSO discard"** can be selected.

Click **START** to cause the 3-axis robot to move first to the reference position (0/0/0) and then to a position above (offset by the value Offset) the position **"DSO discard"**.

Click **FINAL** and it will move to the final position, then back to the reference position (0/0/0).

The button **OFFSET** is non-functional here.

Test all 13 positions in this way.

orizontal:	~	2070	
		2070	^
ertical Collect:	~	1480	^
ertical Discard:	~	1480	^
otate:	~	950	^
ertical Offset:	~	200	^

If one of the positions is not correct, it can be corrected in the position windows, here for example **"Position DSO"**. Then the test should be completed again.

Repeat this process until all positions are correct.

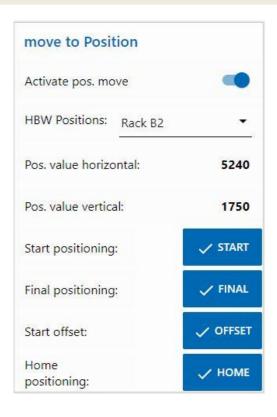
Note: At the end, do not forget to deactivate "Activate pos. move"

Calibrating a position for the automated high-bay warehouse (HBW):

The positions of the stacker crane in the automated high-bay warehouse station (HBW) are calibrated in the dashboard under **"HMI - HBW Positions"**. Here, there are the window **"move to position"** and 5 windows for the positions

"Position Belt",	Position Belt	•
"Position Rack"		
with the offset for the rack,	Position Rack	-
"Position Rack Row A",	Position Rack Row A	-
"Position Rack Row B",		
and	Position Rack Row B	•
"Position Rack Row C",	Position Rack Row C	•

Only the positions Rack A1, Rack B2 and Rack C3 are approached and calibrated in the warehouse. The other 6 position values are calculated on this basis.



The process is started by activating **"Activate pos. move"**.

Then one of the positions, for example position **"Rack B2"** (position B2 in the warehouse) can be selected.

Clicking **START** will cause the stacker crane to move first to the reference position (0/0/Cantilever rear) and then to the position **"Rack B2" before the warehouse.**

Click **FINAL** to move the cantilever into the warehouse.

Click **OFFSET** to move the stacker crane up by the value offset to lift a pallet.

Click **OFFSET** once again to move the stacker crane back down by the value offset, then move the cantilever in and finally back to the reference position (0/0/Cantilever rear)

Test all 3 positions in the warehouse (A1, B2, C3) and the positions on the belt.

Position Rack			
vertical Offset:	~	<u>370</u>	^
Position Rack Row B			
B2 horizontal:	~	5240	^
B2 vertical:	~	1750	~

If one of the positions is not correct, this can be corrected in the position windows, here for example**"Position Rack Row B"** (Position Rack B2). Then the test should be completed again.

Repeat this process until all positions are correct.

HOME to move to the reference position (0/0/Cantilever rear).

Note: At the end, do not forget to deactivate "Activate pos. move"

Click

Components description

The most important components of the factory modules are described on the following pages.

Actuators

Both encoder motors and fischertechnik-specific mini motors are installed in the individual stations.

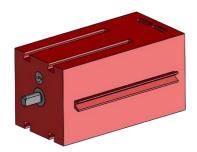
Encoder motor:

The encoder motors are permanently energised DC motors. The encoder motors used here can be used to determine paths with a quadrature encoder (signal A, B).

The encoder motors operate at a nominal voltage of 24 VDC and have a maximum power of 0.9 W and at a maximum speed of 200 RPMs. Power consumption at maximum power is 180 mA.

The encoders generate 3 pulses per rotation of the motor shaft. The integrated transmission has a ration of 20.4:1. Therefore, one rotation of the shaft coming out of the transmission corresponds to 61.2 pulses of the encoder.

A four-wire cable is used to connect the encoder.



Mini motor

If conveyor belts or processing machines are used in the individual stations, they are driven by a mini-motor. This compact motor is a permanently energised DC motor that can be used in conjunction with a plug-in U transmission

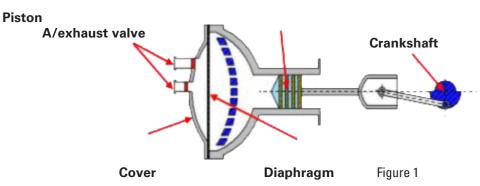
. The motor's rated voltage is 24 V and the current consumption is a maximum of 400 mA. The motor has a maximum torque of 6.92 mNm and an idling speed of 10,910 RPMs. The U-transmission has a ratio of 64.8: 1 and a lateral output.

Compressor:

A diaphragm pump is used if a compressed air source is required at the stations.

Such a diaphragm pump consists of two chambers, which are separated by a membrane (see Figure 1). In one of these two chambers, a piston is moved back and forth by an eccentric, which reduces or increases the volume in the other chamber. When the piston moves to the right, the diaphragm is pulled back, sucking air into the second chamber via the inlet valve. If the piston moves to the left,

the diaphragm pushes the air out of the pump head via the outlet valve. The compressor here uses a rated voltage of 24 VDC and generates an overpressure of 0.7 bar. The compressor's maximum current consumption is 36 mA.



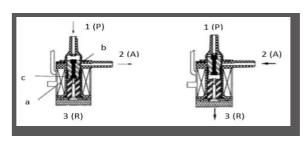




3/2-way solenoid valve:

3/2-way solenoid valves are used to control the pneumatic cylinders. These switching valves have three connections and two switching states. A coil (a) that works against a spring (c) carries out the switching operations. When a voltage is applied to the coil, the coil's mounted core (b), which is mounted so that it can slide, moves against the spring and thereby opens the valve due to the Lorentz force.

In this case, opening means that the compressed air connection (current designation: 1, old name: P) is connected to the cylinder port (2, formerly A). If this voltage drops, the spring pushes the core back and closes the valve again. In this position, the cylinder port (2, formerly A) is connected to the vent (3, formerly R). The figure shows a schematic representation of the 3/2-way solenoid valve.



Pneumatic cylinders:

The factory has a total of 5 single-acting cylinders with spring installed. These are controlled by the 3/2-way solenoid valves. A piston divides the volume of the cylinder into two chambers on pneumatic cylinders. A pressure difference between these two chambers results in a force that acts on the piston, thereby displacing it. This shift corresponds to a volume change in both chambers. Installing a return spring saves on a second air connection with 3/2-way valve. When the 3/2-way solenoid valve is opened, the air produced in the compressor flows to port 1 on the cylinder and pushes the piston forward against the spring force. To do this, the piston rod extends forwards. When the solenoid valve closes the air supply, the spring pushes the piston back to the initial position.

Vacuum cups:

The suction function on the vacuum suction device is achieved by using two pneumatic cylinders which are controlled by means of a 3/2-way solenoid valve. In order to generate a negative pressure, i.e., a pressure which is lower than the ambient pressure, two cylinders are mechanically coupled in the vacuum gripper. If a cylinder is then subjected to overpressure, both piston rods extend, resulting in an increase in volume in the chamber that the vacuum closes. This increase in volume causes a pressure drop in this chamber.

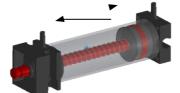
Mini-button:

Mini-pushbuttons are used as reference switches. They are used for position determination using a point-to-point movement, for example, at the turntable. The miniature pushbutton used here is equipped with a changeover contact and can be used both as a normally closed contact and as a make contact.

Pressing the button creates a conductive connection between contact 1 and contact 3, whereas the connection between contact 1 and contact 2 is disconnected. The figure shows the schematic circuit diagram of the mini-pushbutton.









nicht betätigt

(3)

2

3

1

(2)

LED

An LED is an electronic component which converts electrical energy into light. The abbreviation LED stems from the English "Light Emitting Diode".

LED for creating light in a light barrier and as a lamp

This LED's light frequency controls a photo-resistor. The "+" and "L" identify the module. Another feature is the vitreous body. It bundles rays, so that the light beams hit the phototransistor in parallel to one another, and not scattered.

Sensors

Photo-transistor

Photo-transistors are electronic components that react to light. Photo-transistors usually only have two connections, the collector and the emitter. The base is replaced by the incident light. Light from the LED that hits the photo-transistor switches the current flow. This behaviour can be evaluated using program technology.

Photo-resistor

A photo-resistor is an electronic component whose electrical resistance changes when light strikes it. In many descriptions you will also find the name LDR. This term comes from the English word, "light-dependent resistor".

Important: The photo-resistor has a resistance value of 0 - >1MOhm (in complete darkness). The TXT Controller software lets you read a maximum value of 15,000

sensors









Environment sensor



The sensor, which is located on a circuit board in the housing, is used to measure gas, air pressure, humidity and air temperature. The component is

connected to the TXT controller via a ribbon cable.



The data is continuously measured and stored in a CSV file that can be opened in Excel, for example. The values can be viewed in the fischertechnik cloud.

These images show a part of the dashboard of the environmental station.



Colour sensor

Colour sensors are used in the automation technology to check the colour or a colour print. For example, this is done to ensure that the correct components were installed. The fischertechnik colour sensor emits white light, which different colour surfaces reflect to different degrees. The photo-transistor is used to measure the intensity of reflected light and

a voltage value between 0 V and 9 V is output. The measured value depends on the ambient brightness as well as the distance of the sensor from the coloured surface. The connection is made via three cables. The red cable is attached to a 9V output (generated from 24V), the green cable is connected to ground, and the black cable for the measured value is connected to a 0-10V analogue input on the PLC. This measured value (0-9 V) is digitised into a whole number between 0 and 24883.



NFC-Tags NTAG213 22mm

Each workpiece has its own unique ID and displays the following data: Status, colour and time stamp from delivery to dispatch. This information is saved on the tags. The tags are integrated into the workpiece, which lets them be used directly.

PN532 V3 NFC-reader

This component describes and reads out the NFC-tags. The production view on the NFC/RFID reader displays the workpiece data and can be used to read or delete workpieces manually. The raw data on the

NFC tags can be read out using a standard NFC app from mobile devices with NFC readers. The NFCreader is connected to an I²C interface and a 3.3 V power supply at the EXT connection on the TXT controller.

nano Router TP-Link

The connection to the fischertechnik cloud is established via the WiFi router supplied and integrated into the learning factory. We recommend using the web browsers such as Chrome or Firefox. The cloud can be used via a personal access, which is created once (www.fischertechnik-cloud.com). The cloud servers

are located in Germany and ensure that strict European requirements apply to data storage.

Personal data is protected in an account with password access that uses extremely secure "OAuth2" industry standard. All data sent to the cloud is transmitted encrypted with certificates (https standard, green lock in web browser).

Camera

The surveillance camera mounted on the multi-processing station (MPO) is connected to the TXT controller via a USB interface. It can be controlled using the dashboard in the fischertechnik cloud.







TXT controller

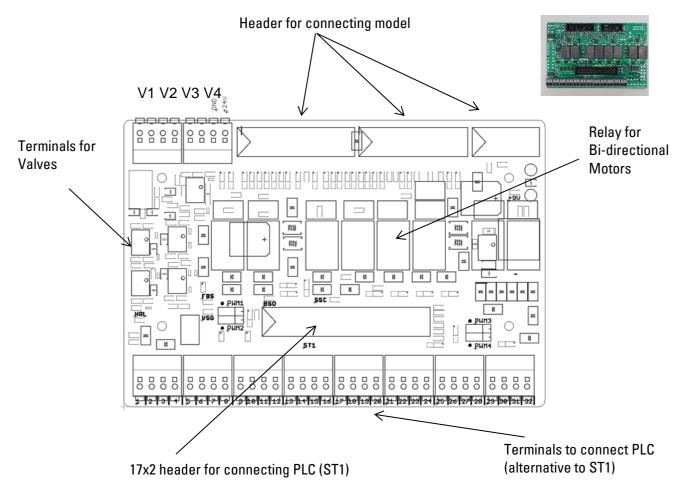
The complete performance data for the TXT controller can be viewed at www.fischertechnik.de/simulieren, here are the most important features:

- Dual Processor: ARM Cortex A8 (32-bit/600MHz) + Cortex M3
- Storage capacity: 256 MB DDR3 RAM, 128 MB Flash
- Storage extension: Micro SD card slot
- Display: colour 2.4-inch touch display (320x240 pixels) 8 universal inputs: Digital/Analogue 0-9VDC, Analogue 0-5 $k\Omega$
- Display: colour 2.4" touch display (320x240 pixels)
- 4 quick counter inputs: Digital, frequency up to 1 kHz
- 4 motor outputs 9 V/250 mA (max.: 800 mA): Infinitely variable speed, short-circuit-proof, alternatively 8 individual outputs, e.g. for lamps
- Combined Bluetooth/WiFi wireless module: BT 2.1 EDR+ 4.0, WiFi 802.11 b/g/n
- Infrared receiver diode
- USB 2.0 client: Mini USB port for connection with the PC
- USB Host port: USB-A port for fischertechnik USB camera, USB sticks, etc.
- Camera interface: via USB host, Linux camera drivers integrated in the operating system
- 10-pole pin row to increase inputs and outputs as well as I2C-port
- Integrated loudspeaker
- Integrated real-time clock with replaceable buffer battery for recording the measured values in a defined period
- Linux based Open-Source operating system
- Programming possible with ROBO Pro, C-Compiler, PC-Library, etc.
- Power supply: 9V DC 3.45 mm port, or fischertechnik 2.5 mm ports



24V adapter board

There is an adapter board on every Factory module for connecting to the PLC; it is structured as follows:



PLC / controller system requirements:

If a different controller besides a PLC SIMATIC S7-1500 is used, such as an Arduino, the following requirements must be fulfilled.

- Interface to the adapter board compatible with 24V
- Maximum cycle time of 10 ms



Assigning the 17x2 header (ST1) for PLC connection:

Terminals								
+24V (actuators)	1		2	+24V (sensors)				
0V (GND)	3		4	0V (GND)				
1	5		6	12				
13	7		8	14				
15	9		10	16				
17	11		12	18				
	13		14					
	15 🗆		16					
Q1	17		18	02				
03	19 🖵		20	Q4				
Q5	21		22	Q6				
۵7	23		24	Q8				
	25		26					
	27		28					
	29		30					
	31		32					
GND	33		34	GND				

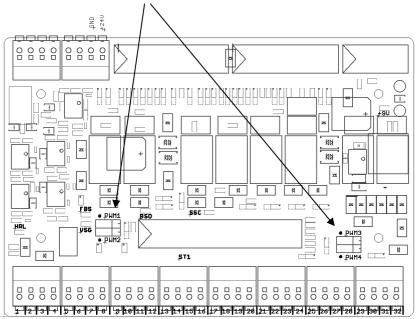
Assigning the adapter boards to the individual stations:

	High-bay warehouse (HBW)	Vacuum suction Gripper (VGR)	Processing Station (MPO)	Sorting line (SLD)	Sensor station with camera (SSC)
R1/R2	Conveyor belt	Vertical	Turntable	-	
R3/R4	Horizontal	Horizontal	-	-	Camera height
R5/R6	Vertical	Turntable	Oven pusher	-	Turn camera
R7/R8	Cantilever	-	Gripper	-	
V1	-	-	Vacuum	White ejector	
V2	-	-	Lower	Red ejector	
V3	-	-	Oven door	Blue ejector	
V4	-	Vacuum	Slides	-	
ST (Model)	20 pin	16 pin	20 pin	20 pin	10 pin
ST (Model)	14 pin	10 pin	20 pin	14 pin	14 pin
ST (Model)					10 pin
ST1 (PLC)	34 pin	34 pin	34 pin	34 pin	34 pin

Pulse width modulation:

Bi-directional motors are converted via a relay and can be supplied either via 24V (actuators) or the associated PWM terminal.

The jumpers are on the adapter board



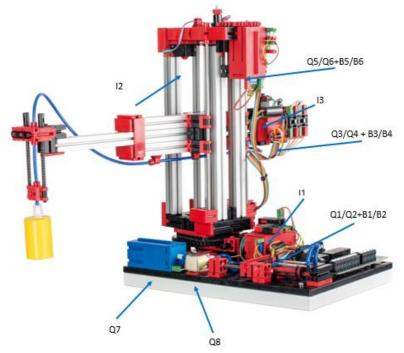
	High-bay warehouse (HBW)	Vacuum suction gripper (VGR)	Processing station (MPO)	Sorting line (SLD)	Sensor station with camera (SSC)
PWM 1	Conveyor belt	Y(Vertical)	Turntable	- not assigned -	- not assigned -
PWM 2	X(Horizontal)	Z(Horizontal)	- not assigned -	- not assigned -	Camera height
PWM 3	Y(Vertical)	X(Turn)	- not assigned -	- not assigned -	Turn camera
PWM 4	Cantilever		Suction (Horizontal)	- not assigned -	- not assigned -

Assigning the PWM jumper:

Jumper left: PWM selected, motor converted via relay and Supplied with power via the associated PWM terminal Jumper right: Power supply via +24V (actuators), motor can be converted via a relay

Factory module assignment plans

Assignment plan for the vacuum suction gripper



Terminal	Function	Designation	Clam	I/O address	Variable name
no. (ST1)			p PLC	S7-1500	S7-1500
1	Power supply (+) actuators	24V DC			
2	Power supply (+) sensors	24V DC			
3	Power supply (-)	0V			
4	Power supply (-)	0V			
5	Vertical reference switch	11	DI1.6	%I1.6	IX_VGR_RefSwitchVerticalAxis_I1
6	Horizontal reference switch	12	D13.6	%I3.6	IX_VGR_RefSwitchHorizontalAxis_I2
7	Turn reference switch	13	DI3.7	%I3.7	IX_VGR_RefSwitchRotate_I3
9	Encoder vertical pulse 1	B1	D16.0	%16.0	IX_VGR_EncoderVerticalAxisImp1_B1
10	Encoder vertical pulse 2	B2	D16.4	%16.4	IX_VGR_EncoderVerticalAxisImp2_B2
11	Encoder horizontal pulse 1	B3	DI6.1	%16.1	IX_VGR_EncoderHorizontalAxisImp1_B3
12	Encoder horizontal pulse 2	B4	D16.5	%16.5	IX_VGR_EncoderHorizontalAxisImp2_B4
13	Turn encoder pulse 1	B5	D16.2	%16.2	IX_VGR_EncoderRotateImp1_B5
14	Turn encoder pulse 2	B6	D16.6	%16.6	IX_VGR_EncoderRotateImp2_B6
17	Vertical motor up	Q1 (M1)	D02.0	%Q2.0	QX_VGR_M1_VerticalAxisUp_Q1
18	Vertical motor down	Q2 (M1)	D02.1	%Q2.1	QX_VGR_M1_VerticalAxisDown_Q2
19	Horizontal motor backwards	Q3 (M2)	D02.2	%Q2.2	QX_VGR_M2_HorizontalAxisBackward_Q3
20	Horizontal motor forwards	Q4 (M2)	D02.3	%Q2.3	QX_VGR_M2_HorizontalAxisForward_Q4
21	Turn motor clockwise	Q5 (M3)	D02.4	%Q2.4	QX_VGR_M3_RotateClockwise_Q5
22	Turn motor anti-clockwise	Q6(M3)	D02.5	%Q2.5	QX_VGR_M3_RotateCounterclockwise_Q6
23	Compressor	Q7	D02.6	%Q2.6	QX_VGR_Compressor_Q7
24	Valve vacuum	Q8	D02.7	%Q2.7	QX_VGR_ValveVacuum_Q8
25	PWM horizontal	PWM (M1)	D08.0	%QW15	QW_VGR_PWM_Vertical_M1
26	PWM vertical	PWM (M2)	D08.1	%QW17	QW_VGR_PWM_Horizontal_M2
27	Turn PWM	PWM (M3)	D08.2	%QW19	QW_VGR_PWM_Rotate_M3

Model wiring

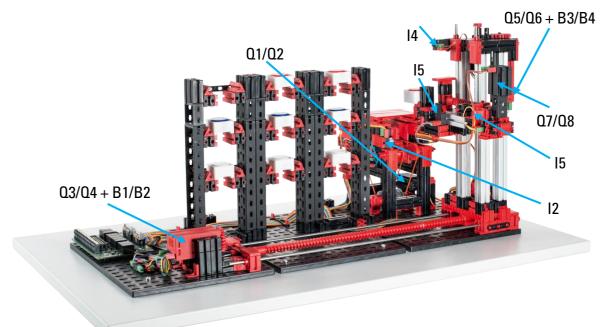
Terminal	Header ST1		Ribbon cable	Sensors + act	tuators model	
17	Vertical up	1		Q1/Q2 (M1)		
18	Vertical down	2		01/02 (1011)		
3.4	GND	3				
2	24V (Sensor)	4		Encoder Signal	power	supply A
9	А	5		Signal B		A
10	В	6				
5	Reference vertical	7		11		
2	24V	8		"		
19	Horizontal back	9		Q3/Q4 (M2)		
20	Horizontal forward	10		03/04 (1012)		
3.4	GND	11				
2	24V (Sensor)	12		Encoder	power	supply
11	А	13		Signal Signal B		A
12	В	14		0.9		
6	Reference horizontal	15		2		
2	24V (Sensor)	16		12		

Header ST2 7 Turn reference 1 13 2 2 24V (Sensor) 21 Turn clockwise 3 Q5/Q6 (M3) 22 Turn anti-clockwise 4 GND 5 3.4 Encoder power supply 24V (Sensor) 6 2 Signal А 7 13 А Signal B 14 В 8 GND 9 3.4 Q7 (compressor) 23 Compressor 10 3.4 **Terminal V4** 24 Q8 (Valve vacuum)

red = power supply

yellow = Motor poles reversible via relay

Assignment plan for automated high-bay warehouse (HBW)



Terminal	Function	Designation	Clamp	I/O address	Variable name
no. (ST1)			SPS	S7-1500	S7-1500
1	Power supply (+) actuators	24V DC			
2	Power supply (+) sensors	24V DC			
3	Power supply (-)	0V			
4	Power supply (-)	0V			
5	Reference pushbutton horizontal	11	DI1.0	%11.0	IX_HBW_RefSwitchHorizontalAxis_I1
6	Light barrier inside	12	DI1.1	%11.1	IX_HBW_LightBarrierInside_I2
7	Light barrier outside	13	DI1.2	%11.2	IX_HBW_LightBarrierOutside_I3
8	Reference pushbutton vertical	14	DI1.3	%11.3	IX_HBW_RefSwitchVerticalAxis_I4
11	Encoder horizontal pulse 1	B1	DI5.1	%15.1	IX_HBW_EncoderHorizontalAxisImp1_B1
12	Encoder horizontal pulse 2	B2	DI5.5	%15.5	IX_HBW_EncoderHorizontalAxisImp2_B2
13	Encoder vertical pulse 1	B3	DI5.2	%15.2	IX_HBW_EncoderVerticalAxisImp1_B3
14	Encoder vertical pulse 2	B4	DI5.6	%15.6	IX_HBW_EncoderVerticalAxisImp2_B4
15	Reference pushbutton probe	15	DI1.4		IX_HBW_SwitchCantileverFront_I5
	arm front			%11.4	
16	Reference pushbutton probe arm rear	16	DI1.5	%I1.5	IX_HBW_SwitchCantileverBack_I6
17	Conveyor belt motor forwards	Q1 (M1)	D01.0	%Q1.0	QX_HBW_M1_ConveyorBeltForward_Q1
18	Conveyor belt motor backwards	Q2 (M1)	D01.1	%Q1.1	QX_HBW_M1_ConveyorBeltBackward_Q2
19	Motor horizontal towards rack	Q3 (M2)	D01.2	%01.2	QX_HBW_M2_HorizontalTowardsRack_Q3
20	Motor horizontal towards	Q4 (M2)	D01.3		QX_HBW_M2_HorizontalTowardsConveyorB
20	conveyor belt	U4 (IVIZ)		%Q1.3	elt_Q4
21	Vertical motor down	Q5 (M3)	D01.4	%Q1.4	QX_HBW_M3_VerticalAxisDownward_Q5
22	Vertical motor up	Q6 (M3)	D01.5	%Q1.5	QX_HBW_M3_VerticalAxisUpward_Q6
23	Cantilever motor forwards	Q7 (M4)	D01.6	%Q1.6	QX_HBW_M4_CantileverForward_Q7
24	Cantilever motor backwards	Q8 (M4)	D01.7	%Q1.7	QX_HBW_M4_CantileverBackward_Q8
25	PWM conveyor belt	PWM (M1)	D07.0	%QW7	QW_HBW_PWM_ConveyorBelt_M1
26	PWM horizontal	PWM (M2)	D07.1	%QW9	QW_HBW_PWM_HorizontalAxis_M2
27	PWM vertical	PWM (M3)	D07.2	%QW11	QW_HBW_PWM_VerticalAxis_M3
28	PWM cantilever	PWM (M4)	D07.3	%QW13	QW_HBW_PWM_Cantilever_M4

Model wiring

Terminal	Header ST1	_
5	Reference horizontal	1
2	24V (Sensor)	2
6	Photo-transistor internal	3
2	24V (Sensor)	4
7	Photo-transistor external	5
2	24V (Sensor)	6
17	Conveyor belt forwards	7
18	Conveyor belt backwards	8
3.4	GND	9
2	9V (generated from 24V sensor)	10
9	reserved	11
10	reserved	12
3.4	GND	13
2	24V (Sensor)	14
19	Motor horizontal towards rack	15
	Motor horizontal towards conveyor	
20	belt	16
3.4	GND	17
2	24V (Sensor)	18
11	А	19
12	В	20
	Header ST2	-
8	Reference pushbutton vertical	1
2	24V (Sensor)	2
21	Vertical axis down	3
22	Vertical axis up	4
3.4	GND	5
2	24V (Sensor)	6
13	А	7
14	В	8
	Reference pushbutton probe arm	
15	forward	9
2	24V (Sensor)	10
23	Probe arm forward	11
24	Probe arm back	12
40	Reference pushbutton probe arm	
16	rear	13
2	24V (Sensor)	14

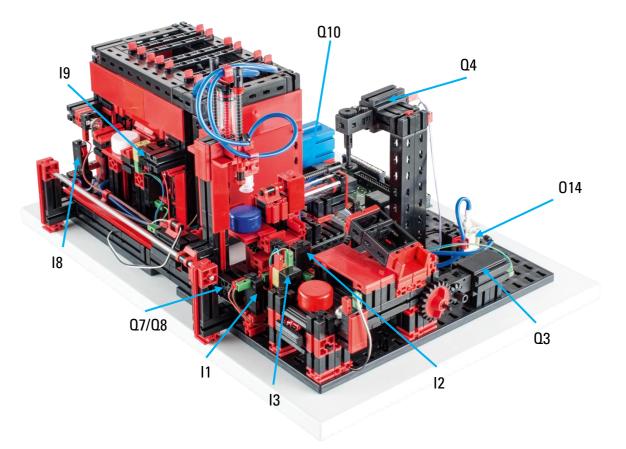
Ribbon cable	Sensors + actuators model
	11
	12
	13
	Q1/Q2 (M1)
	reserved
	Lights for light barrier
	Q3/Q4 (M2)
	Horizontal encoder power supply Signal A Signal B

1 2	14
3 4	Q6/Q7 (M3)
5 6 7 8	Vertical encoder power supply Signal A Signal B
9 10	15
11 12	Q7/Q8 (M4)
13 14	16

red = power supply

yellow = Motor poles reversible via relay

Assignment plan for the multi-processing station with kiln (MPO)



Not shown: Q1, Q2, Q5, Q6, Q9, Q11, Q12, Q13, I4, I5, I6, I7

Terminal no. (ST1)	Function	Designation	Clamp SPS	I/O address S7-1500	Variable name S7-1500
1	Power supply (+) actuators	24V DC			
2	Power supply (+) sensors	24V DC			
3	Power supply (-)	0V			
4	Power supply (-)	0V			
5	Reference switch turntable (suction position)	11	DI1.7	%I1.7	IX_MPO_RefSwitchTurnTable_PosVac_I1
6	Reference switch turntable (conveyor belt position)	12	DI2.0	%12.0	IX_MPO_RefSwitchTurnTable_PosBelt_I2
7	Light barrier end of conveyor belt	13	DI2.1	% 2.1	IX_MPO_LightBarrierEndOfConBelt_I3
8	Reference switch turntable (saw position)	14	DI2.2	%12.2	IX_MPO_RefSwitchTurnTable_PosSaw_I4
9	Reference switch suction (turntable position)	15	DI2.3	%12.3	IX_MPO_RefSwitchVac_PosTurnTable_I5
10	Reference switch oven feeder inside	16	D12.4	%12.4	IX_MPO_RefSwitchOvenFeederInside_I6
11	Reference switch oven feeder outside	17	D12.5	%12.5	IX_MPO_RefSwitchOvenFeederOutside_I7
12	Reference switch vacuum (kiln position)	18	D12.6	%12.6	IX_MPO_RefSwitchVac_PosOven_I8
13	Light barrier kiln	19	DI2.7	%12.7	IX_MPO_LightBarrierOven_I9
17	Turn motor turntable clockwise	Q1 (M1)	D03.0	%Q3.0	QX_MPO_M1_TurnTableClockwise_Q1
18	Turn motor slewing ring anti-clockwise	Q2 (M1)	D03.1	%Q3.1	QX_MPO_M1_TurnTableCounterclockwise_Q2
19	Conveyor belt motor forwards	Q3 (M2)	D03.2	%Q3.2	QX_MPO_M2_ConveyorBeltForward_Q3
20	Motor saw	Q4 (M3)	D03.3	%Q3.3	QX_MPO_M3_Saw_Q4
21	Retract oven feeder motor	Q5 (M4)	D03.4	%Q3.4	QX_MPO_M4_OvenFeederRetract_Q5
22	Extend oven feeder motor	Q6 (M4)	D03.5	%Q3.5	QX_MPO_M4_OvenFeederExtend_Q6
23	Vacuum towards oven motor	Q7 (M5)	D03.6	%Q3.6	QX_MPO_M5_VacuumTowardsOven_Q7
24	Vacuum towards turntable motor	Q8 (M5)	D03.7	%Q3.7	QX_MPO_M5_VacuumTowardsTurnTable_Q8
25	Lamp kiln	Q9	D04.0	%Q4.0	QX_MPO_LightOven_Q9
26	Compressor	Q10	D04.1	%Q4.1	QX_MPO_Compressor_Q10
27	Valve vacuum	Q11	D04.2	%Q4.2	QX_MPO_ValveVacuum_Q11
28	Valve lowering	Q12	D04.3	%Q4.3	QX_MPO_ValveLowering_Q12
29	Valve kiln door	Q13	D04.4	%Q4.4	QX_MPO_ValveOvenDoor_Q13
30	Valve feeder	Q14	D04.5	%Q4.5	QX_MPO_ValveFeeder_Q14
31	PWM turntable	PWM (M1)	D09.0	%QW23	QW_MPO_PWM_TurnTable_M1
32	PWM vacuum	PWM (M5)	D09.1	%QW25	QW_MPO_PWM_Vacuum_M5

Model wiring

Terminal	Header ST1	-
5	Turntable reference button	1
2	24V (Sensor)	2
6	Turntable reference button	3
2	24V (Sensor)	4
7	Light barrier end of conveyor belt	5
2	24V (Sensor)	6
17	Turn motor turntable clockwise	7
18	Turn turntable anti-clockwise	8
3.4	GND	9
2	24V (Sensor)	10
9	Vacuum reference button	11
2	24V (Sensor)	12
8	Turntable reference button pos. saw	13
2	24V (Sensor)	14
3.4	GND	15
19	Conveyor belt	16
3.4	GND	17
20	Saw	18
	not assigned	19
	not assigned	20

Sensors + actuators on model
11
12
13
Q1/Q2 (M1)
Light barrier lamp
15
14
Q3 (M2)
Q4 (M3)

ST2

	not assigned	1
	not assigned	2
21	Retract oven feeder	3
22	Extend oven feeder	4
10	Oven feeder inside	5
2	24V (Sensor)	6
11	Oven feeder outside	7
2	24V (Sensor)	8
12	Vacuum on oven	9
2	24V (Sensor)	10
23	Vacuum to oven	11
24	Vacuum to turntable	12
3.4	GND	13
25	Lamp kiln	14
3.4	GND	15
26	Compressor	16
13	Oven light barrier	17
2	24V (Sensor)	18
3.4	GND	19
2	24V (Sensor)	20

Q5/Q6 (M4)
16
17
18
Q7/Q8(M5)
Q9 (oven light
Q10 (compressor)
19
Light barrier lamp



3.4	
27	Terminal V1
3.4	T : 11/0
28	Terminal V2
3.4	
29	Terminal V3
3.4	
30	Terminal V4

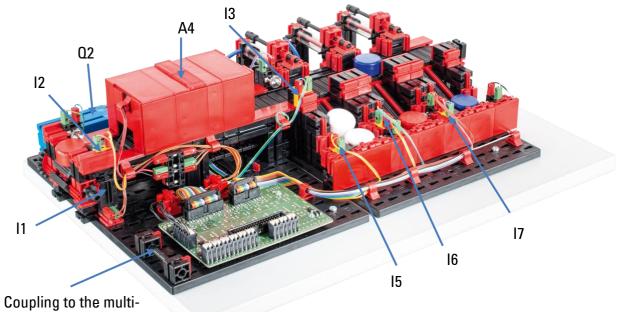
red = power supply yellow = Motor poles reversible via relay Q11 (Valve vacuum)

Q12 (lower valve)

Q13 (oven door valve)

Q14 (feeder valve)

Assignment plan for the sorting line using colour recognition (SLD)



processing station

Not shown: Q1, Q3, Q4, Q5

Terminal no. (ST1)	Function	Designation	Clamp SPS	I/O address S7-1500	Variable name S7-1500
1	Power supply (+) actuators	24V DC			
2	Power supply (+) sensors	24V DC			
3	Power supply (-)	0V			
4	Power supply (-)	0V			
5	Pulse key	11	D13.0	%I3.0	IX_SLD_PulseCounter_I1
6	Light barrier input	12	DI3.1	%I3.1	IX_SLD_LightBarrierInlet_I2
7	Light barrier after colour sensor	13	DI3.2	%I3.2	IX_SLD_LightBarrierBehindColorSensor_I3
9	Colour sensor	A4 Analogue 0-10VDC	AI1.0	%IW7	IW_SLD_ColorSensor_A4
10	Light barrier white	15	DI3.3	%13.3	IX_SLD_LightBarrierWhite_I5
11	Light barrier red	16	DI3.4	%13.4	IX_SLD_LightBarrierRed_I6
12	Light barrier blue	17	DI3.5	%13.5	IX SLD LightBarrierBlue I7
17	Motor conveyor belt	Q1	D05.0	%Q5.0	QX_SLD_M1_ConveyorBelt_Q1
18	Compressor	Q2	D05.1	%Q5.1	QX_SLD_Compressor_Q2
20	Valve first ejector (white)	Q3	D05.2	%Q5.2	QX_SLD_ValveFirstEjectorWhite_Q3
21	Valve second ejector (red)	Q4	D05.3	%Q5.3	QX_SLD_ValveSecondEjectorRed_Q4
22	Valve third ejector (blue)	Q5	D05.4	%Q5.4	QX_SLD_ValveThirdEjectorBlue_Q5

Model wiring

Terminal	Header ST1		Ribbon cable	Sensors + actuators model
5	Pulse key	1		11
2	24V (Sensor)	2		11
6	Light barrier input	3		12
2	24V (Sensor)	4		
7	Light barrier after colour sensor	5		10
2	24V (Sensor)	6		13
3.4	GND	7		02 (
18	Compressor	8		Q2 (compressor)
3.4	GND	9		
17	Conveyor belt	10		Q1 (Conveyor belt)
3.4	GND	11		
2	9V (generated from 24V)	12		
9	Colour sensor (0-10V)	13		Colour sensor (A4)
	not assigned	14		
3.4	GND	15		
2	24V (Sensor)	16		Light barrier lamp
3.4	GND	17		
2	24V (Sensor)	18		Light barrier lamp
	not assigned	19		
	not assigned	20		
	Header ST2			
	not assigned	1		
	not assigned	2		
10	Light barrier white	3		
2	24V (Sensor)	4		15
12	Light barrier blue	5		
2	24V (Sensor)	6		17
11	Light barrier red	7		
2	24V (Sensor)	8		16
3.4	GND	9		
2	24V (Sensor)	10		Light barrier lamp
3.4	GND	11		
2	24V (Sensor)	12		Light barrier lamp
3.4	GND	13		
2	24V (Sensor)	14		Light barrier lamp
-		<u> </u>		
3.4	Terminal \/1	٦		02 (Mahua first signtar, white)
20	Terminal V1			Q3 (Valve first ejector, white)
3.4	Terminal V2			04 (Valve second ciester red)
21				Q4 (Valve second ejector, red)
3.4	Terminal V3			Ω5 (Valve third ejector, blue)

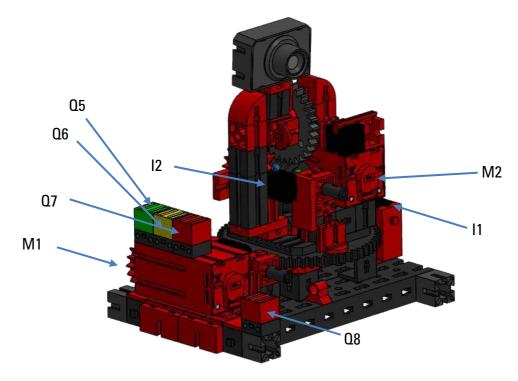
Q5 (Valve third ejector, blue)

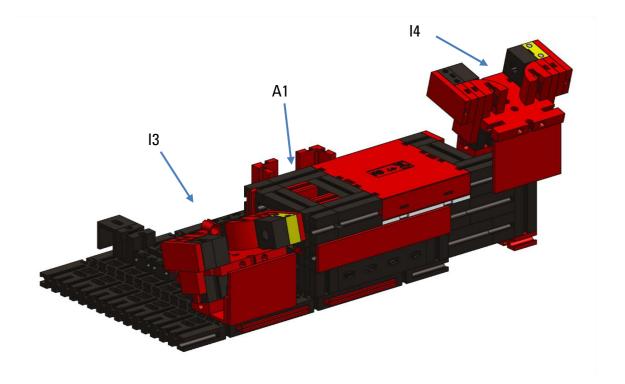
red = power supply

22



Assignment plan for sensor station with surveillance camera (SSC)











Environmental sensor Photo-resistor

The NFC reader is connected to the TXT controller via the I²C interface. The mounted surveillance camera is connected to the TXT Controller via a USB interface. Data from the environmental sensor and photo-resistor is also read in by the TXT Controller.



TXT-Controller (TxtGatewayPLC)

Terminal	Function	Designation			Variable name			
no. (ST1)	_		SPS	S7-1500	S7-1500			
1	Power supply (+) actuators	24V DC						
2	Power supply (+) sensors	24V DC						
3	Power supply (-)	0V						
4	Power supply (-)	0V						
5	Reference switch 1	11	DI4.0	%14.0	IX_SSC_RefSwitchVerticalAxis_I1			
6	Reference switch 2	12	DI4.1	%I4.1	IX_SSC_RefSwitchHorizontalAxis_I2			
7	Light barrier outsourcing	13	DI4.2	%14.3	IX_SSC_LightBarrierStorage_I3			
8	Light barrier storage	14	DI4.3	%14.2	IX_SSC_LightBarrierOutsourcing_I4			
9	Colour sensor	A1 Analogue 0-10VDC	AI1.1	%IW9	IW_SSC_ColorSensor_A1			
11	Encoder vertical pulse 1	B1	DI5.3	%15.3	IX_SSC_EncoderVerticalAxisImp1_B1			
12	Encoder vertical pulse 2	B2	DI5.7	%15.7	IX_SSC_EncoderVerticalAxisImp2_B2			
13	Encoder horizontal pulse 1	B3	DI6.3	%16.3	IX_SSC_EncoderHorizontalAxisImp1_B3			
14	Encoder horizontal pulse 2	B4	DI6.7	%16.7	IX_SSC_EncoderHorizontalAxisImp2_B4			
19	Vertical motor up	Q1 (M1)	DO6.0	%Q6.0	QX_SSC_M1_VerticalAxisUp_Q1			
20	Vertical motor down	Q2 (M1)	DO6.1	%Q6.1	QX_SSC_M1_VerticalAxisDown_Q2			
21	Turn motor anti- clockwise	Q4 (M2)	DO6.2	%Q6.2	QX_SSC_M2_HorizontalAxisCounter clockwise_Q4			
22	Turn motor clockwise	Q3 (M2)	DO6.3	%Q6.3	QX_SSC_M2_HorizontalAxisClockwise_Q3			
23	LED green	Q5	DO6.4	%Q6.4	QX_SSC_LED_Green_Q5			
24	LED yellow	Q6	DO6.5	%Q6.5	QX_SSC_LED_Yellow_Q6			
25	LED red	۵7	DO6.6	%Q6.6	QX_SSC_LED_Red_Q7			
26	LED red online status	Q8	DO6.7	%Q6.7	QX_SSC_LED_Red_Online_Q8			
27	PWM vertical	PWM (M1)	DO9.2	%QW27	QW_SSC_PWM_Vertical_M1			
28	PWM cantilever	PWM (M2)	DO9.3	%QW29	QW_SSC_PWM_Horizontal_M2			

Model wiring

Stiftleiste ST1

Klemme		
5	Referenz Kamera vertikal	1
2	24V (Sensor)	2
19	Kamera hoch	3
20	Kamera runter	4
3,4	GND	5
2	24V (Sensor)	6
11	A	7
12	В	8
6	Referenz Kamera horizontal	9
2	24V (Sensor)	10

Flachbandkabel	Sensoren/Aktoren am	Modell
	11	
	Q1/Q2 (M1)	
	Encoder	vertikal
	Spannungsversorgung	
	Signal	А
	Signal B	
	12	
	12	

Stiftleiste ST2

21	Kamera links	1
22	Kamera rechts	2
3,4	GND	3
2	24V (Sensor)	4
13	А	5
14	В	6
3,4	GND	7
23	LED grün	8
3,4	GND	9
24	LED gelb	10
3,4	GND	11
25	LED rot	12
3,4	GND	13
26	LED rot(Kamera)	14

Stiftleiste ST3

GND	1
9V (Aus 24V Sensor erzeugt)	2
Lichtschranke Auslagerung	3
24V (Sensor)	4
GND	5
24V (Sensor)	6
Lichtschranke Einlagerung	7
24V (Sensor)	8
Farbsensor	9
nicht belegt	10
	9V (Aus 24V Sensor erzeugt) Lichtschranke Auslagerung 24V (Sensor) GND 24V (Sensor) Lichtschranke Einlagerung 24V (Sensor) Farbsensor

Q3/Q4(M2)	
Encoder horizonta Spannungsversorgung Signal Signal B	al A
Q5 LED grün	
Q6 LED gelb	
Q7 LED rot	
Q8 LED rot (Kamera)	

Spannungsversorgung Farbsensor
13
Lampen für Lichtschranke
14
15
-

Programming tasks

In order to handle programming tasks, you will require prior knowledge of the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL) and on how to handle the programming tool you are using.

The provided programming solutions have been created with the TIA Portal V16 for a programmable controller SIMATIC S7-1500 with CPU1512SP Alternatively, other control systems can also be used with appropriate software.

An introduction to programming with the TIA Portal is available, for instance, here from SIEMENS:

http://www.siemens.com/sce/S7-1500

https://new.siemens.com/global/en/company/sustainability/education/sce/learning-trainingdocuments/advanced-programming.html

Further information is available at: https://github.com/fischertechnik

The global fischertechnik library **Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V** and program solutions are available at: <u>https://github.com/fischertechnik/plc_training_factory_24v</u>

Programming task 1: Configuring and commissioning the SIMATIC controller with CPU1512SP

Task:

The complete hardware configuration for the controller must be created, loaded and tested for the LearningFactory_4.0_24V, with all input and output modules.

A non-specified CPU will be created in order to determine all components.

This project with hardware configuration serves as the basis for all subsequent programming tasks.

Planning

- Wire a START button as normally open contact (NO) and a STOP button as normally closed contact (NC) to two free inputs on the controller. Connect the LearningFactory_4_0_24V to the PLC and switch on the controller.
- 2. Create the project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf in the TIA portal.
- In the TIA portal project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf, add a controller SIMATIC ET 200SP CPU or SIMATIC S7-1500 as a new device. Do so as a non-specified CPU, as described in the following programming information.
- 4. Connect the programming device to the CPU and determine the configuration of the connected device according to the programming information.
- 5. Set the input/output addresses of the detected modules according to the programming information and configure the module.
- As shown in the programming information, dearchive the global library Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V , and from there insert the global Start-Stop variable table into your project.
- 7. Load and test the hardware configuration with variable table into the controller.
- 8. Create an observation table named **Beobachtungstabelle_watch table**, insert signals from the global variable table there and check it by monitoring the button functions.
- 9. Save and archive the project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf.

Programming information:

Information on connecting the START and STOP buttons:

Two buttons are required for the following programming tasks. A START button as a NO contact (NormallyOpen) and a STOP button as a NC contact (NormallyClosed). Fischertechnik mini-buttons can be used for this purpose.



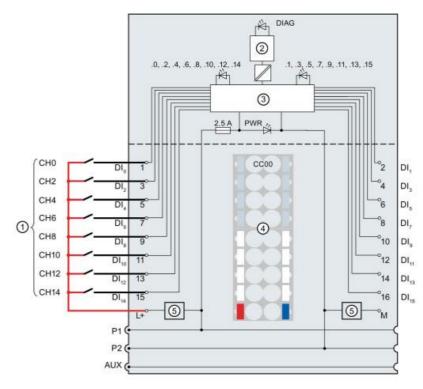
The mini-buttons are equipped with changeover contacts and can be used as both normally closed and normally open contacts. The figure shows a circuit diagram of the mini-pushbuttons.



Contacts 1 and 2 are wired to a digital input on the PLC for use as NC contacts (**N**ormally**C**losed). Contacts 1 and 3 are wired to a digital input on the PLC for use as NO contacts (**N**ormally**O**pen).

Details on connecting SIMATIC assemblies are provided in the handbooks.

Here is an example of connecting the digital input module DI 16x24VDC ST to the BaseUnit BU type A0 without AUX terminal (1-wire connection):



Information on configuring a non-specified CPU1512SP:

Before a SIMATIC S7-1500 PLC can be configured, its hardware must be configured.

The fastest way to do so is to create a non-specified CPU and then have all components detected.

To do so, the programming device must be connected to the controller via Ethernet, and the IP addresses must be set so that both devices are in the same subnet.

Setting the IP address is described in this document in the section **Commissioning and adjusting the SIMATIC controller CPU1512SP.**

The configuration for our Training Factory Industry 4.04.0 can be completed using the following steps.

→ First, start the Totally Integrated Automation Portal by double clicking on it. (→ **TIA Portal V16**)



 \rightarrow In the portal view, click \rightarrow Start \rightarrow and then Create new project. Change the project name, path, author and comment accordingly and then click \rightarrow Create

JA Siemens				_ ¤ ×
				Totally Integrated Automation PORTAL
Start	Î		Create new project	
Device		Open existing project	Project name:	LearningFactory_4_0_V14_Task01_HWConf
netwo			Path:	C:\Users\mde\Documents\Automation
PEC		Create new project	Version:	
	mming 💎	Migrate project	Author:	
Motion		Close project	Comment:	×
Drive param		Welcome Tour First steps		Create
Visuali		Installed software		
Online Diagno		Help		
		🛞 User interface language		
Project	view			

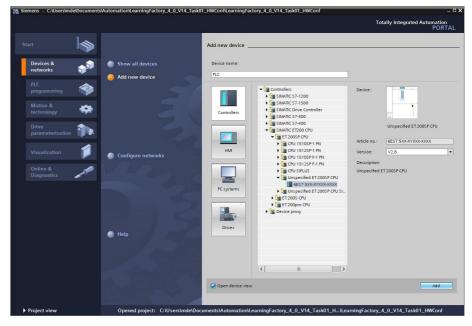


 \rightarrow Then select \rightarrow Start \rightarrow Devices & Networks \rightarrow and Add new device in the portal.

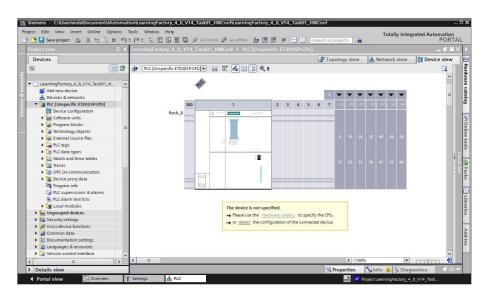
Create a new CPU. To do so, use a non-specified model of the **SIMATIC ET200 CPU** with order number **6ES7 5XX-XXXXX-XXXX**.

(Controller \rightarrow SIMATIC ET200 CPU \rightarrow ET 200SPCPU \rightarrow Non-specified ST200SP CPU \rightarrow 6ES7 5XX-XXXXX-XXXX \rightarrow V2.8)

Assign a device name (device name \rightarrow PLC), select **Open device view** and then click \rightarrow Add.



→ The TIA Portal will switch automatically to the project view, and will display a notification that this device is not specified. To have the hardware configuration identified automatically, start the detection by clicking **Identify** in the yellow info box. (→ identify)



→ First, select the type of PG/PC interface you are using and the network card you want to use to create a connection to the PLC via Ethernet. (→ Type of PG/PC interface: PN/IE → PG/PC interface: Intel(R) Ethernet ...)

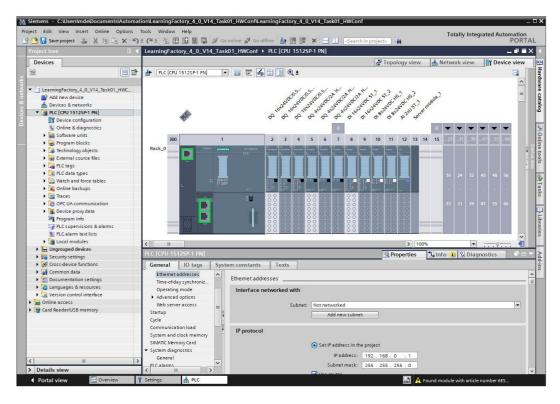
Now, start the search for devices on the network by clicking the \rightarrow Start search button

Then, all available devices will be detected and listed. If you have selected the right CPU, then clicking \rightarrow **Detect** will cause the CPU in question and connected modules to be detected.

ardware detection f	for PLC						
	c	Type of the PG/PC inter PG/PC inter sible nodes of the selected	face: 🔝 Intel(R) Ethernet Connectio	▼ n (4) I219-LM ▼ €		
_	Device	Device type	Interface type	Address	MAC address		
	plc	CPU 1512SP-1 PN	PN/IE	192.168.0.1	AC-64-17-9D-67-A4		
Flash LED							
Online status informatio	ann a				<u>S</u> tart search		
					ly error messages		
Found accessible o					<u>^</u>		
🖞 Scan completed. 1		of 2 accessible devices four	nd.				
	ion retrieval complete	d.					
Scan and informat					~		

Note: If your CPU is not in the list, ensure you have selected the right network card and that your laptop and CPU are connected.

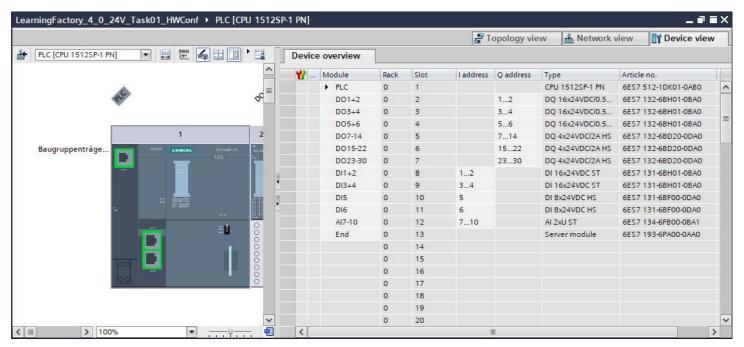
→ The TIA portal will now show the complete device configuration for the selected CPU. Now, you can configure the CPU and the input/output assemblies according to your specifications.





Information on configuring the input/output assemblies

The addresses of the assemblies should be set as shown here.

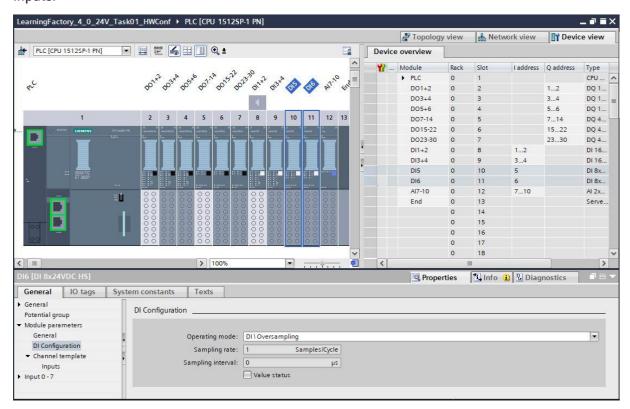


Pulse width modulation (PWM) should be set as the operating mode for the output modules with addresses D0 7

- DO 30.

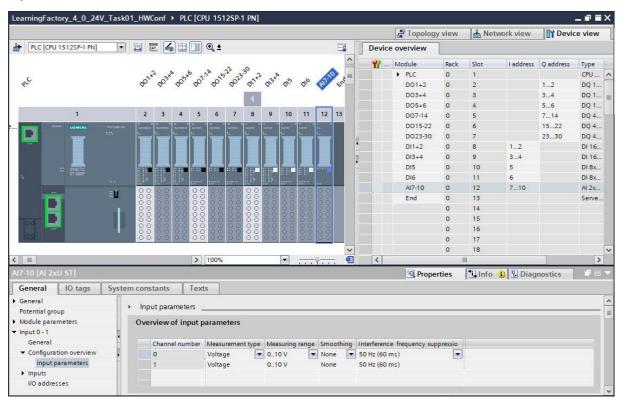
LearningFactory_4_0_24	/_Task01_HWC	onf 🕨	PLC [CPI	J 1512	SP-1 PN]											_ = = ×
										141-		Topolog	y view	H Net	work view	Devic	e view
PLC [CPU 1512SP-1 PN]		<u><u></u></u>		€ ±							Devic	e overview					
										^	1	Module	Rack	Slot	I address	Q address	Туре
	×	003×A 05	6×6	52	3	2 . 2		1477	~			▶ PLC	0	1			CPU 🔨
RUC	00.	00, 0	o, 🌭	69	20 Dr.	2 013*4	0%	0%	PJ.	Ene		DO1+2	0	2		12	DQ 1
												DO3+4	0	3		34	DQ 1 ≡
			_									D05+6	0	4		56	DQ 1
1	2	3 4	4 5	6	7 8	9	10	11	12	13		D07-14	0	5		714	DQ 4
B SIEMENS	CFU 12223 + R1 (60 27	R F R		Suma 1		r :	0	• • •	÷			DO15-22	0	6		1522	DQ 4
	···· •					-	-	-				DO23-30	0	7		2330	DQ 4
												DI1+2	0	8	12		DI 16
										E E		DI3+4	0	9	34		DI 16
1: SMATC										-		D15	0	10	5		DI 8x
- ET 2005P	1.2											DI6	0	11	6		DI 8x
		000		000			0.0	0.0		_		AI7-10	0	12	710		AI 2x
	E L 000	000	0000000	000		000		00	00			End	0	13			Serve
	00	0000	000	0000				00	000				0	14			
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		0000	000	0000		00		00	00				0	16			
			000	000			8 0 0	00	ŏŏ	~			0	17		1	~
< m			>	100%	19120	4.5	-	1.1.1	<u>.</u> .	. 1	<		100	11			>
D07-14 [DQ 4x24VDC/2A	HS]											Richard Prope	rties	L Info	追 🛿 Diag	nostics	• • •
General IO tags	System const	tants	Texts														
General Potential group	DQ con	figuratio	n														
 Module parameters 																	
General			Operatir	ig mode	: Pulse	width r	nodul	ation									
DQ configuration					2			Values	Corte	1	_						
Output 0 - 3	•			put rate	11			values	sicycle								
	-		Output	interval	: 0				μs								
					Val	lue stat	us										

Operating mode DI \ Oversampling should be set for the input modules with addresses DI 5 to DI 6 for the encoder inputs.



The measurement type voltage should be set with a measurement range of 0-10V for the channels of the analogue

input modules.

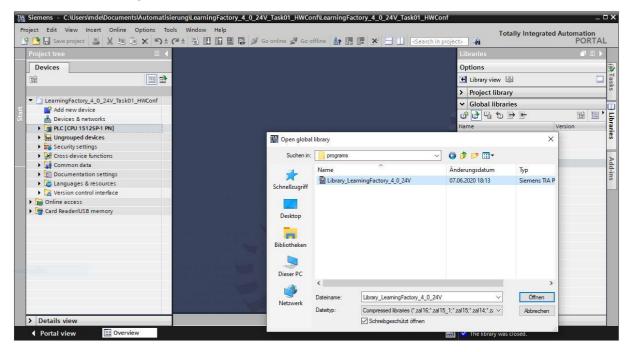




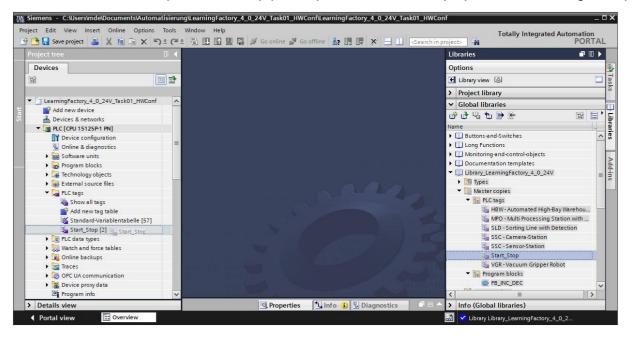
Information on global libraries:

The global variable tables and a module for encoder evaluation in a compressed library Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V.zal16 are provided for programming tasks.

This can be opened by clicking on the <u>symbol</u> in **Global Libraries** to open a library, then selecting the fileLibrary_LearningFactory_4_0_24V.zal16.



Elements from the library can then simply be copied to the relevant project folder via drag & drop.





Information on observation tables:

Observation tables can be created to test the function of factory modules and to determine position values later on. Variables can then easily be moved to the **observation tables** via drag & drop from the detailed view of variable tables.

Siemens - C:\Users\mde\Documents\Aut	omatisieru	ung\Learnir	ngFactory_4_(0_24V_Task01_HW	Conf\LearningFacto	ry_4_0_24V_Task(01_HWConf			-
ect Edit View Insert Online Optio									Totally Integrated Auto	mation
🕒 🔚 Save project 📑 🐰 📋 🗎 🗙	₽ ‡ (~	* 🖥 🛄		🔰 Go online 💋 G	o offline 🔥 🚺	▮ ⊁ ⊟ 🛛 🖂	Search in project>	-11		PORTA
Project tree		1_0_2		HWConf → PLC [Cl						_ # =×
Devices										
"핵			# 13 11a	91 90 1 mm	2					
			Name	Address	Display format	Monitor value	Modify value	4	Comment	
Software units	~	1	"IX_START"	%14.4	Bool	Worntor value	woony value		Comment	
Bag Solding and Solding a		2		Add new>						
Technology objects										
External source files										
▼ 📮 PLC tags	=									
Show all tags										
Add new tag table										
🛒 Standard-Variablentabelle [5]	1									
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In the expanded view \blacksquare , the inputs and outputs used in the program can also be controlled solutions for the START and STOP functions, then these can be simulated in this manner.

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Programming task 2: Sensor station with camera (SSC), colour detection with colour sensor

Task:

The colour sensor on the input/output station should be used in the sensor station with camera (SSC) to detect different blue/white/red workpieces.

When there is a workpiece on the colour sensor, the measured value of the colour sensor is evaluated, and the result is displayed on an assigned LED. The evaluation only runs for as long as the START button is pressed.

Colour assignment:

Blue	green LED (Q5)
White	yellow LED (Q6)
Red	red LED (Q7)
No colour detected	red LED online status (Q8)

The program should be created in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL).

Planning

- In the TIA Portal, open the projectLearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf and save it under the name LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task02_SensorsSSC.
- Copy the global variable table SSC Sensor Station, as shown in programming task 1, from the library Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V and insert it into your project.
- As shown in programming task 1, expand the observation table, determine value ranges for the 3 colours blue/white/red there by placing the different workpieces on the sensor, and check the function of the buttons and sensors.
- 4. Create a library-capable code module in the programming language structured text (ST or SCL).
- 5. Create a new organisational module Main [OB1] in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL), access the library-capable code module there and connect these with global variables.
- 6. Load the complete program to the controller.
- 7. Test the program on the sensor station using a camera (SSC).
- 8. Monitor the program online and correct any errors.
- 9. Save and archive the project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task02_SensorsSSC.

Programming information

Information on creating library-capable programming modules:

Library-capable code modules are preferred for structured programming of PLC programs. This means that the input and output parameters of a function or function module are determined generally in local variables, and are only assigned current global variables (inputs/outputs) when using the module. The advantage of this is that the module can be accessed multiple times.

Information on the colour sensor

The fischertechnik colour sensor emits white light, which different colour surfaces reflect to different degrees. The photo-transistor measures the intensity of the reflected light and measures read as a voltage value ranging between 0 V and 9 V on an analogue input 0-10V on the PLC. This measured value (0-9 V) is digitised into a whole number between 0 and 24883 by the analogue input assembly.

The measured value depends on the ambient brightness as well as the distance of the sensor from the coloured surface.

Therefore, the values for the 3 different workpieces in blue/white/red should be determined through multiple measurements.

This makes it possible to calculate an average value for each colour. For the analysis, you should also stipulate a tolerance range around this average value, since measurement results always involve a certain amount of inaccuracy.



Programming task 3: Sensor station with camera (SSC), camera movement without pulse width modulation (PWM)

Task:

The camera movement should be activated via the outputs directly in the sensor station with camera (SSC), without pulse width modulation (PWM).

Press the START button to start a reference run. The camera will move horizontally and clockwise to the position of the reference switch, horizontally and vertically down to the reference position for the vertical axis. Press the STOP button to move the camera up for 2 seconds horizontally in an anti-clockwise direction, and vertically up.

If START or STOP are pressed while the camera is moving, the direction will be reversed.

The program should be created in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL).

Planning

- In the TIA Portal, open the projectLearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf and save it under the name LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task03_CameraSSC.
- Copy the global variable table SSC Camera Station, as shown in programming task 1, from the library Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V and insert it into your project.
- 3. Insert the jumpers to provide a power supply to the bi-directional motors, so that the motors are fed directly via the +24V actuators.
- 4. Add to the monitoring table as shown in programming task 1, and check the function of I/O signals.
- 5. Create a library-capable code module in the programming language structured text (ST or SCL).
- 6. Create a new organisational module Main [OB1] in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL), access the library-capable code module there and connect these with global variables.
- 7. Load the complete program to the controller.
- 8. Test the program on the sensor station using a camera (SSC).
- 9. Monitor the program online and correct any errors.
- 10. Save and archive the project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task02_CameraSSC.
- 11. Insert the jumpers for the power supply to the bi-directional motors so that they are fed via the associated PWM terminals 2 and 3.

Programming information

Information on pulse width modulation (PWM):

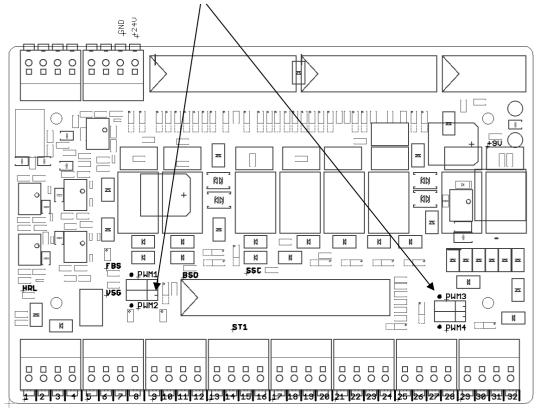
The bi-directional motors for the horizontal axis (turn camera) and the vertical axis (camera height) are controlled by relays and can be fed either directly via 24V of the actuators, or via the associated PWM terminals 2 and 3.

	Sensor station with camera (SSC)
PWM 1	- not assigned -
PWM 2	Camera height
PWM 3	Turn camera
PWM 4	- not assigned -

Assigning the PWM jumper:

The jumpers should be inserted at the right for this task for power supply via +24V (actuators).

The jumpers are on the adapter board



Programming information

Since the positive signal flank of the START button should be analysed in this task, and a timer is used, a function block (FB) must be programmed here as a coding module.



Programming task 4: Sorting line with colour detection (SLD); sequence with simple positioning function without colour detection

Task:

Workpieces should be transported in the sorting line with colour detection (SLD) from the start of the belt to the second storage location, regardless of their colour.

If there is a workpiece on the belt at the entrance to the light barrier, and if the second storage location is free, press the START button to switch on the belt. The pulse button counts the pulses from the light barrier to the colour sensor, in order to detect position. The belt should be stopped once the workpiece is in front of the second extension cylinder.

There, the workpiece is moved to the second storage position by the second extension cylinder. The workpiece must then be removed manually there.

Press the STOP button to stop the process. Workpieces must be removed from the system before the sorting line can be started once again.

The program should be created in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL).

Planning

- In the TIA Portal, open the projectLearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf and save it under the name LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task04_SortingSLD.
- 2. Copy the global variable table **SLD Sorting Line with Detection**, as shown in programming task 1, from the library **Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V** and insert it into your project.
- 3. Add to the monitoring table as shown in programming task 1, and check the function of I/O signals.
- 4. Create a library-capable code module with the sequence in the programming language structured text (ST or SCL).
- 5. Create a new organisational module Main [OB1] in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL), access the library-capable code module there and connect these with global variables.
- 6. Load the complete program to the controller.
- 7. Test the program on the sorting line with colour detection (SLD).
- 8. Monitor the program online and correct any errors.
- 9. Save and archive the project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task04_SortingSLD.

Programming information

Information on programming sequences in the programming language structured text (ST or SCL).

In addition to other options for programming a process control or a sequence in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL), the control or sequence can be programmed, for instance, in a case instruction. The number of the step that is currently being completed is always in the statistical variable #Step_number. Only the commands programmed for the relevant step number are executed.

The system transitions to the next step by incrementing the variable #Step_number in the step by +1. The variable #Step_number is set to 0 to transition from the last step to step 0 and reset the sequence.

```
ECASE #Step_number OF
    0: // Initial step
    ;
    1: // Step 1
    ;
    2: // Step 2
    ;
    //....
ELSE // Statement section ELSE
    ;
END_CASE;
```

Since statistical variables are also required in the sequence, a function block (FB) must be programmed here as a code module.

Information on positioning

Since the conveyor belt does not move very quickly, and since the position in front of the extension cylinder does not have to be very exact, it is enough to detect signals from the pulse sensor in the normal cyclical organisational block OB1 for this simple positioning function.

A simple counter can be used to count the pulses in the program. The value can then be compared.

You can determine the number of required pulses by activating the conveyor belt motor and observing the counter value.

Programming task 5: Vacuum suction gripper (VGR); sequence with pulse width modulation (PWM) and simple positioning function

Task:

The vacuum suction gripper station (VGR) should be used to transport workpieces independent of their colour from the material storage to the material scrap area.

The motors for gripper movements are controlled via a relay and supplied with power via the associated PWM terminals. The motor speed can be set using the output signals from pulse width modulation (PWM). The speed should be set fairly low in this task, so that positioning is simpler.

Press the START button to start the process. First, the suction gripper moves back horizontally to the reference switch, then up vertically, and finally in a clockwise direction to the reference position at the material storage. Then, it positions the vacuum down vertically to the pick-up position at the material storage,

then switches the vacuum on and moves back up to the reference switch.

Now the suction gripper turns anti-clockwise to set down material scrap, then vertically down to the discharge position, where it switches the vacuum off again.

Press the STOP button to stop the process.

The program should be created in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL).

Planning

- In the TIA Portal, open the projectLearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf and save it under the name LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task05_VacuumGripperVGR.
- Copy the global variable table VGR Vacuum Gripper Robot, as shown in programming task 1, from the library Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V and insert it into your project.
- 3. Check whether the jumpers for the power supply to the bi-directional motors are inserted so that they are fed via the associated PWM terminals 1, 2 and 3.
- 4. Add to the monitoring table as shown in programming task 1, and check the function of I/O signals.
- 5. Create a library-capable code module with the sequence in the programming language structured text (ST or SCL).
- 6. Create a new organisational module Main [OB1] in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL), access the library-capable code module there and connect these with global variables.
- 7. Load the complete program to the controller.
- 8. Test the program using the vacuum suction gripper (VGR).
- 9. Monitor the program online and correct any errors.
- 10. Save and archive the project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task05_VacuumGripperVGR.

Programming information

Information on pulse width modulation (PWM):

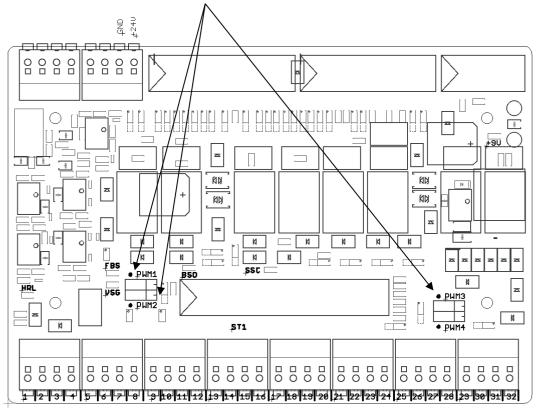
The bi-directional motors for turning, for the horizontal axis and the vertical axis are controlled by relays and can be fed either directly via 24V of the actuators, or via the associated PWM terminals 1, 2 and 3.

	Vacuum suction gripper (VGR)
PWM 1	Y(Vertical)
PWM 2	Z(Horizontal)
PWM 3	X(Turn)
PWM 4	

Assigning the PWM jumper:

The jumpers should be inserted on the left for PWM for this task. The motors are controlled via a relay and supplied with power via the associated PWM terminals.

The jumpers are on the adapter board



You can specify whole numbers (integer format) on the outputs for the PWM signals in the PLC program, and thereby control the speed. A low speed should be specified here for all axes with a value of 400.

Information on positioning

Due to the low speed of the 3 axes, it is enough to detect pulse 1 from the respective encoder in the normal cyclical organisational block OB1 for positioning.

A simple counter can be used to count the pulses in the program. The value can then be compared.

You can determine the number of pulses for the required positions by activating the individual axes and observing the counter value.

Programming task 6: Multi-processing station with oven (MPO); sequence with pulse width modulation (PWM) and parallel actions

Task:

In the multi-processing station with oven (MPO), workpieces should undergo a burning process before they are sawed and then transported to the next station.

The motors for vacuum suction and turntable movements are controlled via a relay and supplied with power via the associated PWM terminals. The motor speed can be set using the output signals from pulse width modulation (PWM).

First, a workpiece must be placed manually on the turntable.

Press the START button to start the process for a workpiece.

At the same time, the oven will open, the turntable will turn to the position at the vacuum, and the vacuum will move to the turntable.

Then the vacuum will move down, switch on and lift the workpiece from the turntable.

While the linear axis moves to the oven, the extension there is extended.

Once it has arrived at the oven, the vacuum gripper will place the workpiece on the extension. The extension will retract, the oven door will close and the burning process will be carried out for 5 seconds.

Then the oven door will open again, the extension will be extended, and the vacuum gripper will pick up the workpiece once again to move it back to the turntable.

The turntable will then position the workpiece under the saw. The saw will process it for 5 seconds.

Then the workpiece will be turned into position on the belt and pushed to the extension cylinder on the belt there. The conveyor belt will transport the workpiece to the light barrier at the end of the belt, where it can be removed manually.

The program should be created in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL).

To shorten the time for a production cycle, complete multiple actions at the same time in a single step if possible. The signals for pulse width modulation (PWM) and for the compressor should not be specified in the steps of the sequence, but rather in subsequent ongoing operation.

Planning

- In the TIA Portal, open the projectLearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf and save it under the name LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task06_MultiProcessingMP0.
- Copy the global variable table MPO-Multi-Processing station with oven, as shown in programming task 1, from the library Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V and insert it into your project.
- 3. Check whether the jumpers for the power supply to the bi-directional motors are inserted so that they are fed via the associated PWM terminals 1 and 3.
- 4. Add to the monitoring table as shown in programming task 1, and check the function of I/O signals.
- 5. Create a library-capable code module with the sequence in the programming language structured text (ST or SCL).
- 6. Create a new organisational module Main [OB1] in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL), access the library-capable code module there and connect these with global variables.
- 7. Load the complete program to the controller.
- 8. Test the program using the vacuum suction gripper (VGR).
- 9. Monitor the program online and correct any errors.
- 10. Save and archive the project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task06_MultiProcessingMPO.

Programming information

Information on pulse width modulation (PWM):

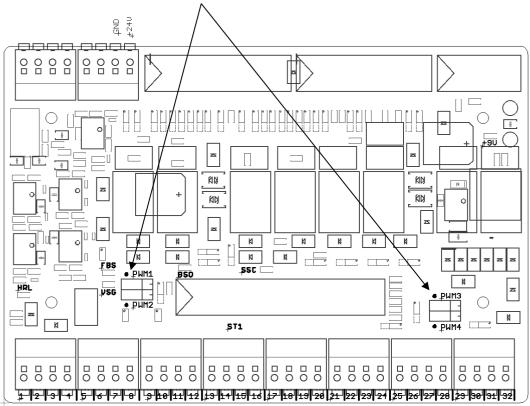
The bi-directional motors for the turntable and for horizontal movement of the vacuum on the linear axis are controlled by relays and can be fed either directly via 24V of the actuators, or via the associated PWM terminals 1 and 3.

	Multi-processing (MPO)	station
PWM 1	Turntable	
PWM 2	- not assigned -	
PWM 3	Suction (Horizontal)	
PWM 4	Oven pusher	

Assigning the PWM jumper:

The jumpers should be inserted on the left for PWM for this task. The motors are controlled via a relay and supplied with power via the associated PWM terminals.

The jumpers are on the adapter board



You can specify whole numbers (integer format) on the outputs for the PWM signals in the PLC program, and thereby control the speed.

Programming task 7: Automated high-bay warehouse (HBW); sequence with pulse width modulation (PWM) and positioning function with encoder

Task:

The automated high-bay warehouse (HBW) station is designed to move a pallet from the top front position (position A1) and set it on the conveyor belt.

The motors for stacker crane movements are controlled via a relay and supplied with power via the associated PWM terminals. The motor speed can be set using the output signals from pulse width modulation (PWM). The encoder should be used to precisely position the axes.

Press the START button to start the process. First, the stacker crane moves the cantilever to the rear, then at the same time to the reference switch horizontally and forward out of the storage area, as well as upward vertically. In this reference position, positioning values are set to a reference value of 0.

Then the stacker crane moves to the front top position (position A1) to extend. There, the cantilever is extended to move the vertical axis up briefly to lift the pallet. The cantilever will then move back.

Then the stacker crane will move to the discharge position on the conveyor belt. There, the cantilever is extended once again to move the vertical axis down briefly to set down the pallet.

The cantilever then moves back, while the conveyor belt transports the pallet to the light barrier at the outside end of the belt. The pallet must be removed manually before the process can be started once again. Press the STOP button to stop the process.

The program should be created in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL).

To shorten the time for a production cycle, complete multiple actions at the same time in a single step if possible. The signals for pulse width modulation (PWM) should not be specified in the steps of the sequence, but rather in subsequent ongoing operation.

Planning

- In the TIA Portal, open the projectLearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task01_HWConf and save it under the name LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task07_HighBayWarehouseHBW.
- Copy the global variable table HBW automated high-bay warehouse, as shown in programming task 1, from the library Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V and insert it into your project.
- 3. Under programming modules, create a **Positioning** group and insert a wake alarm OB **Cyclic Interrupt [OB30]** there according to the programming information with a cycle of 1000 μs. Read in the Encoder inputs in the sub-process screen for this wake alarm OB.
- 4. Copy the library module **FB_INC_DEC** for encoder evaluation from the library **Library_LearningFactory_4.0_24V** and insert it into your project in the **Positioning** group.
- 5. Create a global data block **Positioning [DB90]** in the **Positioning** group with a global variable for position (INT) and direction (BOOL) for the horizontal and vertical axis.
- Access and activate the module FB_INC_DEC for encoder evaluation in the wake alarm OB Cyclic Interrupt
 [OB30] for both the horizontal and vertical axes.
- 7. Check whether the jumpers for the power supply to the bi-directional motors are inserted so that they are fed via the associated PWM terminals 1, 2.3 and 4.
- 8. As shown in programming task 1, add all input/output signals and the values from the global data block Positioning [DB90] to the observation tables. Check the functions of the I/O signals and encoder analysis with the help of the observation table, and determine position values for the positions required in the program.
- 9. Create a library-capable code module with the sequence in the programming language structured text (ST or SCL).
- 10. Create a new organisational module Main [OB1] in the programming language Structured Text (ST or SCL), access the library-capable code module there and connect these with global variables.
- 11. Load the complete program to the controller.
- 12. Test the program using the automated high-bay warehouse (HBW).
- 13. Monitor the program online and correct any errors.
- 14. Save and archive the project LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task07_HighBayWarehouseHBW.

Programming information

Information on pulse width modulation (PWM):

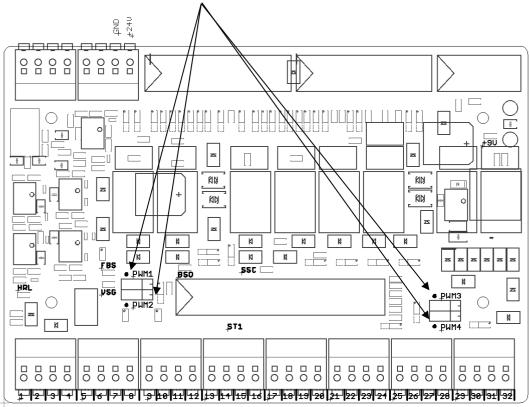
The bi-directional motors for the cantilever, for the conveyor belt, for the horizontal axis and the vertical axis are controlled by relays and can be fed either directly via 24V of the actuators, or via the associated PWM terminals 1, 2.3 and 4.

	High-bay (HBW)	warehouse
PWM 1	Conveyor belt	
PWM 2	X(Horizontal)	
PWM 3	Y(Vertical)	
PWM 4	Cantilever	

Assigning the PWM jumper:

The jumpers should be inserted on the left for PWM for this task. The motors are controlled via a relay and supplied with power via the associated PWM terminals.

The jumpers are on the adapter board

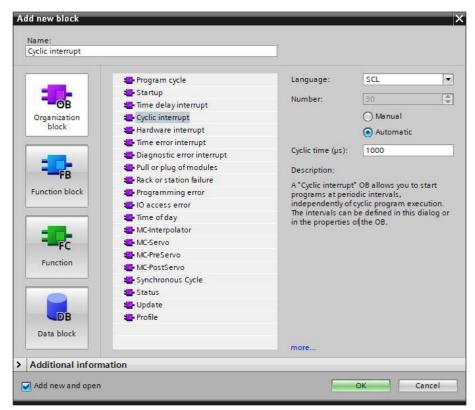


You can specify whole numbers (integer format) on the outputs for the PWM signals in the PLC program, and thereby control the speed.



Information on creating a wake alarm OB and reading in the encoder inputs

Wake alarm OBs can be used to start program components at equidistant time intervals and read in inputs accordingly. Create a wake alarm OB with a 1ms cycle time as follows:



The settings must be changed so that inputs in the sub-process screen (TPA 1) for this wake alarm OB must be

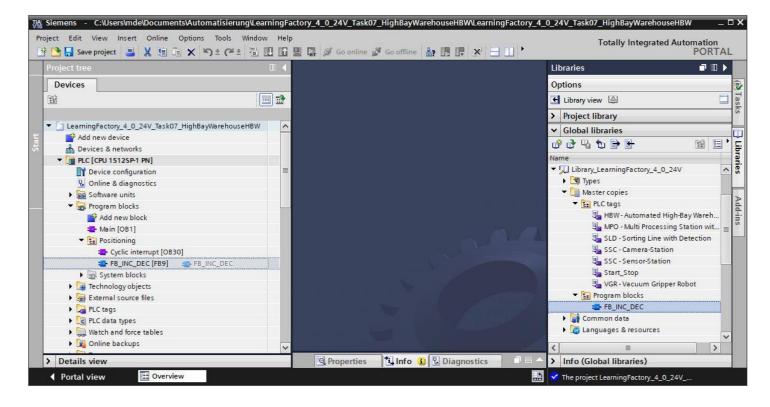
g\LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task07_HighBayWarehouseHBW\LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task07_HighBayWareho Totally Integrated Auto nation PORTAL 🖥 🛄 🛅 🔛 🖬 🖋 Go online 💋 Go 📑 🎦 🗟 Save project 🛛 🗸 🏦 🏗 🗙 🌱 き (ぞき W . 🖬 🖬 > Devices 🚰 Topology view 🔒 Network view 🕅 De Hardware 🔐 PLC [CPU 1512SP-1 PN] 💽 🛄 🔛 🔛 🖳 🤤 🛨 EN LearningFactory_4_0_24V_Task07_HighBay 0012 0034 0056 0011 00152 0023 012 034 03 06 NIN 64 catalog Add new device ev. A Devices & networks PLC [CPU 1512SP-1 PN]
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 A Technology objects
 A External source files - (Automatic undate) PLC tags
 PLC data types in [OB1] . Watch and force tables
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 Conc General IO tags System constants Texts General DI Configuration I/O addresses FLC alarm text lists Local modules · Channel template Input addresses Ungrouped devices Inputs Input 0 - 7 Start address General 🚰 Add new 🗸 🗙 Cross-device function End address: 🕨 🙀 Common data Configuration Organization block: Cyclic interrupt Process image: TPA 1 Inputs
 I/O addresses > Details view Portal vie B PLC .

read in for the assemblies for encoder inputs.

Information on positioning with the encoder and fischertechnik library module FB_INC_DEC

In this programming task, tracks A+B and pulses 1 and 2 for the encoders must be recorded for the horizontal and vertical axes in a wake alarm organizational module with a cycle time of 1ms, in order to ensure precise positioning even with high speed movements.

A module **FB_INC_DEC** has already been provided in the available library **Library_LearningFactory_4_0_24V** for encoder evaluation. It can simply be copied from there into the project.



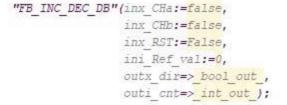


The module **FB_INC_DEC** for encoder evaluation assesses the pulses for the two channels at the inputs **#inx_CHa** and **#inx_CHb**.

This is used to determine the direction **#outx_dir** and a position value **#outi_cnt** and provide these as outputs. The input **#inx_RST** can be used to reset the position value to a reference value **#ini_REF_val**.

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	Block interface
	<pre>1 1 2 #lx_axb := #inx_CHa XOR #inx_CHb; 3 (* create pulses for channel a *) 4 #lx_clka := #inx_CHa XOR #lx_edgea; 5 #lx_edgea := #inx_CHa XOR #lx_edgea; 6 (* create pulses for channel b *) 7 #lx_clkb := #inx_CHb; XOR #lx_edgeb; 8 #lx_edgeb := #inx_CHb; 9 (* create pulses for both channels *) 10 #lx_clka := #lx_clka OR #lx_clkb; 11 (* set the direction output *) 12 DIF #lx_axb AND #lx_clka THEN 13 #lx_dir := TRUE; 14 END_IF; 15 DIF #lx_axb AND #lx_dir THEN 16 #li_cnt := #li_cnt + l; 21 END_IF; 22 DIF #lx_clka AND #lx_dir THEN 23 #li_cnt := #li_cnt - l; 24 END_IF; 25 (* reset the counter if rst active *) 26 DIF #inx_RST THEN 27 #li_cnt := #lx_dir; 30 #outi_cnt := #li_cnt; 31 </pre>
	Ln: 31 Cl: 1 INS 100%

The module **FB_INC_DEC** for encoder evaluation should be accessed and activated in a wake alarm OB for both the horizontal and vertical axes.



The position values can be determined for the positions required in the program by activating the individual axes and monitoring the position values in the observation table. The reference position in each case is 0.



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